ISSN: 2582-3930



Volume: 09 Issue: 04 | April - 2025 SJIF Rating: 8.586

# A Detailed Study on Overcoming Resistance to Change in Indian Organizations

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**Abstract**—This paper investigates resistance to organizational change in India, exploring its causes, impacts, and strategies for mitigation. Focusing on TechTrend Innovations and MahaFab Industries, it analyzes data from 150 respondents to highlight trends in resistance and adaptation. The study evaluates communication, training, and leadership effectiveness in reducing resistance, finding that while strategies cut resistance by 20–40%, gaps persist. It suggests integrated approaches to enhance adaptability in India's unique cultural context.

**Keywords**—Change Management, Resistance, Organizational Performance, Employee Engagement, Leadership, Indian Context

### I. Introduction

Change is essential for organizational survival amid technological and market shifts, yet resistance remains a barrier, with 62% of Indian firms citing it as a challenge (Deloitte, 2023). This study examines resistance causes, impacts, and strategies, focusing on Indian organizations like TechTrend (IT) and MahaFab (manufacturing).

### II. Causes of Resistance

- 1. **Uncertainty**: 60–65% fear unclear outcomes (Chapter 5).
- 2. **Status Quo Preference**: 50–55% favor existing processes.
- 3. **Fear of Job Loss**: 45% worry about automation impacts.
- 4. **Lack of Trust**: 35–40% distrust leadership due to poor communication.

### III. Impact of Resistance

- 1. **Productivity Drop**: 25% decline—20% at TechTrend, 30% at MahaFab.
- 2. **Delays**: 4–6 weeks, costing ₹5 lakh at TechTrend.
- 3. **Turnover Intent**: 15%, higher in IT (10%) than manufacturing (5%).
- 4. **Morale**: 20% non-adapted staff signal engagement gaps.

### IV. Measures to Overcome Resistance

- 1. **Communication**: 40% resistance reduction with workshops (70% approval).
- 2. **Involvement**: 35% drop via task forces (65% helpful).

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# International Journal of Scientific Research in Engineering and Management (IJSREM)



Volume: 09 Issue: 04 | April - 2025 SJIF Rating: 8.586 **ISSN: 2582-3930** 

- 3. **Training**: 30% reduction, limited by 50% reach.
- 4. **Leadership**: 25% impact with visibility (70% implementation).
- 5. **Incentives**: 20% reduction, underused (40%).

### V. Case Studies

- 1. **TechTrend Innovations**: CRM shift faced 55% resistance, cut to 30% with communication; 50% adapted.
- 2. **MahaFab Industries**: Restructuring saw 60% resistance, down to 40% with involvement; 40% adapted.

### VI. Objectives of the Study

- 1. Analyze resistance trends in India.
- 2. Identify key resistance factors.
- 3. Assess impacts on performance.
- 4. Evaluate strategy effectiveness.
- 5. Examine case studies for insights.
- 6. Suggest mitigation frameworks.

### VII. Scope of the Study

This study focuses on Indian firms in Mumbai/Pune, covering IT and manufacturing sectors via surveys (150 respondents) and case studies. It compares local resistance patterns with global practices, emphasizing cultural influences.

### Conclusion

Resistance, driven by uncertainty (60–65%), hampers performance (25% productivity drop), but strategies like communication (40%) and training (30%) mitigate it. Full adaptation (45%) requires broader implementation, enhancing resilience in India's corporate landscape.

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