

# **A Study of Association of Demographics with the Awareness About Innovation Management of Employees Working in Various It Companies: With Reference to Employees of It Companies Located in Pune Region of Maharashtra District**

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## **Abstract**

In IT companies, various techniques are used to create awareness about innovation management amongst the employees working at different levels. The main objectives of the study are to understand the demographic profile of the employees working in It companies located in Pune and to understand whether there is any association between the demographics and awareness about the innovation management. Chi square test revealed that there is no association between demographic profile of respondents and awareness about innovation management.

## **Introduction**

Software Industry has observed paradigm shift in their working style for last two decades. With various tools and techniques to share the information, databases and maintain a centralized database at a low cost, it has facilitated various IT companies to take benefit of innovation management. This has kicked off IT industry in India way back.

## **Literature Review**

Over the last decades, there has been growing interest to do research on innovation management as many authors been discussing an immediate effect on competitive edge of companies worldwide (Albach,1989;Wheelwrite and Clark, 1992; Cooper,2001).Innovation management depends on specific contextual fators that will guide the flexibility of strategic choices according to current demand patterns(Ortt & Van der Duin, 2008)Also, there is a need to bring break-through innovations to market before competitors do(Crawford, 1997; Lu thje,2007).

## **Research Objectives**

1. To understand the demographic profile of employees working in IT companies located in Pune region of Maharashtra state.
2. To understand the association between demographics and awareness about innovation management.

## **Research Methodology**

The study is based on the primary data collected through a structured questionnaire from employees of IT companies working in Pune region of Maharashtra state. Random sampling method was adopted for identifying 300 sample respondents from various parts of Pune region. Chi square test is used to for checking association of demographics with awareness about innovation management.

## Hypothesis

H01: -There is no significant association between gender and awareness about innovation management

H02: -There is no significant association between age and awareness about innovation management

H03: -There is no significant association between monthly income and awareness about innovation management

H04: -There is no significant association between Experience and innovation management

Data Analysis, hypothesis testing and Interpretation

**H01: -There is no significant relation between gender and awareness about innovation management**

**Case Processing Summary**

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
Gender * Awareness	300	100.0%	0	0.0%	300	100.0%

**Gender \* Awareness Crosstabulation**

		Awareness		Total
		Yes	No	
Gender	Male	Count	82	167
		% within Gender	49.1%	100.0%
		% within Awareness	61.2%	55.7%
	Female	% of Total	27.3%	55.7%
		Count	52	133
		% within Gender	39.1%	100.0%
Total	Male	% within Awareness	38.8%	44.3%
		% of Total	17.3%	44.3%
		Count	134	300
	Female	% within Gender	44.7%	100.0%
		% within Awareness	100.0%	100.0%
		% of Total	44.7%	100.0%

**Chi-Square Tests**

	Value	Df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)	Exact Sig. (2-sided)	Exact Sig. (1-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.998 <sup>a</sup>	1	.083		
Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup>	2.607	1	.106		
Likelihood Ratio	3.008	1	.083		
Fisher's Exact Test				.102	.053
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.988	1	.084		
N of Valid Cases	300				

a. 0 cells (0.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 59.41.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

Pearson Chi square value of 2.998 and  $p > 0.05$  shows that there is no statistically significant association between gender and Innovation management

#### Symmetric Measures

		Value	Approx. Sig.
Nominal by Nominal	Phi	.100	.083
	Cramer's V	.100	.083
N of Valid Cases		300	

a. Not assuming the null hypothesis.

b. Using the asymptotic standard error assuming the null hypothesis.

#### H 02:-There is no significant association between age and awareness about innovation management

##### Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
Age * Innovation_Awareness	300	100,0%	0	0,0%	300	100,0%

##### Age \* Innovation\_Awareness Crosstabulation

Age			Innovation_Awareness		Total
			Yes	No	
Age	Between 20 to 30	Count	57	38	95
		% within Age	60,0%	40,0%	100,0%
		% within Innovation_Awareness	28,4%	38,4%	31,7%
		% of Total	19,0%	12,7%	31,7%
		Count	107	39	146
	Between 31 to 40	% within Age	73,3%	26,7%	100,0%
		% within Innovation_Awareness	53,2%	39,4%	48,7%
		% of Total	35,7%	13,0%	48,7%
		Count	27	20	47
	Between 41 to 50	% within Age	57,4%	42,6%	100,0%
		% within Innovation_Awareness	13,4%	20,2%	15,7%
		% of Total	9,0%	6,7%	15,7%
		Count	10	2	12
	Above 51	% within Age	83,3%	16,7%	100,0%
		% within Innovation_Awareness	5,0%	2,0%	4,0%
		% of Total	3,3%	0,7%	4,0%
		Count	201	99	300
	Total	% within Age	67,0%	33,0%	100,0%
		% within Innovation_Awareness	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%
		% of Total	67,0%	33,0%	100,0%

##### Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	8,104 <sup>a</sup>	3	,044

Likelihood Ratio	8,242	3	,041
Linear-by-Linear Association	,886	1	,347
N of Valid Cases	300		

a. 1 cells (12,5%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3,96.

**Symmetric Measures**

		Value	Approx. Sig.
Nominal by Nominal	Phi	,164	,044
	Cramer's V	,164	,044
N of Valid Cases		300	

Pearson Chi square value of 8.104 and p>0.05 shows that there is no statistically significant association between age and awareness about Innovation management

**H03:-There is no significant association between monthly income and awareness about innovation management**
**Case Processing Summary**

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
Monthly_Income * Innovation_Awareness	300	100,0%	0	0,0%	300	100,0%

**Monthly\_Income \* Innovation\_Awareness Crosstabulation**

Monthly_Income			Innovation_Awareness		Total
			Yes	No	
Upto 30000	Count		23	26	49
	% within Monthly_Income		46,9%	53,1%	100,0%
	% within Innovation_Awareness		13,2%	20,6%	16,3%
	% of Total		7,7%	8,7%	16,3%
	Count		78	53	131
	% within Monthly_Income		59,5%	40,5%	100,0%
	% within Innovation_Awareness		44,8%	42,1%	43,7%
	% of Total		26,0%	17,7%	43,7%
	Count		64	34	98
	% within Monthly_Income		65,3%	34,7%	100,0%
Between 30000 to 50000	% within Innovation_Awareness		36,8%	27,0%	32,7%
	% of Total		21,3%	11,3%	32,7%
	Count		9	13	22
	% within Monthly_Income		40,9%	59,1%	100,0%
	% within Innovation_Awareness		5,2%	10,3%	7,3%
Above 70000	% of Total		3,0%	4,3%	7,3%
	Count		174	126	300
	% within Monthly_Income		58,0%	42,0%	100,0%
	% within Innovation_Awareness		100,0%	100,0%	100,0%
	% of Total		58,0%	42,0%	100,0%
Total					

**Chi-Square Tests**

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7,374 <sup>a</sup>	3	,061
Likelihood Ratio	7,335	3	,062
Linear-by-Linear Association	,508	1	,476
N of Valid Cases	300		

a. 0 cells (0,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 9,24.

**Symmetric Measures**

		Value	Approx. Sig.
Nominal by Nominal	Phi	,157	,061
	Cramer's V	,157	,061
N of Valid Cases		300	

Pearson Chi square value of 7.374 and p>0.05 shows that there is no statistically significant association between Monthly income and awareness about Innovation management

**H04:-There is no significant association between Experience and awareness about innovation management**
**Case Processing Summary**

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
Experience * Innovation_Awareness	300	100,0%	0	0,0%	300	100,0%

**Experience \* Innovation\_Awareness Crosstabulation**

			Innovation_Awareness		Total
			Yes	No	
Experience	Basic	Count	28	35	63
		% within Experience	44,4%	55,6%	100,0%
		% within Innovation_Awareness	16,1%	27,8%	21,0%
	Moderate	% of Total	9,3%	11,7%	21,0%
		Count	80	57	137
		% within Experience	58,4%	41,6%	100,0%
Total	Advanced	% within Innovation_Awareness	46,0%	45,2%	45,7%
		% of Total	26,7%	19,0%	45,7%
		Count	66	34	100
	Total	% within Experience	66,0%	34,0%	100,0%
		% within Innovation_Awareness	37,9%	27,0%	33,3%
		% of Total	22,0%	11,3%	33,3%
		Count	174	126	300
		% within Experience	58,0%	42,0%	100,0%

% within Innovation_Awareness % of Total	100,0% 58,0%	100,0% 42,0%	100,0% 100,0%
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**Chi-Square Tests**

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7,388 <sup>a</sup>	2	,025
Likelihood Ratio	7,368	2	,025
Linear-by-Linear Association	7,065	1	,008
N of Valid Cases	300		

a. 0 cells (0,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 26,46.

**Symmetric Measures**

	Value	Approx. Sig.
Nominal by Nominal	Phi	,157
	Cramer's V	,157
N of Valid Cases	300	,025

Pearson Chi square value of 7.388 and p>0.05 shows that there is no statistically significant association between experience and awareness about innovation management

**Conclusion**

Based on the survey results and analysis, it is found that there is no association between demographic profile of the employees working in IT companies located in Pune region of Maharashtra state and awareness about innovation management.

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