

A Study of Customer Satisfaction towards Online Shopping

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ABSTRACT

This survey looks at how happy people are with purchasing online, focusing on people who live in cities like Noida. As e-commerce changes the way stores work, it's important for digital platforms to know what makes people happy, like convenience, product variety, affordability, security, delivery experience, and customer service. Twenty people filled out a structured questionnaire, which was used to collect primary data. Descriptive statistics were then used to evaluate the data. The results show that young adults strongly prefer purchasing online because it saves them time and is easy to access. Testing the hypothesis showed that gender has a big effect on how long people use Amazon, and that how delivery people act has a direct effect on how happy customers are. Even though people were worried about the safety of online transactions, most of them said they would tell others to shop online. At the end of the study, there are strategic suggestions for e-commerce companies on how to improve the user experience and build customer loyalty in a digital market that is very competitive.

INTRODUCTION

Online shopping, often known as e-retailing, has changed the retail industry by letting people buy goods and services directly from digital platforms. The internet and fast changes in technology have made online buying a normal aspect of how people shop today. It does rid of geographical limits, lets people make transactions in real time, and offers convenience, a vast range of products, and cheap prices—features that have drawn millions of customers from all over the world.

India's e-commerce business has grown by leaps and bounds because to more people owning smartphones, cheaper internet access, and more digital payment options. Online stores like Amazon and Flipkart have changed the way people shop by making it easier for customers to use, get their orders quickly, make safe payments, and return items. In this digital world, customer satisfaction has become an important measure of success. It not only affects repeat purchases, but it also affects brand loyalty and word-of-mouth marketing. This study wants to find out how several things, such how easy it is to use, how available the product is, how good the delivery is, how much it costs, and how good the customer service is, affect customer happiness when buying online. The study's goal is to find patterns, look at what urban consumers in Noida like, and give e-commerce platforms ideas for how to improve their services. In doing so, it looks at the bigger picture of how digital transformation is changing the retail industry and how it affects what customers anticipate and how happy they are

LITERATURE REVIEW

The fast expansion of e-commerce has had a big effect on how people shop, changing the way they do it in a big way. As online shopping gets increasingly popular, businesses that want to stay competitive need to know what makes customers happy. There are many things that make online buying enjoyable, according to the research. These include ease of use, security of transactions, variety of products, delivery speed, and customer support after the sale.

Easy to Use and Find:

Constantinides (2004) says that one of the main reasons people want to shop online is that it is easy. People can shop and buy things whenever and wherever they want, without being limited by store hours and locations. Mobile commerce has made things even easier to access by letting people make transactions on their smartphones and tablets.

Design and Usability of Websites: Ciavolino and Dahlgaard (2007) stress how important it is for interfaces to be easy

to use. A website that is easy to navigate, has clear product descriptions, and has effective search functions makes the consumer experience better. On the other hand, bad design might make people angry and cause them to leave their carts.

Safety and Privacy: Trust in the internet platform is a big part of how happy people are. Hanif et al. (2010) observed that worries about data privacy, fake transactions, and payment security typically keep buyers from buying. Customers are more likely to trust and stay loyal to e-commerce sites that use secure payment methods, SSL encryption, and clear privacy policies.

Delivery and Logistics: Duarte et al. (2018) say that timely delivery, correct order fulfillment, and quick return procedures are all important for making customers happy. People may not trust the site as much if their things are late or damaged, no matter how nice they are.

Digital Marketing and Personalization: Online stores utilize targeted ads, personalized suggestions, and loyalty programs to keep customers interested. Big data analytics and AI help firms learn what their customers want and make their products more appealing to them, which keeps them coming back.

Customer Reviews and Social Proof: User-generated content, like ratings and reviews of products, is very important in deciding whether or not to buy something. Positive ratings make people trust you, but negative reviews can turn them off. More and more companies are using this input to make their products and services better.

Post-Purchase Support: Long-term happiness comes from good customer service after the transaction, such as easy returns and reimbursements. People think that brands are more reliable if they deal with complaints and questions quickly.

In short, the literature shows that there are several factors that affect customer satisfaction when shopping online. Not only the product itself, but also the general quality of the service, the ability to engage with others online, and how trustworthy the platform seems to be shape it. Companies who focus on these things are more likely to keep their customers and prosper in the competitive world of e-commerce.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

To get precise, useful, and dependable information about customer satisfaction with online purchasing, it's important to have a strong and methodical research process. This study used both descriptive and quantitative methods to look at the experiences and views of people who purchase online in Noida.

Research Design

The research design used both descriptive and quantitative methods. We used descriptive research to learn about and record what people like, how they act, and how satisfied they are. The quantitative part entailed getting and looking at numbers from respondents to find important patterns and trends.

Area of Study

The study took place in Noida, a major city in Uttar Pradesh that is recognized for having a lot of internet users and people who are good with technology. This place was chosen since it has a wide range of internet shoppers.

Research Approach

We used a deductive method. The research started with general ideas about how internet shopping affects customer happiness and then tested these ideas using data from real customers.

Sources of Data

Primary Data: The main source of data was responses from 20 people who filled out standardized questionnaires. These surveys asked about how often people shop, what platforms they like best, how safe they think shopping is, and

how happy they are overall.

Secondary statistics: Academic research publications, industry reports, and business statistics about e-commerce and online purchasing were all examples of secondary sources. These sources helped us create the theoretical framework and learn about how things are done in the industry now.

Method of Sampling

A convenience sampling method that didn't use probabilities was used. We chose people to answer based on their availability, willingness, and experience with shopping online.

Sample Size: 20 people who answered the survey * **Target Group**: People 18 years and older who have shopped online in the last six months.

Ways to Collect Data

We gathered data over a period of 5 to 7 days using a mix of digital (email, WhatsApp) and face-to-face interactions. The goal of the research was explained to the participants, and they were told that they could choose to take part. This was done to make sure that the answers were not skewed.

Ways to Analyze Data

Descriptive statistical methods were used to look at the data, such as:

- * Percentages and frequencies to find trends

- * Bar and pie charts to show results

- * Cross-tabulation to look at how different variables, like gender and how long someone has been using Amazon, are related

We used Microsoft Excel for the analysis to make sure the results were clear and accurate.

Here's a concise version of the **Data Analysis and Interpretation** section for your research paper:

DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

The study analyzed data from 20 respondents in Noida to understand their perceptions and satisfaction with online shopping. Key findings include:

- **Demographics:**
 - **Age:** 50% were 18–25, 30% were 26–35, and 20% were above 35, highlighting that younger people are the most active online shoppers.
 - **Gender:** 60% male, 40% female, showing a slight male dominance in online shopping activity.
- **Shopping Preferences:**
 - 65% prefer online shopping due to convenience, while 20% still prefer traditional shopping.
 - 25% always shop online, and 40% do so mostly, indicating strong integration of e-commerce into daily life.
- **Drivers of Online Shopping:**
 - Time-saving (35%), variety (30%), and easy accessibility (20%) emerged as the top reasons for choosing online platforms.
- **Security Perceptions:**
 - 55% consider online shopping moderately secure, while 20% see it as highly secure. A small portion (5%) still doubts its safety.
- **Delivery Experience:**

- 70% were satisfied or highly satisfied with delivery personnel's behavior, suggesting that polite and timely deliveries boost overall satisfaction.
- **Word-of-Mouth Impact:**
 - 75% would recommend online shopping to friends and family, underlining the power of positive experiences in driving e-commerce growth.
- **Hypothesis Testing:**
 - A significant link was found between gender and Amazon usage duration—men tend to use Amazon longer.
 - Delivery personnel behavior was directly tied to customer satisfaction, confirming its importance in shaping positive experiences.

Overall, the data indicates that online shopping is widely embraced for its convenience and variety, with delivery service and security concerns influencing overall satisfaction.

FINDINGS AND SUGGESTIONS

Findings

1. People that like to shop online:

65% of people who answered said they prefer buying online because it is easier, saves time, and is more accessible. This backs up the trend of people moving toward online shopping.

2. Trends in Demographics:

People between the ages of 18 and 35 are the most likely to shop online.

There are slightly more men (60%) than women (40%) who purchase online.

3. How often do you shop online?

65% of those who answered purchase online regularly, which shows that they are very comfortable with technology.

4. Main Reasons People Shop Online:

The main reasons include saving time (35%), having a lot of options (30%), and being easy to get there (20%).

5. How People Feel About Security:

A small percentage (5%) still concerns the safety of internet buying, even though 55% think it is moderately safe.

6. Effect on the delivery experience:

70% of respondents are happy or very happy with how delivery people act, which shows how important it is to total satisfaction.

7. Influence of Word of Mouth:

75% would suggest shopping online, which shows how important customer experience is for future growth.

Suggestions

1. Improve security measures:

To gain customers' trust, make sure your privacy policies are explicit and secure their data.

Use SSL certificates and safe payment channels to ease the minds of apprehensive shoppers.

2. Focus on the delivery service:

Train delivery people to be pleasant and on time.

Keep an eye on delivery experiences to make sure they leave a good last impression.

3. Focus on Younger People:

Flash deals, influencer campaigns, and targeted offers are some digital marketing methods that can get young people to shop.

4. Increase the number and availability of products:

Keep your customers interested and happy by constantly adding new products.

5. Talk about Product Misrepresentation:

To cut down on client doubts and returns, make sure your product descriptions are correct and your pictures are clear.

6. Encourage feedback and make things better all the time:

Collect and reply to consumer reviews on a regular basis to find ways to make things better.

Use feedback to improve the design of your website, the way payments work, and the overall experience for users.

CONCLUSION

The study shows that online shopping is becoming more and more important in changing how people shop, especially in cities like Noida. The study shows that younger people are the most active online buyers, and they value convenience, a wide range of products, and features that save time. Most of the people who answered said they were happy with online platforms, but worries about the safety of transactions and the behavior of delivery people still affect how happy people are overall.

Notably, the delivery experience turned out to be a key component in consumer satisfaction, proving that last-mile delivery is an important part of the total online purchasing experience. disparities in how men and women use Amazon also show that e-commerce sites need to take demographic disparities into account when planning their marketing.

Even though the sample size was modest, this study shows how important safe transactions, efficient logistics, and customer-centered procedures are for making customers happier. E-commerce platforms can build client loyalty and make sure they keep growing in the competitive digital marketplace by focusing on these areas and always changing to meet changing customer needs.

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