

AgriTech: An Advanced Agricultural Portal for Enhanced Crop Production Worldwide Using Machine Learning

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ABSTRACT:

An Agricultural Portal is a forefront platform propelled to boost crop yields through offering farmers an easy reach of agricultural information, resources and tools. The portal is composed of various features such as weather forecasts, pests and diseases management advice, soil health check-ups, crop planning tools and updates on market prices. This makes it provide much detail more than the promotional document which has very little information even to the beginner in the agriculture field about its operation. The development, deployment processes and some functional uses are discussed in this technical document. We manage to cover productivity issues only as our main focus but we never miss to touch on better decision making among farmers that almost always results in increased profitability for them. A strong technology base has been used in its construction so that it can be easily adopted by people from different regions and with varying acreage amounts. It has also developed usable interfaces that can be employed by users on smartphones or tablets regardless of their skill levels . As opposed to various portals concerning agriculture which represent a new level in agro-technical systems those under consideration have enough resource to make farming safer for peasants, exchange experience between them and raise their income performing easy access to necessary information and resources only visual digital.

KEYWORDS:

Agricultural portal; Machine Learning; Crop production; Farmers; User-friendly.

INTRODUCTION:

Although agriculture plays a critical role in the provision of food and income security worldwide, it encounters various forms of hurdles such as climate change, ecology threatening diseases, soil depletion or degradation, and frequent price fluctuations. To solve the above issues there is need for technology that are innovative to improve production as well as sustainability. The Agricultural Portal is a highly advanced digital platform purposely created to offer farmers an uninterrupted connection to critical agricultural information, resources and tools. This includes but not limited to real-time weather updates, beneficial insects management tips, soil health monitoring devices along with crop scheduling software are all integrated into one user-friendly interface which will be elaborated in my paper. Reliability and features of the Agricultural Portal will be covered through creation and implementation review of this clarence . Such aspects as influence on farm operation development , importance for working processes improvement , contribution into fast decision-making process creation will be described in detail here. Technical structure of the given digital service platform is unique enough to tailor it according to peculiar needs of smallholder farmers across different regions. In

agricultural sector technology has taken a giant leap forward. It makes farmers access essential knowledge easier plus incorporating modern system can eventually bring about radical changes such as traditional ways farming is done leading to sustainable agriculture development as well as good crop production at global level. The necessary focus will be on discussing how such tech advancement could reshape agriculture sector entirely.

BACKGROUND:

Agriculture Portal being a next-gen platform is crafted to help farmers boost crop yields through online resources, tools and information on various farming aspects. The farmers get access to these resources through the various forms of the agriculture portal such as pest and diseases' management advice, use of soil health assessments, planning of crops and market price updates. This article gives a step by step account how the agricultural portal was created and launched as well as presents features it offers. It also discusses gains for farmers which are expressed in productivity growth, decision-making process enhancement, profitability increase. The portal has a solid technology base is being developed so that it can grown with its users while is easily deployed within different dimensions/sizes/locations where the farmers are working. The product ensures easy navigation from any smartphone or tablet by providing clear screen representation across all sizes of mobile devices. Acknowledged agro portals make an important contribution into agricultural technology development that may eventually lead to significant changes in farming sector by making essential information and resources widely available for the benefit of all concerned persons / parties

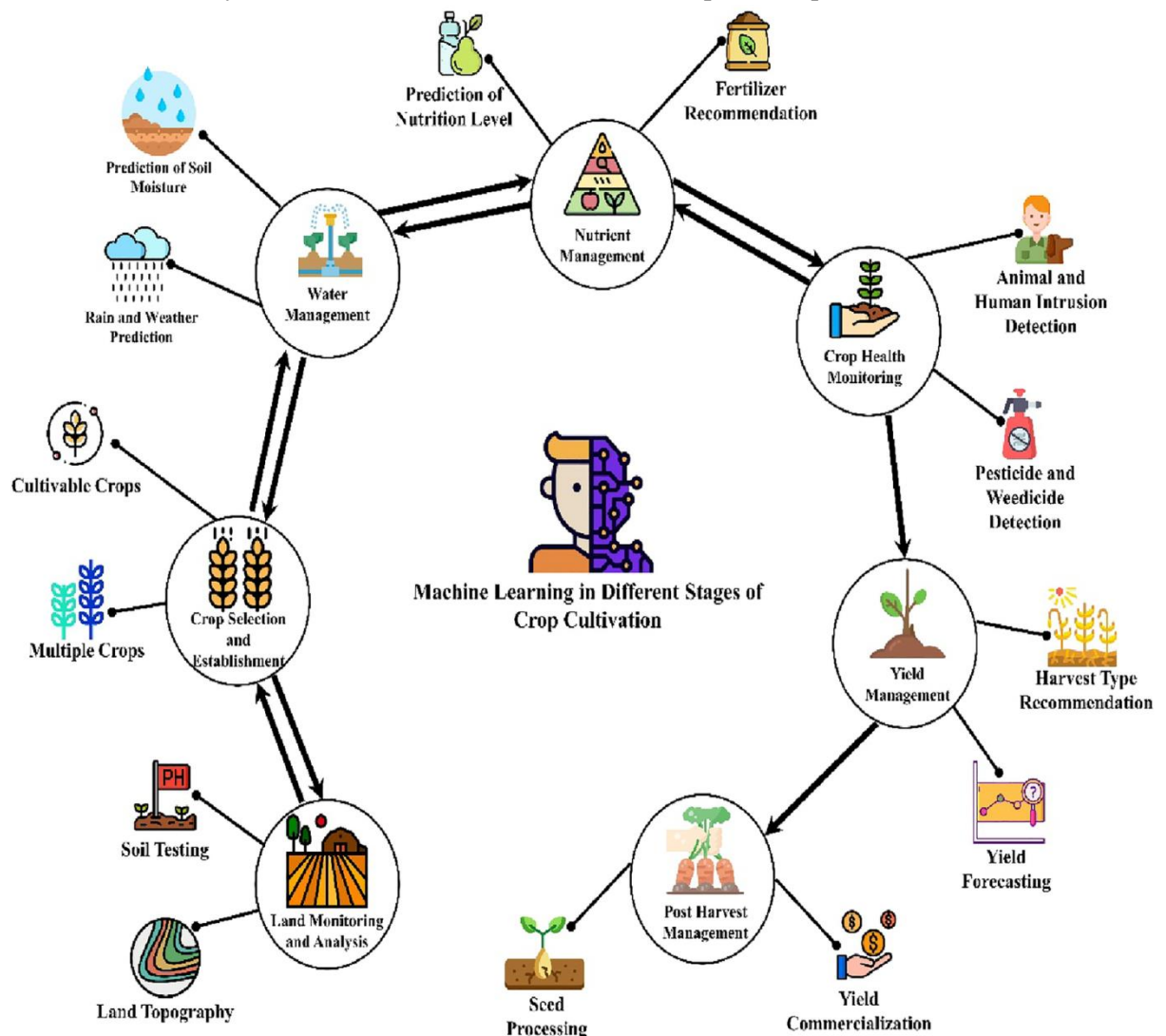


Figure I: ML in Crop Cultivation

OBJECTIVE OF APPLICATION:

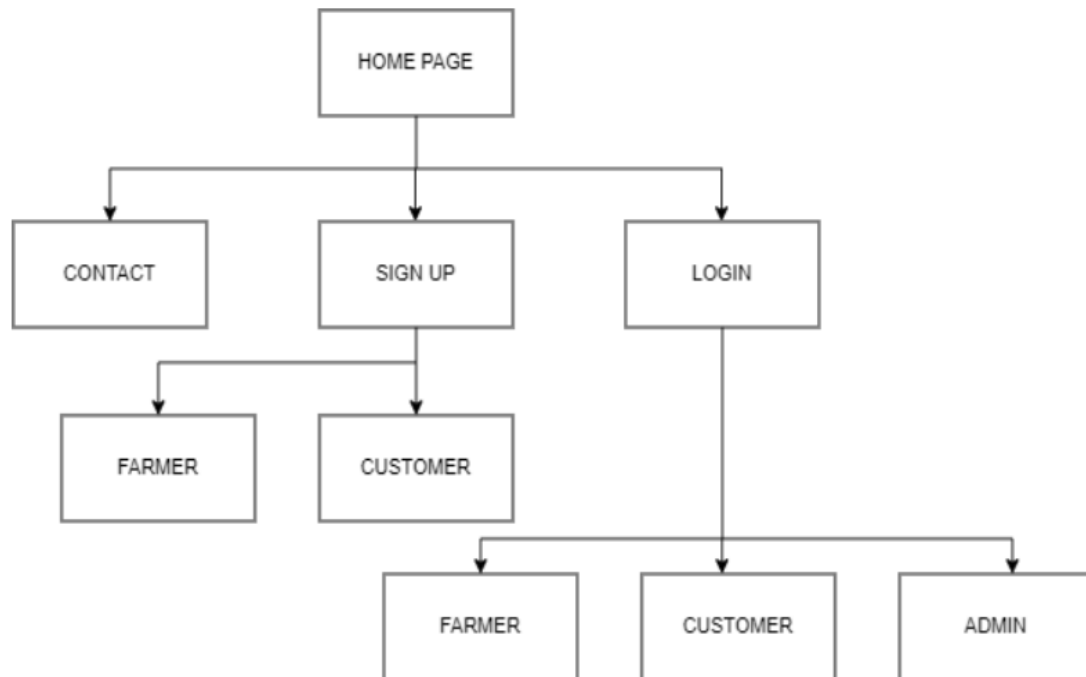


Figure II: Application flowchart

The main objective of our project is to boost agricultural practices with the aid of instruments that give value to farmers. The project will help farmers forecast weather and climate changes, hence it will also help to arrange a direct communication between farmers who have crops to sell and customers who need them. As shown in the above figure, Farmer's Assistance Portal is configured for the enhancement of crop production. Both farmers and customers are granted permission to log in to the portal and enjoy a variety of features customized for their requirements within their regions.

THE PROPOSED SYSTEM:

The system proposed herein is a web application created with HTML and Bootstrap4, it's purpose is to help the farmers offer their products directly to the consumers hence by passing intermediaries. The development of product as per this approach also testing devices can be done. Our interest in the application front-end design guarantees an easy and good looking user interface. After creation interface undergoes test for possible improvements as well as next steps towards enhancement. The platform had been structured in a manner that farmers and consumer get easy access to basic information and tools through which they can benefit from this feature at making informed decisions for increasing agricultural productivity as well as enhancing their livelihoods. Farm products could be listed, inventory controlled, sales monitored via the application by farmers. Consumers instead are able to check available goods, do price comparisons just to place order or buy goods straight from growers. By helping create an open and fair marketplace system, we hope that our platform will promote the economic status of farmers; cut down on expenses for consumers and assist in sustainable agricultural practices development

METHODOLOGY OF THE SYSTEM:

Steps in methodology

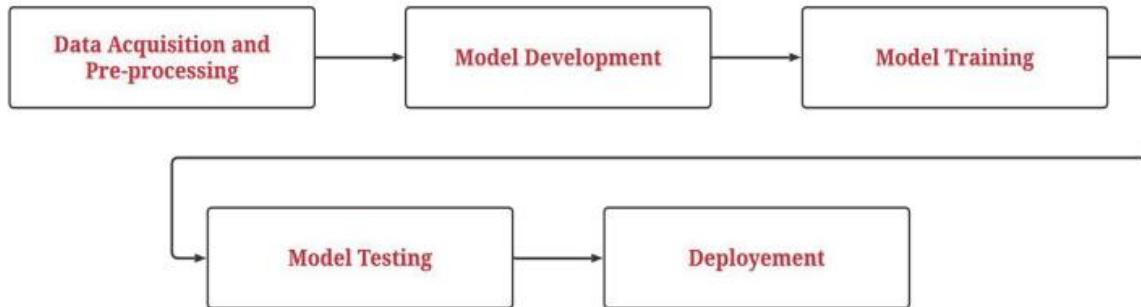


Figure III: Steps in methodology

A. Data Acquisition and Preprocessing: Initially, address the issue at hand and collect data from all possible sources. Next, comes the cleaning and preprocessing part which involves tasks as normalization and feature scaling will be done.

B. Model Development: Select proper machine learning algorithms depending on the type of problem and divide the data into training and validation sets. Define the model structure as well as set tuning hyperparameters to reach any objective.

C. Training Model: Train the model by optimization algorithms on the basis of the training data. Continuously tracking performance of model on validation set and doing adjustments to prevent overfitting or underfitting.

D. Testing Model: Assess a trained model via unseen test dataset for performance measurement. Compute metrics like accuracy, precision, recall, F1 score to evaluate its effectiveness and identify what needs to be improved.

Deployment: After you have trained the model, the next step is to deploy it. This could be done by packaging and integrating it into the target system. Next, do a deep testing in the production environment and watch its performance, updating as needed according to the real-world feedbacks.

Data Preparation: Once we have the dataset cleaned by removing missing values and low variance features, we also need to scale the data using a method called normalization. Normalization technique places all the data on a scale from 0 to 1

Methodology-preprocessing:

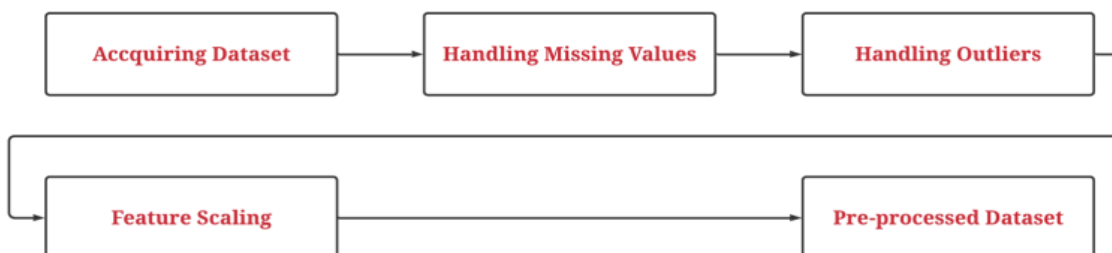


Figure IV: Methodology-preprocessing

A. **Acquiring Dataset:** Identify, gather and organize data from libraries, APIs or web scraping and make sure it is well structured of (e.g., CSV, JSON format).

B. Handling Missing Values :Recognize missing values(NaN/null) and come up with a method to fill the missing values . This will include measures like removing affected rows/columns, imputing values with measures of central tendency(median, mean, or mode), or using imputation techniques.

C. Dealing with Outliers:A good way to identify and visualize outliers is by using box plots. Dealing with outliers may involve eliminating them, transforming data to reduce their effects or using statistical methods that are robust.

D. Feature Scaling:Transform the features into a similar range so that particular learning algorithm will not neglect the features which have large values compared to others. There are various techniques such as Standardization (Zero mean, unit variance), Min-Max scaling (0 to 1 range) and more advanced robust scaling which can be used for this purpose.

Her: Preprocessed Dataset: A cleaned and preprocessed dataset in which all missing values are taken care of, outliers are managed, and features are scaled needs to be saved separately for making the model training process consistent and referring in the future.

PROCESS FOLLOWED :

You will be able to develop an agricultural portal by using machine learning (ML) technology, though there are many critical steps that are necessary for the portal to become effective and useful to farmers. To start with, market intelligence integration is a process of deploying ML algorithms in the analysis of the market dynamics which results into issuance of real-time data on the best timing and prices of crops. An important component of this system is implementation of ML models that make certain predictions regarding weather patterns, so farmers will be able get alerts and forecasts in time through such kind of portal. It helps integrate tasks like pest management, irrigation and other similar activities facilitating an unimpeded synchronization between practice implementation and current atmospheric state for better agribusiness productivity . Eventually/In fine/Lastly ,through ml algorithmic applications ,agronomic gist yea even implement new techniques are easily shared among farmer: much needed update on agriculture prompt skilled workers to remain current on ag leanings industry provide accessibly tools resources arrives at diversity instructional materials instruction manual hyperlinks ministrant innovations farmed he better dramatically improved methods effectively industry shifts changing.

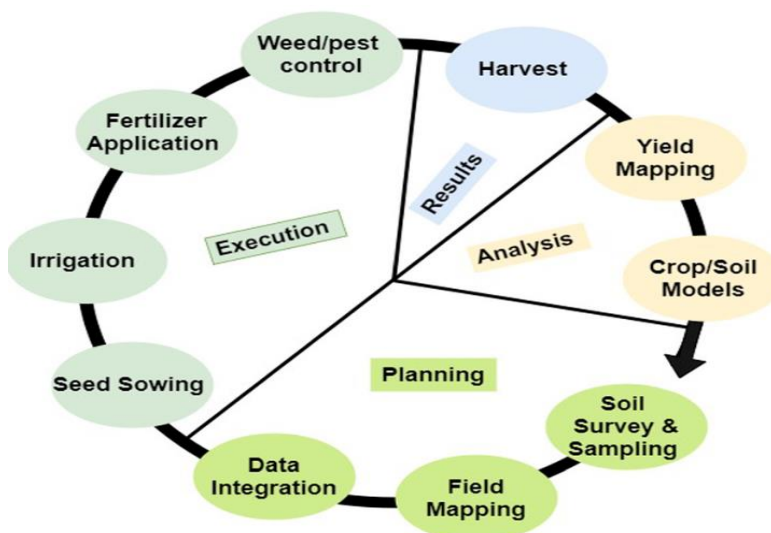


Figure V: Smart Agriculture Process

ALGORITHMS:

Our project involves the usage of a variety of machine learning algorithms for the solutions of multi-faceted problems that come on our way. Clustering, decision trees and ensemble methods like AdaBoost, Gradient Boosting were chosen specifically because they offer different ways to look at the data and learn the underlying structure. Clustering is not just about separating hyperplanes. Decision Trees are known to have top accuracy accompanied by their explainability. Nonetheless, each algorithm's plasticity lets us apply different approaches to get a desirable performance level. We stick to a detailed checking and trials so that our system can be reliable as well as adjustable in case of various situations and datasets.

CONCLUSION & FUTUREWORK:

His article describes a certain site based on the machine learning algorithms, which has been developed for the purpose of crop yield and weather forecasting as well as fertilization recommendations. Decision trees become prominent in this process by providing optimal predictions and giving farmers more information about their crops. Alongside this, the website provides information on the suitability of various crops in different agro-ecological zones and recommended fertilizers. Observations emphasize the high precision value of the Random Forest classifier regarding forecasts of weather conditions and recommendation of fertilizers for later application prompting efficient crop production management and cost minimization. The following improvements are expected to contribute to better usability such as development of versions in regional languages or an option for data uploading. Also, creating a recommender system that is all-encompassing about agricultural production and offers marketable goods could be critical in helping farmers get around complex tasks hence increasing their profits and sustainability.

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