

# AI Base Smart Alert System for Drowsy Driver Detection System

Amit Bhosale, Bendre Tanaya<sup>1</sup>, Madane Rutuja<sup>2</sup>, Kate Snehal<sup>3</sup>, Jadhav Bharti

<sup>4</sup>Khandekar Swapnali

## ABSTRACT

Drowsy driving is a significant cause of road accidents worldwide, posing a serious threat to driver safety and public well-being. To address this issue, this paper introduces an AI-based smart alert system designed to detect drowsy drivers and provide timely warnings to prevent potential accidents. The proposed system utilizes advanced machine learning techniques to analyze driver behavior, facial expressions, and physiological signals to accurately identify signs of drowsiness. By leveraging real-time data processing and intelligent algorithms, the system can promptly detect drowsiness indicators and activate appropriate alerts, ensuring driver attentiveness and mitigating potential risks. Experimental results demonstrate the effectiveness and reliability of the proposed AI-based smart alert system in enhancing road safety and reducing the occurrence of accidents due to drowsy driving.

## INTRODUCTION

Drowsy driving is a prevalent problem that contributes to numerous road accidents worldwide. Fatigue, lack of sleep, and extended driving periods significantly impair a driver's ability to concentrate, react promptly, and make informed decisions, making drowsy driving a grave concern for road safety. Traditional approaches, such as relying solely on driver self-assessment or time-based rest recommendations, are often inadequate in preventing accidents caused by drowsiness. Therefore, the development of an AI-based smart alert system capable of accurately detecting drowsiness in real-time can provide an effective solution to mitigate this issue.

**Objectives** The primary objective of this research is to design and implement an AI-based smart alert system for drowsy driver detection. The system aims to: Analyze various driver parameters, including facial expressions, eye movements, and physiological signals, to accurately assess drowsiness levels.

Utilize advanced machine learning algorithms to classify drowsiness indicators and differentiate them from normal driving behavior. Provide timely and customized alerts to drivers when drowsiness is detected, effectively preventing accidents caused by drowsy driving.

Enhance road safety and reduce the occurrence of accidents through proactive detection and intervention.

**Methodology**

**Data Collection** To train and validate the AI-based smart alert system, a comprehensive dataset comprising various driver attributes and driving scenarios is collected. The dataset includes video recordings of drivers' facial expressions and eye movements, along with physiological signals such as heart rate and electroencephalogram (EEG) measurements. Data is collected during both simulated and real-world driving conditions to ensure the system's robustness and adaptability.

**Feature Extraction and Selection**

The collected data undergoes preprocessing and feature extraction to identify relevant attributes for drowsiness detection. Facial landmarks, eye closure patterns, gaze direction, and physiological signals are extracted using computer vision and signal processing techniques. Statistical, frequency domain, and time-frequency analysis methods are employed to derive discriminative features that characterize drowsy and alert states.

**Machine Learning Algorithms**

Various machine learning algorithms, including deep neural networks, support vector machines, and decision trees, are explored to classify the extracted features and distinguish between drowsiness and wakefulness states. The algorithms are trained using labeled data and optimized through cross-validation to achieve high accuracy and reliability.

**LITERATURE SURVEY**

1] Driver Drowsiness Detection System and Techniques: A Review [3] Drowsiness detection can be divided into three main categories 1 Vehicle based 2

Behavioural based 3 Physiological based. shows the three different approaches for drowsiness detection. Drowsiness detection is based on these three parameters. A detailed review on these measures will provide insight on the present systems, issues associated with them and the enhancements that need to be done to make a robust system. Vehicle based measures: A number of metrics, including deviations from lane position, movement of the steering wheel, pressure on the acceleration pedal

2]. Drowsiness Detection of a Driver using Conventional Computer Vision Application In the proposed work, Smart Vehicle System (SVS) is implemented to detect the drowsiness and fatigue of a driver in real-time based on the image captured. The work is based on behavior analysis, high end camera installation and conventional algorithm to detect the possible coordinate to identify eyes and mouth. Existing state of art methods are computationally complex as compare to our proposed method. Based on real time data capturing and analysis eye blinking and yawn detection are considered important parameters to detect drowsiness and fatigue of the drive and ring the alarm accordingly. In future, wearable device should be proposed in order to identify the other parameters like BP, Pulse rate etc other than eye blinking and yawn to more accurately and efficiently detecting the drowsiness and fatigue of the driver to minimize the rate of road accidents.

3] Real-Time Driver-Drowsiness Detection System Using Facial Features WANGHUA DENG1 AND RUOXUE WU [5]

4] We propose a novel system for evaluating the driver's level of fatigue based on face tracking and facial key point detection. We design a new algorithm and propose the MC-KCF algorithm to track the driver's face using CNN and MTCNN to improve the original KCF algorithm. We define the facial regions of detection based on facial key points. Moreover, we introduce a new evaluation method for drowsiness based on the states of the eyes and mouth. Therefore, DriCare is almost a

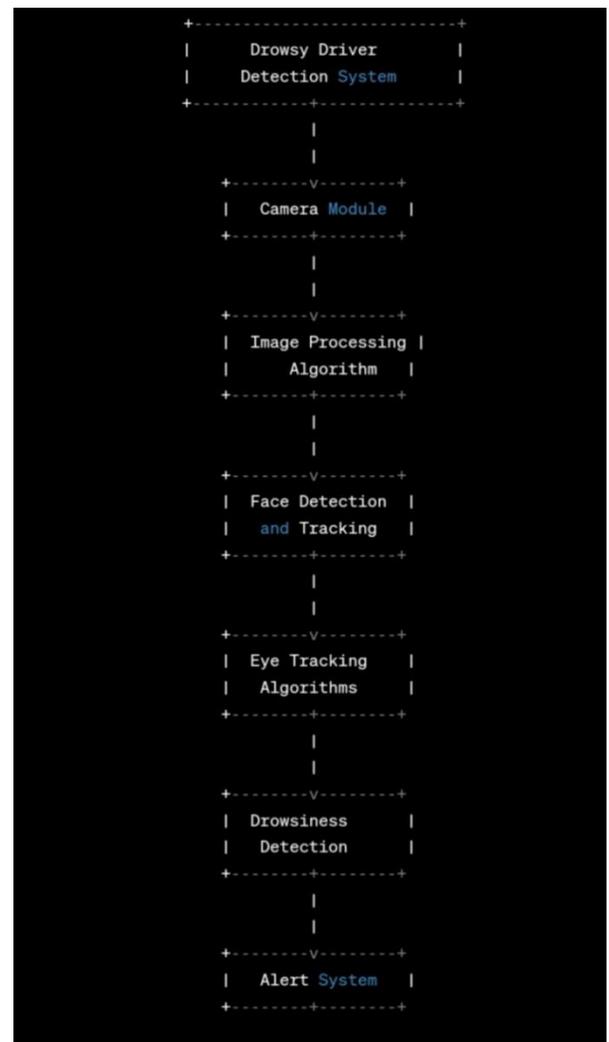
real-time system as it has a high operation speed. From the experimental results, DriCare is applicable to different circumstances and can offer stable performance Implementation of Real Time Driver Drowsiness Detection System Snehal S. Bharambe1 , P.M. Mahajan

[2]

5] The proposed system in this analysis provides accurate detection of driver fatigue. The analysis and design of driver drowsiness detection system is presented. The proposed system is used to avoid various road accidents caused by drowsy driving

and it can also help drivers to stay awake when driving by giving a warning when the driver is sleepy. And also this system used for security purpose of a driver.

During the monitoring, the system is able to decide if the eyes are opened or closed. When the eyes have been closed for too long, a warning signal is issued. Image processing achieves highly accurate and reliable detection of drowsiness. This was achieved by interfacing a webcam to a PC and recording test videos and frame database under different lighting condition. The calculation speed



**Fig 1: Block diagram of AI Base smart alert system for drowsy driver detection system**

**Advantages:**

1. **Accurate Drowsiness Detection:** The AI-based smart alert system employs machine learning algorithms that can accurately identify signs of drowsiness, such as eye closure, head nodding, and erratic driving behavior. It can distinguish between normal driving patterns and drowsy driving, ensuring reliable detection.
2. **Real-Time Monitoring:** The system continuously monitors the driver's behavior and physiological indicators in real time. This enables instant detection of drowsiness, allowing for immediate intervention to prevent accidents.
3. **Customizable Alert Mechanisms:** The system offers flexible alert mechanisms tailored to individual drivers. It can adapt to different sensitivity levels based on driver preferences, ensuring personalized and effective alerts.
4. **Non-Intrusive Technology:** The AI-based system utilizes non-intrusive sensors, such as infrared cameras, steering wheel sensors, and facial recognition, to gather data on driver behavior. This ensures driver comfort and eliminates the need for wearable devices or invasive sensors.
5. **Enhanced Safety Measures:** By detecting drowsy driving in real time, the system can significantly enhance road safety. It provides proactive alerts, helping drivers remain alert and responsive, thereby reducing the risk of accidents caused by fatigue.

**Application:**

1. **Automotive Industry:** The AI-based smart alert system can be integrated into vehicles, offering an additional safety feature for both private and commercial vehicles. It can be deployed in cars, buses, trucks, and taxis, ensuring driver safety and preventing accidents due to drowsiness.
2. **Fleet Management:** Fleet management companies can benefit from the system by incorporating it into their vehicles. This helps ensure the safety of their drivers and minimizes the risk of accidents, improving overall fleet efficiency.
3. **Transportation Networks:** Public transportation systems, such as trains and buses, can implement the AI-based smart alert system to detect drowsy drivers among their staff. This ensures the safety of passengers and prevents incidents caused by driver fatigue.
4. **Ride-Sharing Services:** Ride-sharing platforms can integrate the system to monitor the alertness of their drivers. It helps maintain a high level of service quality and safety, ensuring a positive experience for passengers.
5. **Heavy Machinery and Industrial Vehicles:** Industries involving heavy machinery and vehicles, such as construction, mining, and logistics, can implement the smart alert system to detect drowsiness in equipment operators.

This helps prevent accidents and ensures the safety of workers in hazardous environments.

**CONCLUSION**

The paper concludes by summarizing the advantages of AI-based smart alert systems for drowsy driver detection and their wide-ranging applications. It emphasizes the potential of these systems in improving road safety and reducing accidents caused by driver drowsiness. The importance of continued research and development in this field is highlighted.

**REFERENCES**

- [1] ] Perez, Claudio A. et al., (2001). "Face and Eye Tracking Algorithm Based on Digital Image Processing", IEEE System, Man and Cybernetics 2001 Conference, vol. 2, pp1178-1188.
- [2] ] S. Singh. and N. P. Fapanikolopaulas (1999), "Monitoring Driver Fatigue Using Facial Analysis Technologies", IEEE International conference on the Intelligent Transportation Systems. pp.316-318.
- [3] Perez, Claudio A. et al., (2001). "Face and Eye Tracking Algorithm Based on Digital Image Processing", IEEE Systems, Man and Cybernetics 2001 Conference, vol. 2, ep 1178-1188
- [4] M. Suzuki, N. Yamamoto, O. Yamamoto, T. Nakano, and S. Yamamoto (2006) "Measurement of Driver's Consciousness by Image Processing Method for Pursuing Driver's Drowsiness by Eye-Blinks coping with Individual Differences" IEEE International Conference on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics, Taipei, Taiwan. vol. 2, pp. 2891-2896.
- [5] S. Singh. and N. P. Fapanikolopaulas (1999), "Monitoring Driver Fatigue Using Facial Analysis Technologies", IEEE International conference on the Intelligent Transportation Systems. pp.316-318.