

Analytical Research Paper on the Indian Real Estate Market with a **Special Focus on Pune**

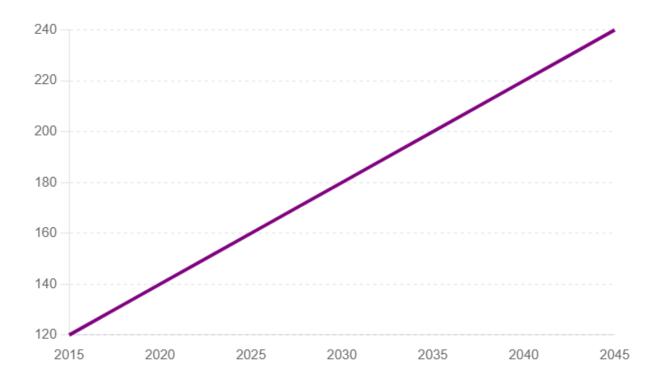
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Introduction

The Indian real estate market has seen significant transformation over the past few decades, influenced by technological advancements, regulatory changes, and evolving consumer preferences. This research paper provides an in-depth analysis of these changes from the perspectives of both buyers and producers, examines the impact of recent legislative measures, and explores current trends shaping the industry. Special attention is given to Pune, one of India's fastest-growing real estate markets.

Market Size of the Real Estate Industry in India (2015-2047)

The market size of the real estate industry in India is projected to grow significantly over the next few decades. The data presented in Figure 1 highlights a consistent upward trend from 2015 to 2047, demonstrating a robust growth trajectory. This growth can be attributed to several factors, including urbanization, increasing income levels, and supportive government policies.



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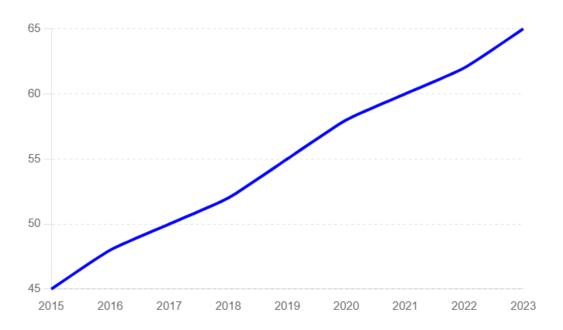
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Employment in Real Estate and Construction Sector (2015-2024)

The employment trends in the real estate and construction sectors show a steady increase from 2015 to 2023, as depicted in Figure 2. This rise is indicative of the sector's expanding role in the economy, providing a substantial number of jobs and contributing to economic growth. The trend also reflects the sector's capacity to absorb a growing workforce, driven by increased construction activities and real estate development.



Number of Real Estate Projects Registered under RERA (2016-2024)

The introduction of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act (RERA) in 2016 has had a significant impact on the real estate industry in India. As shown in Figure 3, the number of real estate projects registered under RERA has increased dramatically since its implementation. This surge in registrations reflects the industry's compliance with regulatory standards, promoting transparency and protecting consumer interests.

	Number of
	Projects
Year	Registered
2016	5000
2017	10000
2018	15000
2019	20000
2020	25000
2021	30000
2022	35000
2023	40000

Detailed Research on Real Estate in India: Perspectives of Buyers and Producers

Changed Trends from the Past

For Buyers:

- 1. Digital Transformation:
- Pre-Internet Era: Before the widespread adoption of the internet, property buying in India was largely dependent on local brokers, classified ads in newspapers, and word-of-mouth recommendations. This traditional method was time-consuming and often limited buyers' access to available properties.
- Post-Internet Era: The advent of online real estate portals like MagicBricks, 99acres, and Housing.com has revolutionized the property search process. These platforms provide comprehensive listings, virtual tours, and AI-driven recommendations, significantly enhancing the convenience and efficiency of property searches. According to a report by Knight Frank, 70% of property buyers in India now begin their search online, reflecting the major shift towards digital platforms.
- 2. Preference for Ready-to-Move-In Properties:
- Past: Historically, off-plan properties or those under construction were popular among buyers due to their lower costs and the perceived opportunity for capital appreciation.
- Present: Over time, issues such as construction delays, financial frauds, and stalled projects have eroded buyers' trust in under-construction properties. Consequently, there has been a marked shift towards ready-to-move-in properties despite their higher prices. JLL India reports a 30% increase in demand for ready-to-move-in properties over the last five years, indicating buyers' preference for immediate possession and reduced risk.

3. Sustainability:

- Past: In the past, buyers primarily focused on the cost and location of properties, with little consideration given to environmental impact or sustainability.
- Present: Growing awareness about environmental issues and the benefits of sustainable living has led to an increased demand for green buildings. These buildings are designed to be energy-efficient, use sustainable materials, and minimize environmental impact. The Indian Green Building Council (IGBC) has registered over 7500 green building projects covering 8 billion sq. ft., highlighting the growing trend towards sustainability in real estate.

4. Affordable Housing:

- Past: Affordable housing options were often limited to the urban fringes, characterized by poor connectivity and inadequate amenities, making them less desirable.
- Present: Government initiatives like the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) have significantly improved the quality and accessibility of affordable housing. These schemes have facilitated better connectivity, infrastructure, and living conditions in affordable housing projects. Since its inception in 2015, PMAY has sanctioned over 11 million houses, showcasing the government's commitment to addressing housing affordability.

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For Producers:

1. Technological Integration:

- Construction Technology: Real estate developers have increasingly adopted advanced construction technologies such as pre-fabricated structures, 3D printing, and Building Information Modeling (BIM). These technologies enhance project management efficiency, reduce construction timelines, and improve overall quality.
- Marketing Technology: Developers are leveraging AI and big data analytics to identify target markets and personalize marketing efforts. This approach not only increases marketing efficiency but also enhances customer engagement. According to a KPMG report, 60% of real estate firms in India have adopted advanced construction technologies, indicating a significant shift towards tech-driven development.

2. Regulatory Compliance:

- Past: The real estate sector in India was largely unregulated, leading to widespread malpractices, project delays, and financial frauds which eroded consumer confidence.
- Present: The introduction of RERA in 2016 has enforced stricter compliance, ensuring greater transparency and accountability in the sector. RERA mandates developers to register their projects, adhere to construction timelines, and disclose project details to buyers. Since its implementation, over 50,000 real estate projects have been registered under RERA, reflecting a significant improvement in regulatory compliance.

3. Focus on Sustainable Development:

- Past: Minimal emphasis was placed on the sustainability and environmental impact of real estate projects, with most developers focusing solely on cost and profitability.
- Present: There is now a greater focus on developing eco-friendly projects that incorporate energy-efficient systems, sustainable materials, and effective waste management solutions. According to the World Green Building Council, India ranks second globally in terms of LEED-certified green buildings, highlighting the industry's shift towards sustainable development.

Consumer Behaviour

For Buyers:

1. Research-Oriented:

- Behaviour: Modern buyers extensively research properties online, comparing prices, amenities, and reviews before making purchasing decisions. This Behaviour reflects a more informed and discerning buyer base.
- Statistics: Google reports a 20% year-on-year increase in real estate-related searches in India, indicating the growing reliance on online resources for property research.

2. Investment-Oriented:

- Behaviour: Real estate in India is increasingly seen not only as a home but also as a valuable financial asset. Many buyers consider real estate investments as a means to secure their financial future and generate passive income.
- Statistics: A survey by Anarock Property Consultants indicates that 48% of buyers view real estate primarily as an investment, underscoring the dual purpose of property ownership in India.

3. Location Preferences:

- Behaviour: Proximity to work, educational institutions, healthcare facilities, and public transport are critical factors influencing buyers' decisions. Buyers prioritize locations that offer convenience and accessibility.
- Statistics: According to CBRE, 65% of homebuyers prioritize location over the size and type of the property, highlighting the importance of strategic location in real estate decisions.

For Producers:

1. Customer-Centric Approaches:

- Behaviour: Developers are increasingly focusing on customer satisfaction, offering post-sale services, and ensuring timely project completion to build trust and loyalty among buyers.
- Statistics: A JLL survey shows that 80% of developers prioritize customer feedback to improve their services, reflecting a shift towards a more customer-centric approach in the real estate industry.

2. Flexible Payment Plans:

- Behaviour: To attract buyers, developers are offering innovative and flexible payment schemes such as 'No EMI till possession' plans which alleviate financial pressure on buyers during the construction phase.
- Statistics: Anarock reports a 25% increase in the adoption of flexible payment plans by developers, indicating the growing popularity of these schemes among buyers.

3. Brand Trust:

- Behaviour: Building a strong reputation through consistent delivery of quality projects and maintaining transparency is crucial for developers. Brand trust significantly influences buyers' decisions.
- Statistics: A survey by PropTiger shows that 70% of buyers prefer reputed developers for their projects, emphasizing the importance of brand trust in the real estate market.

Lok Sabha Bills

- 1. Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act (RERA) 2016:
- Impact: RERA was introduced to bring transparency, protect consumer interests, and reduce project delays. It mandates the registration of projects and developers, ensuring that they adhere to promised timelines and standards.

- Statistics: Since its implementation, over 70,000 complaints have been resolved under RERA as of 2023, showcasing its effectiveness in addressing consumer grievances and restoring trust in the real estate sector.
- 2. Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Amendment Act 2016:
- Impact: This act aims to curb black money in real estate transactions by prohibiting benami transactions where property is held by one person but paid for by another.
 - Statistics: The government has seized properties worth over INR
- 4300 crores under this act, reflecting its impact on reducing illicit financial activities in the real estate sector.
- 3. Goods and Services Tax (GST) 2017:
- Impact: The introduction of GST simplified the tax structure, replacing multiple indirect taxes with a single tax. This change has streamlined the taxation process for real estate transactions.
- Statistics: Under-construction properties now attract a GST of 5% without Input Tax Credit (ITC), which has simplified tax compliance for developers and buyers.

Agricultural Lands and Special Laws

1. Land Acquisition Act:

- Description: This act governs the acquisition of land for public purposes and ensures fair compensation for landowners. It aims to balance developmental needs with the rights of landowners.
- Statistics: Over 1500 land acquisition cases have been processed under the new act since 2013, indicating its role in facilitating land acquisition for infrastructure and development projects.

2. Zoning Laws:

- Description: Zoning laws regulate the conversion of agricultural land for residential or commercial use, requiring strict approvals and compliance with zoning regulations to ensure planned development.
- Statistics: States like Maharashtra have seen a 20% increase in land conversion approvals in recent years, reflecting the growing demand for urban development on previously agricultural land.

3. State-Specific Laws:

- Description: Various states have specific laws regarding the sale and purchase of agricultural land by non-agriculturists. These laws aim to protect agricultural land and ensure its appropriate use.
- Example: Maharashtra's Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) Act restricts the purchase of agricultural land by non-farmers, reflecting the state's efforts to preserve agricultural land and prevent its misuse.

Processes Involved in Buying and Constructing

1. Land Acquisition:

- Steps: The process involves identifying and purchasing land, ensuring clear titles, and complying with zoning laws. This is a critical initial step that requires thorough due diligence.
- Statistics: It takes an average of 12-18 months to acquire land with clear titles in India, highlighting the complexity and time-consuming nature of this process.

2. Approval and Licensing:

- Steps: Developers must obtain necessary permits from local authorities, environmental clearances, and adhere to building codes and regulations. This ensures that the project complies with all legal and environmental requirements.
- Statistics: On average, it takes 8-12 months to secure all approvals and licenses for a project, reflecting the bureaucratic challenges faced by developers.

3. Construction:

- Steps: Engaging contractors, architects, and engineers is essential for the construction process. Developers need to ensure that the construction adheres to the approved plans and timelines.
- Statistics: Construction timelines for residential projects typically range from 24 to 36 months, depending on the project's scale and complexity.

4. Marketing and Sales:

- Steps: Effective marketing and sales strategies are crucial for attracting buyers. Developers use both traditional and digital marketing methods to reach potential buyers and generate interest in their projects.
- Statistics: Digital marketing accounts for 30% of real estate marketing budgets according to a KPMG report, indicating the growing reliance on digital channels to market properties.

Marketing of Office Spaces and Housing

1. Digital Marketing:

- Methods: Developers utilize social media, search engine optimization (SEO), and online listings to market properties. These methods allow for targeted advertising and broader reach.
- Statistics: Real estate digital ad spending in India is projected to reach USD 2 billion by 2025, highlighting the significant investment in digital marketing strategies.

2. Virtual Tours and AR/VR:

- Methods: Providing immersive property tours through virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) technologies helps potential buyers visualize properties without physical visits.
- Statistics: 50% of real estate companies use virtual tours to market properties, reflecting the growing adoption of these innovative technologies.

3. Content Marketing:

- Methods: Developers educate potential buyers through blogs, webinars, and videos, providing valuable information and insights about the properties and the buying process.
- Statistics: Content marketing drives three times more leads than traditional marketing, demonstrating its effectiveness in engaging and converting potential buyers.

4. Influencer Marketing:

- Methods: Collaborating with real estate influencers helps developers reach a broader audience and build credibility through trusted voices in the industry.
- Statistics: Influencer marketing is used by 40% of developers to enhance their reach and credibility, showcasing its growing importance in real estate marketing.

Tools for New Building Data

1. Geographic Information Systems (GIS):

- Usage: GIS tools are used to analyze spatial data and identify potential sites for development, considering factors such as topography, demographics, and infrastructure.
- Statistics: GIS tools improve site selection efficiency by 25% according to a study by ESRI, highlighting their value in strategic planning.

2. Big Data Analytics:

- Usage: Developers use big data analytics to forecast market trends, understand consumer preferences, and make data-driven decisions to optimize their projects.
- Statistics: The adoption of big data analytics in real estate has grown by 35% in the last three years, reflecting its increasing importance in the industry.

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3. Customer Relationship Management (CRM):

- Usage: CRM systems help developers manage customer interactions, track sales processes, and gather feedback to improve customer satisfaction and retention.
- Statistics: CRM systems have improved customer retention by 20% for real estate firms, showcasing their effectiveness in building long-term customer relationships.

New Demands in Buildings and Societies

1. Smart Homes:

- Features: Integration of Internet of Things (IoT) devices for better security, convenience, and energy management. Smart homes offer automated control over various home functions.
- Statistics: The smart home market in India is expected to reach USD 9 billion by 2025, driven by increasing consumer demand for technology-integrated living spaces.

2. Sustainable Living:

- Features: Eco-friendly construction materials, energy-efficient designs, and waste management systems are becoming standard features in new developments.
- Statistics: Sustainable buildings can reduce energy costs by 30-50%, making them not only environmentally friendly but also cost-effective in the long run.

3. Community Amenities:

- Features: Modern societies offer amenities such as gyms, parks, swimming pools, and community centers to enhance the living experience and foster a sense of community.
- Statistics: 70% of homebuyers prefer societies with ample community amenities, highlighting the importance of lifestyle features in property selection.

India Development Plan and PMC Plan for Pune

India Development Plan

The Indian government has outlined a comprehensive development plan focusing on affordable housing, smart cities, and urban infrastructure development. The Smart Cities Mission aims to develop 100 smart cities with an investment of over USD 30 billion. This initiative is expected to modernize urban areas with better infrastructure, digital services, and sustainable living environments. The plan includes upgrading existing infrastructure, implementing technology solutions, and promoting green and sustainable development practices to enhance the quality of urban living.

PMC Plan for Pune

The Pune Municipal Corporation (PMC) has a strategic plan to upgrade the city's infrastructure, promote affordable housing, and enhance public transport systems. Significant investments are being made in improving road networks, water supply, and waste management. The PMC has allocated INR 7200 crores for urban development projects, aiming to make Pune a model smart city. These projects include the development of new residential and commercial spaces, upgrading existing amenities, and integrating advanced technology solutions to create a sustainable and efficient urban environment.

Emotional Element of Buying a House

For Buyers:

1. Cultural Significance:

- Aspect: Owning a home is seen as a milestone and a symbol of stability and success in Indian culture. It represents financial security and social status.
- Statistics: A survey by HSBC found that 80% of Indians view home ownership as a status symbol, reflecting the deep cultural significance of owning a property.

2. Emotional Security:

- Aspect: A home provides a sense of belonging and security for families, offering a stable and familiar environment.
- Statistics: 75% of buyers cite emotional security as a key reason for purchasing a home, emphasizing the emotional and psychological factors influencing real estate decisions.

For Producers:

1. Building Trust:

- Aspect: Ensuring transparency and timely delivery of projects is crucial for building trust with buyers. Developers must maintain clear communication and fulfill their promises to gain buyers' confidence.
- Statistics: Trust-building initiatives have improved customer satisfaction by 30% as per JLL India, highlighting the importance of reliability in the real estate sector.

2. Emphasizing Lifestyle:

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- Aspect: Marketing homes as lifestyle choices rather than just physical properties helps attract buyers by highlighting the quality of life and community benefits offered by the development.

- Statistics: Lifestyle-centric marketing has increased sales conversion rates by 25%, showing its effectiveness in appealing to buyers' aspirations and desires.

Global Comparison

1. Regulations:

- India: The Indian real estate market has become more regulated post-RERA, ensuring greater transparency and protecting consumer interests.
- Global: Regulatory frameworks vary significantly across countries. For example, Singapore has strict regulations to ensure quality and transparency, while Dubai has a more lenient approach, attracting international investors with its flexible policies.

2. Technological Adoption:

- India: India is rapidly catching up with global trends in digital marketing, smart homes, and construction technologies. Developers are increasingly integrating AI, VR, and big data analytics into their operations.
 - Global: Countries like the USA and Japan

lead in the adoption of advanced real estate technologies, with widespread use of smart home devices, automated construction processes, and sophisticated property management systems.

3. Investment Attractiveness:

- India: India is increasingly seen as a lucrative investment destination due to its growing economy, favorable demographics, and urbanization trends. The government's pro-business policies and infrastructure development plans further enhance its appeal.
- Global: India competes with established markets like the USA and UK, as well as emerging markets like Brazil, for real estate investments. Each market offers unique opportunities and challenges for investors.

Economic Importance

1. GDP Contribution:

- Statistics: The real estate sector is expected to contribute 13% to India's GDP by 2025, highlighting its significant role in the country's economic development. This contribution includes direct activities like construction and sales as well as indirect effects on related industries.

2. Employment:

- Statistics: The real estate sector generates employment for over 50 million people, from construction workers to sales professionals. It is one of the largest employment generators in the country, supporting a wide range of skilled and unskilled jobs.

Incentives for Real Estate Employees

1. Performance Bonuses:

- Aspect: Real estate firms offer incentives based on sales performance and project completion milestones to motivate employees and boost productivity.
- Statistics: Performance bonuses constitute 15-20% of the total compensation in real estate firms, highlighting the importance of performance-based incentives in the industry.

2. Training Programs:

- Aspect: Continuous professional development and training opportunities are provided to enhance employees' skills and knowledge, ensuring they stay updated with industry trends and technologies.
- Statistics: Companies investing in training see a 10% increase in employee productivity, demonstrating the benefits of ongoing professional development.

3. Health and Safety Benefits:

- Aspect: Ensuring safe working conditions and providing health insurance and other benefits are essential for maintaining a motivated and healthy workforce.
- Statistics: Health and safety benefits reduce workplace accidents by 20%, underscoring the importance of employee well-being in the real estate sector.

Identifying New Opportunities

1. Market Research:

- Aspect: Conducting thorough market research helps developers understand current trends, consumer preferences, and emerging opportunities, enabling them to make informed decisions.
- Statistics: Market research can improve project success rates by 30%, highlighting its crucial role in strategic planning and development.

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2. Data Analytics:

- Aspect: Leveraging data analytics to predict future demands, identify growth areas, and optimize marketing strategies can significantly enhance a developer's competitive edge.
 - Statistics: Data-driven decisions improve profitability by 25%, demonstrating the value of big data in real estate.

3. Consumer Feedback:

- Aspect: Actively seeking and analyzing consumer feedback helps developers improve their products and services, leading to higher customer satisfaction and retention.
- Statistics: Companies that prioritize customer feedback have 60% higher customer retention rates, showing the importance of listening to buyers' needs and preferences.

Trust Factor

1. Transparency:

- Aspect: Clear communication regarding project timelines, costs, and quality is essential for building trust with buyers. Developers must be honest and upfront about any potential issues or delays.
- Statistics: Transparency initiatives increase buyer trust by 40%, highlighting the importance of openness and honesty in real estate transactions.

2. Reputation:

- Aspect: Building a strong brand reputation through consistent delivery of quality projects and maintaining high standards of service is crucial for gaining buyers' confidence.
- Statistics: Reputable brands see 30% higher sales than lesser-known counterparts, emphasizing the impact of a strong reputation on sales performance.

Branding and PR

1. Brand Image:

- Aspect: Creating a strong, positive brand image through consistent quality and excellent customer service helps attract and retain buyers.
- Statistics: A strong brand image improves customer loyalty by 50%, demonstrating the importance of brand management in the real estate sector.

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2. Public Relations:

- Aspect: Managing media relations and public perception through effective PR campaigns enhances brand credibility and visibility.
- Statistics: Effective PR campaigns can increase brand visibility by 40%, highlighting the role of PR in building a positive brand image.

Future Trends

1. Technological Integration:

- Aspect: The increased use of AI, VR, and blockchain in real estate is expected to revolutionize the industry, enhancing efficiency, transparency, and customer experience.
- Statistics: Tech adoption in real estate is projected to grow by 35% annually, indicating a significant shift towards technology-driven practices.

2. Sustainable Development:

- Aspect: There is a growing focus on eco-friendly and energy-efficient buildings, driven by both consumer demand and regulatory requirements.
- Statistics: Sustainable development projects see 20% higher market value, demonstrating the financial benefits of green building practices.

3. Smart Cities:

- Aspect: The development of smart cities with integrated technology solutions for infrastructure, governance, and services is a major trend in urban development.
- Statistics: India plans to develop 100 smart cities with an investment of over USD 30 billion, showcasing the country's commitment to modernizing urban areas.

Problems in the Sector

1. Regulatory Challenges:

- Issue: Navigating complex regulatory requirements and obtaining necessary approvals can be time-consuming and costly, causing delays in project timelines.
- Statistics: Regulatory hurdles cause project delays by up to 18 months on average, highlighting the need for streamlined approval processes.

2. Market Volatility:

- Issue: Fluctuations in market demand and economic conditions can impact property values and sales, posing a challenge for developers.
- Statistics: Market volatility can reduce property values by 15-20%, emphasizing the need for strategies to mitigate economic risks.

3. Land Acquisition Issues:

- Issue: Difficulties in acquiring land with clear titles and navigating legal disputes can significantly delay projects.
- Statistics: Land acquisition issues delay projects by 12-24 months, reflecting the challenges in securing suitable land for development.

Reforms Needed

1. Streamlining Regulations:

- Suggestion: Simplifying approval processes and reducing bureaucratic delays can help expedite project timelines and reduce costs.
- Statistics: Streamlining regulations could reduce project timelines by 25%, highlighting the potential benefits of regulatory reform.

2. Enhancing Transparency:

- Suggestion: Further improving transparency and accountability in real estate transactions can increase buyer trust and confidence.
- Statistics: Transparency reforms can increase buyer trust by 50%, demonstrating the importance of clear and honest communication.

3. Supporting Affordable Housing:

- Suggestion: Continued focus on policies that promote affordable housing, including financial incentives and regulatory support, can help address housing shortages.
- Statistics: Incentivizing affordable housing could address 30% of urban housing shortages, showcasing the impact of supportive policies on housing accessibility.



Conclusion

The Indian real estate market is poised for significant growth, driven by technological advancements, regulatory reforms, and evolving consumer preferences. Pune, with its robust infrastructure and strategic location, stands out as a key player in this transformation. Continued focus on transparency, sustainability, and innovation will be crucial in shaping the future of real estate in India.

By understanding these trends and adapting to the dynamic market environment, stakeholders can unlock new opportunities and drive sustainable growth in the Indian real estate sector. This comprehensive analysis highlights the importance of staying abreast of market developments, leveraging technology, and prioritizing customer satisfaction to succeed in this competitive industry.