

AUDIO AND TEXT TRANSMISSION USING LI-FI TECHNOLOGY

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Abstract - The project "Audio and Text Transmission Using Li-Fi Technology" explores the innovative application of Li-Fi (Light Fidelity) for transmitting both audio and text data. Li-Fi employs light signals, typically from LEDs or lasers, for data transmission, and in this project, it is leveraged to achieve two distinct functionalities: audio and text transmission.

For audio transmission, a dedicated Li-Fi system is implemented where an audio signal is modulated onto the light signal emitted by an LED or laser. At the receiver end, multiple amplifiers are employed to retrieve and reproduce the audio signal. This process allows for the wireless transmission of audio data using light waves, offering a unique and potentially efficient alternative to traditional audio communication methods.

For text transmission, Li-Fi modules connected to Arduino boards are employed for both the transmitter and receiver. The Arduino-based system facilitates the encoding and decoding of text data into light signals, enabling the wireless transmission of textual information using Li-Fi technology. This dual-functional approach expands the versatility of Li-Fi in communication systems, showcasing its potential for transmitting both audio and text data wirelessly through light

Keywords: Arduino, Li Fi Transmitter, Li Fi receiver, LCD

I. INTRODUCTION

The project "Audio and Text Transmission Using Li-Fi Technology" presents an innovative approach to data communication by harnessing Light Fidelity (Li-Fi) technology. Li-Fi is a wireless communication technology that utilizes visible light for data transmission, offering high-speed and secure connectivity. In this project, Li-Fi

technology is leveraged to transmit both audio and text data, providing a versatile communication solution.

Li-Fi technology works by modulating the intensity of light to encode data, which is then received by light-sensitive receivers such as photodiodes or image sensors. Unlike traditional radio frequency (RF) communication, Li-Fi operates in the visible light spectrum, offering several advantages such as higher data rates, immunity to electromagnetic interference, and enhanced security. By integrating Li-Fi modules into communication devices, it becomes possible to establish high-speed data links using standard LED light sources.

The primary objective of this project is to demonstrate the feasibility and effectiveness of using Li-Fi for audio and text transmission. By developing a prototype system that employs Li-Fi transmitters and receivers, we aim to showcase the potential applications of this technology in various domains such as indoor communication, multimedia streaming, and secure data transmission. Additionally, the project seeks to explore the practical challenges and considerations involved in implementing Li-Fi-based communication systems, including signal propagation, modulation techniques, and compatibility with existing infrastructure. Through this endeavour, we aim to contribute to the advancement of Li-Fi technology and its integration into real-world communication systems.

Traditional audio transmission methods typically rely on radio frequency (RF) communication, such as Wi-Fi or Bluetooth, for wireless audio signal transmission. Similarly, for text data transmission, conventional methods involve wired or wireless communication protocols, like Wi-Fi or Ethernet. These methods might face challenges related to signal interference, limited bandwidth, and potential security concerns. The

project aims to explore Li-Fi as an alternative, utilizing light waves for data transmission, which could potentially address some of the limitations associated with traditional audio and text transmission methods.

We aim to address the limitations of the existing system and enhance the overall efficiency of audio and text transmission using Li-Fi technology.

II. OBJECTIVES

The main objective to address the limitations of the existing system and enhance the overall efficiency of audio and text transmission using Li-Fi technology.

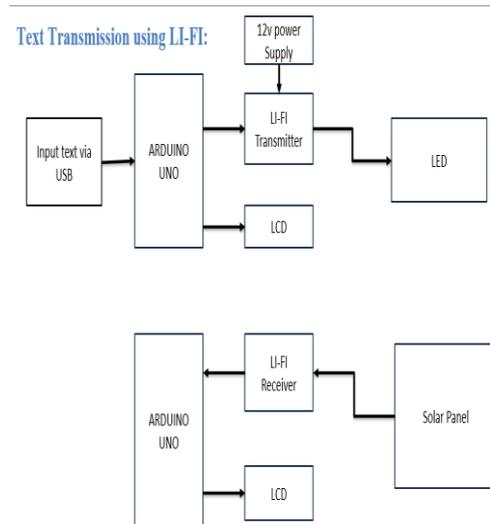
For audio transmission, instead of relying solely on amplifiers, we introduce advanced audio processing algorithms to improve the quality of the received audio signals. This includes noise reduction techniques and signal processing methods to ensure clear and high-fidelity audio reproduction at the receiver end.

Moreover, for text transmission, we integrate more sophisticated Li-Fi transmission and receiving modules. Arduino plays a crucial role in both the transmitter and receiver modules, facilitating better control and coordination. Additionally, we implement error-checking mechanisms to enhance the reliability of text transmission, minimizing the chances of data corruption. By adopting these improvements, our proposed method aims to create a more robust and efficient audio and text transmission system using Li-Fi technology, overcoming the drawbacks of the existing approach.

III. METHODOLOGY

In our proposed system we are designing our system with ARDUINO UNO and LI-FI module in which we are converting over data into light waves these light waves are received by the solar panel and taking ARDUINO UNO as the control unit of our design. However, we use different components for the fulfilment of our design in-order to achieve accurate and satisfying results to reach our goals and objectives.

3.1 BLOCK DIAGRAM AND CONSTRUCTION



. Fig 3.1(a) : Block diagram of text transmission using LI-FI

The above fig 3.1 Block diagram of text transmission using LI-FI which reflects the entire process and flow of our system.

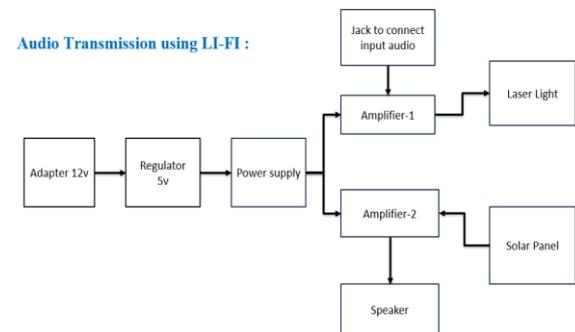


Fig 3.1(b) : Block diagram of audio transmission using LI-FI

The above fig 3.1 Block diagram of audio transmission using LI-FI which reflects the entire process and flow of our system.

3.2 COMPONENTS USED

We used several components in our project design such as ARDUINO UNO, LI-FI MODULE, LED, LCD, Solar Panel, Amplifiers, Speaker.

3.2.1 Arduino UNO

Arduino Uno is a very valuable addition in the electronics that consists of USB interface, 14 digital I/O pins, 6 analog pins, and Atmega328

microcontroller. It also supports serial communication using Tx and Rx pins.

There are many versions of Arduino boards introduced in the market like Arduino Uno, Arduino Due, Arduino Leonardo, Arduino Mega, however, most common versions are Arduino Uno and Arduino Mega. If you are planning to create a project relating to digital electronics, embedded system, robotics, or IoT, then using Arduino Uno would be the best, easy and most economical option.

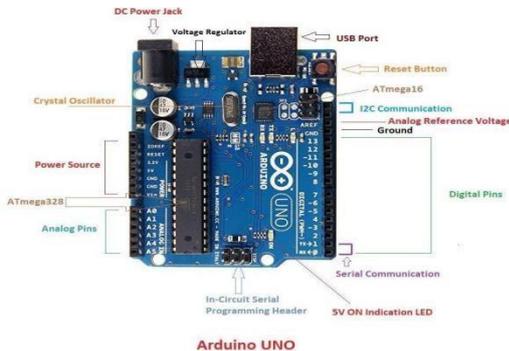


Fig 3.2.1 Arduino UNO

3.2.2 LED

The lighting emitting diode is a p-n junction diode. It is a specially doped diode and made up of a special type of semiconductors. When the light emits in the forward biased, then it is called as a light emitting diode.



Fig 3.2.2 LED

How does the Light Emitting Diode work?

The light emitting diode simply, we know as a diode. When the diode is forward biased, then the electrons & holes are moving fast across the junction and they are combining constantly, removing one another out. Soon after the electrons are moving from the n-type to the p-type silicon, it combines with the holes, then it disappears. Hence it makes the complete atom & more stable and it gives the little burst of energy in the form of a tiny packet or photon of light.

3.2.3 LI-FI MODULE (LIFI TRANSMITTER WITH LED AND LI-FI RECEIVER WITH SOLAR PANEL):



Fig 3.2.3. LI-FI MODULE

LIFI TRANSMITTER WITH LED:

Li-Fi stands for Light Fidelity .Li-Fi technology provides transmission of data through illumination by sending data through LED that varies in intensity faster than the human eye can follow. Li-Fi transmitter transmits the given data into the LED .This product focus on developing a Li-Fi based system and analyse its performance with respect to existing technology. The heart of this technology is a new generation of high brightness LEDs. The product consisting of a transmitter which includes a light source.

LI-FI RECEIVER WITH SOLAR PANEL :

LI-FI Receiver to this solar panel is connected .The receiver circuit which receives the data transmitted via light waves. The same system can be employed in industries making industrial automation using the existing light source a reality. Li-Fi receiver takes the data from solar panel.

Here in this LI-FI module we can send data from transmitter to receiver end using this LI-FI module.

3.2.4: LCD(16X2)

LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) is the innovation utilized in scratch pad shows and other littler PCs. Like innovation for light-producing diode (LED) and gasplasma, LCDs permit presentations to be a lot more slender than innovation for cathode beam tube (CRT).



Fig 3.2.4 LCD(16X2)

LCDs expend considerably less power than LED shows and gas shows since they work as opposed to emanating it on the guideline of blocking light.

An LCD is either made with a uninvolved lattice or a showcase network for dynamic framework show. Likewise alluded to as a meager film transistor (TFT) show is the dynamic framework LCD.

3.2.5 :Solar Panel

Solar Panels take advantage of the sunlight, which is one of nature's most potent and free resources. They are today one of the most popular green energy sources and are employed in a variety of places, including our homes, street lights, and many other places. High conversion speed, high-efficiency output.



Fig 3.2.5 : SOLAR PANEL

Excellent low light effect

A unique technique to prevent water freezing within the deforming framework.

Construction requires no frame or special modifications.

Small space is required for installation.

Has 2 to 3 times the power of amorphous thin-film solar panels

Ready to use, they require no frame or special modifications.

For connection, just solder or crimp to the copper tape.

3.2.6 : Speaker 8 ohm 0.5w



Fig 3.2.5 : SOLAR PANEL

- This is a simple speaker of a resistance of 8 Ohm and a power rating of 0.5 W. Use it in all your projects requiring an audio output.
- This speaker has a diameter of 5.7 cm and a height of 1.5 cm.
- New Mini speaker
- Resistance: 8 ohms
- Power: 0.5 W
- Speaker Diameter - 57MM
- Thickness: 15mm

3.3 WORKING

The main work of the system , for text transmission, Li-Fi modules connected to Arduino boards are employed for both the transmitter and receiver. The Arduino-based system facilitates the encoding and decoding of text data into light signals,

Input text via USB to the Arduino uno and li-fi transmitter (where signal amplifies and regulates) to the LED falls on solar panel to the LI-FI receiver(received signal will be low so to amplify the signal LI-FI receiver) we get output in LCD which enabling the wireless transmission of textual information using Li-Fi technology. This dual-functional approach expands the versatility of Li-Fi in communication systems, showcasing its potential for transmitting both audio and text data wirelessly through light.

For audio transmission, a dedicated LiFi system is implemented where an audio signal is modulated onto the light signal emitted by an LED or laser. At the receiver end, The laser falls on solar panel and then to the multiple amplifiers are employed to retrieve and reproduce the audio signal , we get the output through the speaker. This process allows for the wireless transmission of audio data using light waves, offering a

unique and potentially efficient alternative to traditional audio communication methods

IV SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

V. RESULTS



Fig 5.1 : Assembled proposed system with all components.

The project work on “AUDIO AND TEXT TRANSMISSION USING LI-FI TECHNOLOGY” has been successfully designed to transfer the data 10 times faster than the wi-fi.

The result of our design can be described that by LI-FI module we can transfer the data using light as VLC (Visible Light Communication) where given data will convert in the form of light waves that received by solar panel which has photovoltaic cells receives the data and display in the LCD. LI-FI is 10 times faster, secure , reliable and no interference.



| | | |
|---|---------------|-----------|
| 2 | LCD | 4.3 - 5.3 |
| 3 | LI- FI Module | 3.3-5 |
| 4 | Solar Panel | 12-18 |
| 5 | Amplifier | 3.3-12 |
| 6 | LED | 5 |
| 7 | Speaker | 5.5-12 |

Fig 5.2 : RESULT OF TEXT TRANSMISSION

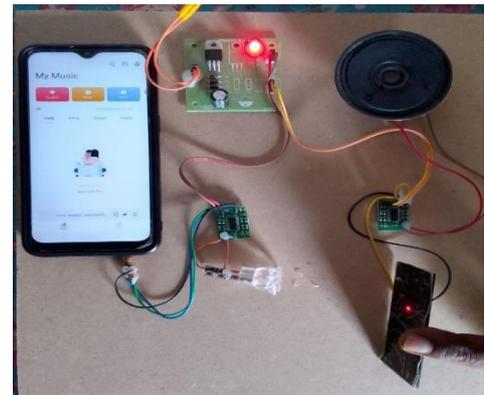


Fig 5.2 : RESULT OF AUDIO TRANSMISSION

VI CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the project on "Audio and Text Transmission Using LiFi Technology" represents a significant advancement in wireless communication systems, leveraging light as a medium for data transmission. Through the integration of LiFi technology, this project demonstrates the potential to address various communication challenges and enhance connectivity in diverse applications. By harnessing the capabilities of LED light bulbs for data transmission, LiFi offers several advantages such as high-speed data transfer, enhanced security, and immunity to electromagnetic interference, making it a promising solution for next-generation communication networks.

Furthermore, the successful implementation of audio and text transmission using LiFi opens up new possibilities for applications in different sectors, including indoor communication, secure data transfer, in-flight entertainment, smart retail, healthcare monitoring, and more. The project highlights the versatility and adaptability of LiFi technology to meet the evolving communication needs of modern society while offering innovative solutions for various industry verticals. With further research and development, LiFi technology has the potential to revolutionize wireless communication and drive advancements in smart cities, IoT integration, and beyond.

Overall, the project underscores the importance of exploring alternative communication technologies like LiFi to overcome the limitations of traditional wireless networks and pave the way for a more connected and intelligent future. As LiFi continues to evolve and gain traction, it holds promise for delivering reliable, high-speed, and secure communication solutions that can address the growing demand for bandwidth-intensive applications and contribute to the development of innovative services and systems across different domains.

VII. REFERENCES

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