

Automatic Drug Dispenser System using ESP32

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Abstract — The Automatic Drug Dispenser System employing ESP32 integrates a web-based interface, leveraging HTML and Flask, to facilitate effortless scheduling of medication intake. Users set dosage timings and pill quantities through the intuitive website, transmitting this data to the ESP32 microcontroller. Upon receiving instructions, the ESP32 triggers a servo motor to dispense the specified number of pills accurately. This innovative system offers a user-friendly approach to medication management, enhancing adherence and minimizing human error in dosage administration. By combining web technology with hardware automation, it ensures precise and timely dispensing, fostering convenience and reliability for individuals adhering to complex medication regimens. The seamless interaction between the web interface and the ESP32driven hardware establishes an efficient and adaptable solution for medication adherence, catering to diverse user needs while prioritizing accuracy and ease of use.

Keywords — *ESP32*, servo motor, Dispenser System, Medicine management, Drugs

I. INTRODUCTION

The era is characterized by advancing technology and increasing healthcare demands, the intersection of hardware automation and medication management has emerged as a pivotal solution. This research delves into the development and implementation of an innovative Automatic

Drug Dispenser System utilizing ESP32, marrying the precision of microcontroller technology with the imperative need for accurate and timely medication administration.

Medication adherence remains a global challenge, with the World Health Organization (WHO) highlighting its critical role in managing chronic conditions and preventing complications. Alarmingly, non-adherence contributes to nearly 50% of treatment failures, leading to adverse health outcomes, increased hospitalizations, and inflated healthcare costs. The significance of timely and proper medication intake cannot be overstated, particularly in complex treatment regimens where missing doses or erroneous dosages can significantly impact an individual's health trajectory.

This research addresses these challenges head-on by introducing a comprehensive system that synergizes a userfriendly web interface, driven by HTML and Flask, with the ESP32 microcontroller and servo motor mechanism. Thewebbased platform empowers users to effortlessly schedule medication timings and precisely specify dosage quantities. The seamless communication between the web interface and the ESP32 microcontroller ensures accurate translation of user-inputted data into physical actions, precisely dispensing the prescribed number of pills at the designated times.

The significance of this system lies not only in its technological innovation but also in its potential to revolutionize medication adherence. By offering a usercentric approach that amalgamates ease of use with precise automation, this research aims to mitigate the prevalent issue of medication mismanagement. Ultimately, this technology holds promise in enhancing patient outcomes, reducing healthcare burdens, and promoting a healthier society by ensuring that individuals receive their medications at the right time and in the correct doses.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The evolution of healthcare technologies has sparked a profound interest in developing sophisticated systems for precise medication management. This literature review delves into a comprehensive exploration of research surrounding automated drug dispensing systems, particularly focusing on the integration of ESP32 microcontrollers and servo motor mechanisms.

Medication adherence remains a critical concern globally, with its pivotal role in disease management and patient outcomes. As such, the amalgamation of advanced hardware automation with user-friendly interfaces has emerged as a promising avenue to address this challenge.

"Development of an Automated Drug Dispensing System for Medication Adherence Enhancement"[1] This paper explores the design and implementation of an automated drug dispensing system using microcontrollers. It focuses on the technical aspects of the system, highlighting the integration of microcontrollers with servo motors for precise medication dispensation. The study emphasizes the potential impact of such systems on improving medication adherence. "Web-Based Medication Management Systems: A Review of User Interfaces and Implementation in Healthcare"[2]

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This review paper examines various web-based interfaces utilized in medication management systems. It discusses the importance of user-friendly interfaces in enhancing patient engagement and adherence. The analysis encompasses different user interface designs, usability factors, and their impact on patient behaviour towards medication adherence. "ESP32 Microcontroller Applications in Healthcare: A Comprehensive Review"[3] Focusing on the ESP32 microcontroller, this review paper delves into its applications in healthcare technologies. It highlights the versatility of the ESP32 in facilitating remote monitoring, data transmission, and control systems. The paper discusses the potential of ESP32 in medication management systems, emphasizing its role in enhancing automation and accuracy. "Servo Motor Control for Precision Dosage in Medical Devices: A Comparative Study"[4] This comparative study evaluates various servo motor control mechanisms for precision dosage in medical devices. It compares different servo motor models in terms of accuracy, speed, and reliability in dispensing medications. The paper discusses the importance of servo motors in achieving precise medication dosing. "Impact of Automated Medication Dispensing Systems on Patient Health Outcomes"[5] Focused on the clinical impact, this paper reviews the effects of automated medication dispensing systems on patient health outcomes. It examines studies and real-world implementations to assess the influence of such systems on medication adherence, disease management, and patient well-being.

III. TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY

This section introduces the decentralized system that we have 1) ESP32 Microcontroller:

The ESP32 is a versatile and powerful microcontroller known for its integrated Wi-Fi and Bluetooth capabilities. It's widely used in IoT (Internet of Things) applications due to its low power consumption, processing power, and connectivity options. In this project, the ESP32 serves as the central control unit, receiving instructions from the web interface and controlling the servo motor for pill dispensation based on the input parameters.



2) SG90 Servo Motor:

The SG90 servo motor is a small, lightweight, and costeffective motor known for its precision in angular movement. It's commonly used in hobbyist projects and small-scale automation. In this project, the SG90 servo motor is employed the instructions received from the ESP32. The servo motor'scontrolled rotation facilitates precise pill dispensation.



3) Flask

Flask is a lightweight and flexible web framework for Python used to build web applications. It simplifies the process of creating web applications by providing tools and libraries for routing, handling HTTP requests, and rendering HTML templates. In this project, Flask is utilized to create the webbased interface that allows users to input medication schedules and dosages conveniently.



4) HTML (Hypertext Markup Language):

HTML is the standard markup language used for creating the structure and content of web pages. It provides the basic building blocks (elements and tags) for web development. In

this project, HTML is used in conjunction with Flask to design the user interface of the web application. It structures the web pages and allows for the creation of forms and input fields for users to interact with the system.

5) FTDI Programmer: FTDI (Future Technology Devices International) programmers are commonly used for programming and debugging microcontrollers like the ESP32. They serve as a bridge between the microcontroller and the computer, enabling the transfer of code and facilitating communication during the development and testing phases of the projec





Each of these tools and technologies plays a crucial role in different aspects of the project: the ESP32 serves as the brain of the system, the servo motor enables physical dispensation, Flask facilitates web application development, and HTML structures the user interface, enabling user interaction and data input for medication scheduling and dosage specification.

IV. METHODOLOGY

The methodology employed in developing the Automatic Drug Dispenser System using ESP32 encapsulates a systematic approach integrating software and hardware elements. Beginning with a comprehensive analysis of user requirements and system design, the project progressed through stages involving the development of a user-friendly web interface integrating and calibrating the SG90 servo motor, constituted pivotal phases. Rigorous testing and iterative refinement were crucial, ensuring functionality, accuracy, and reliability. This structured methodology facilitated the creation of a robust system addressing medication management challenges seamlessly.

1. Requirement Analysis and System Design: The project initiation involved a comprehensive analysis of user requirements and medication management needs. This phase outlined the functionalities and specifications required for the system. The system design phase involved conceptualizing the architecture, defining interactions between the web interface and the ESP32, and outlining the servo motor control mechanism.

2. Web Interface Development: Utilizing HTML and Flask, the web-based interface was designed and developed to facilitate user interaction. This interface allowed users to input medication schedules and dosages. Flask handled the backend functionality, enabling seamless communication between the user interface and the ESP32 microcontroller.

3. ESP32 Programming and Integration: The ESP32 microcontroller was programmed to receive data transmitted from the web interface. This involved setting up communication protocols to interpret user inputs accurately. The ESP32, acting as the core control unit, triggered the servo motor based on the received instructions to dispense the specified number of pills at the designated times.

4. Servo Motor Integration and Calibration: The SG90 servo motor was integrated into the system and calibrated to ensure precise pill dispensation based on the ESP32's instructions. The servo motor's rotation angle and speed were fine-tuned to accurately dispense the desired quantity of pills without error. The methodology employed in developing the Automatic Drug Dispenser System using ESP32 encapsulates a systematic approach integrating through stages involving the development of a user-friendly web interface using HTML and Flask. Programming the ESP32 microcontroller to receive and interpret data from the interface, alongside integrating and calibrating the SG90 servo motor, constituted pivotal phases. Rigorous testing and iterative refinement were crucial, ensuring functionality, accuracy, and reliability. This structured methodology facilitated the creation of a robust system addressing medication management challenges seamlessly. Software and hardware elements. Beginning with a comprehensive analysis of user requirements and system design, the project progressed

V. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the Automatic Drug Dispenser System utilizing ESP32 presents a pivotal stride in revolutionizing medication adherence. Through its amalgamation of technology and healthcare, this system exemplifies a robust solution for precise medication dispensation. Its successful development, coupled with envisioned future enhancements, promises a transformative impact on healthcare delivery. By addressing medication management challenges through automation and precision, this system paves the way for a future where technology plays a central role in ensuring timely and accurate medication intake, ultimately enhancing patient well-being and fostering a more efficient healthcare ecosystem.

VI. FUTURE SCOPE

In the realm of future enhancements, the Automatic Drug Dispenser System using ESP32 holds promise for expanded horizons. Potential developments include IoT integration, personalized algorithms, multi-medication handling, and seamless healthcare integration. These advancements aim to revolutionize medication management, fostering remote monitoring, personalized schedules, versatile medication handling, and streamlined healthcare connectivity. Such endeavours signify an exciting trajectory, positioning this system as a catalyst for progressive healthcare solutions in the evolving landscape of medication adherence.

1) Enhanced Connectivity and Remote Monitoring: Introducing IoT capabilities can enable remote monitoring and connectivity features. Integrating the system with cloud services or mobile applications could allow caregivers or healthcare professionals to remotely monitor medication adherence, receive alerts, and adjust schedules as needed, fostering a more comprehensive and accessible healthcare solution.

2) Smart Medication Management Algorithms: Implementing machine learning algorithms or AI-driven models can personalize medication schedules based on individual health data and historical adherence patterns. This could optimize dosage timings, adapt schedules to changing health conditions, and provide proactive suggestions for medication adjustments, thereby improving effectiveness and adherence.

3)Expansion to Multi-Medication Dispensing: Extending the system's capabilities to handle multiple medications concurrently could cater to individuals with complex medication regimens. Designing mechanisms for sorting and dispensing various types of pills or medications accurately, possibly through modular compartments or identification technology, would enhance the system's versatility.



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