

Automatic Railway Gates and Platform Extension Using Arduino Uno

V.DHARANI SRI ECE IARE D. JAGAN GOUD ECE IARE

CH. ANKITH ECE IARE

_____***______

Abstract Automatic railway gates are automated control systems to detect the presence of approaching trains and activate the gate mechanism to monitor the train's movement and trigger the gate's operation automatically.

Automatic railway platform extension using Arduino is the system that automatically extends the platform to align with the train's door, providing seamless access for passengers and preventing accidents or inconveniences caused by gaps between the train and the platform.

Key Words: Arduino UNO, Servo Motor, Ultrasonic Sensor, DC Motors, Arduino UNO Cable , Connecting Wires, PC with Arduino Software installed, GI Wire.

1.INTRODUCTION

Automatic railway gates are systems designed to control the movement of vehicles and pedestrians at railway crossings without requiring manual intervention. These gates are triggered by the approach of a train and are automatically closed to prevent accidents. The problem lies in the need to enhance safety, reduce human error, improve efficiency, and reduce delays at railway crossings.

A platform extension could involve the addition of automated systems for monitoring train schedules, enhancing safety measures, improving passenger experience or add new features.

- The system uses low-cost, efficient components, including the Arduino UNO, Ultrasonic sensor, servo motor and DC Motors making it affordable and easy to implement.
- 2. It reduces the death rate by controlling the gates in appropriate time and extending the platform only when the train arrives to the station and in contact with platform.
- 3. The automated gate operation ensures that gate opens at only desired time interval and reducing manual intervention and increasing efficiency.
- 4. As soon as train leaves the platform the gap between the train and platform is going to be free and form as a bar gate such that no one is allowed

to enter the zone until next train reaches the platform.

5. By minimizing human involvement and errors, we can reduce the human loss.

This paper explores the system's design and functionality, demonstrating its potential to revolutionize in RAILWAY SYSTEM.

2. BODY OF PAPER

An intelligent Railway system is an automated solution designed to effectively reduce death rate in railways and railway accidents.

Our product do not use any microcontroller which makes us unique from other products available outside in the market. The products which are available uses the sensors or microcontrollers which gets activated by software code whereas in our product we do not require any external source (programmable logic).

For platform extension we use Arduino UNO to extend the temporary platform .

2.1 Hardware Components

Arduino UNO: Serves as the central processing unit, controlling all connected components.

- Ultrasonic Sensors: Detect train presence at the starting point of platform.
- Servo Motor: Operates the gate between train and platform .
- **DC Motor**: Used to operates gates which are present between roads and railway track .
- **Power Supply:** Ensures stable operation of all components.



2.2 Software Components

- Embedded C: Used to program the Arduino UNO for system operations.
- Arduino IDE: Development environment for writing and uploading the code

2.3. System Design and Working

2.3.1 Initialization

When powered on, the Arduino UNO initializes all components, including the Ultrasonic sensors, servo motor, and DC motors .The DC motors controls the gates which are in between road and railway track and servo motor control the gap between platform and train.

2.3.2 Vehicle Detection

The Ultrasonic sensor at the entrance detects a train approaching by detecting the interruption in its infrared radius. The sensor sends a signal to the Arduino one to confirm the presence of the train .

2.3.3 Decision-Making Process

After detecting a train, Arduino sends and signal to servo motor to get active .And this servo motor gets active and start closing gap between train and platform.

2.3.4 Automatic gates controlling

The Supply to DC motors is given continuously but they and not in series in order to become active .A string connected at the top of the train .before the train reaching the roads the string turns this DC motors active and gate will be down.

2.4 Benefits of the System

- 1. Automation: Reduces the need for manual intervention, making Railway system more efficient.
- **2.** Cost-Effective: Utilizes low-cost components for widespread affordability.

3. Real-Time Updates: Automatically gates will be operated without man power, reducing accidents and human loss.

2.5 STEPS INVOLVED

Requirement Analysis

The uniqueness of our model is that we don't use any sensor or microcontroller to operate railway gates and in railway platform extension we use Arduino UNO such that we don't need any manual support it gets the work done by own! The microcontroller counts up to the given value (10seconds delay time) and operates the switch by give input voltage 5v.

Component Selection and Procurement

Selecting suitable hardware components:

- **Arduino Uno**: For processing and controlling the system.
- Ultrasonic Sensors: To detect train presence at the starting point of track and it controls the servo motor .
- Servo Motor: To operate the barrier gate.
- **DC Motor**:Used to control gates present between the roads and railway gates.

0

System Design

- Designing the circuit diagram for hardware connections and layout.
- Developing the logic flow for the system, including train detection, decision-making, and gap management ,gates closing .

Hardware Assembly

- Connecting the components as per the circuit diagram, ensuring proper wiring and connections.
- Mounting the Ultrasonic sensor at appropriate locations for accurate train detection.

Software Development



Volume: 09 Issue: 01 | Jan - 2025

SJIF Rating: 8.448

ISSN: 2582-3930

- Writing the code for the Arduino Uno using the Arduino IDE, implementing the following functionalities:
 - Initializing components.
 - Train detection and gap closing between train and platform.
 - \circ Barrier gate control via the servo motor.

0

System Integration and Testing

- Integrating the hardware and software components.
- Testing individual modules (Ultrasonic sensor detection, servo motor operation).
- Conducting end-to-end testing to verify the system's performance in detecting train, at railway station and near the roads also.
- Identifying and resolving issues, such as sensor misalignment, software bugs.
- Optimizing the code and fine-tuning sensor placement for enhanced accuracy.

Final Implementation

- Deploying the system in a railway environment for demonstration purposes.
- Documenting the process and results for the research paper.

2.6 CHALLENGES FACED

Component Compatibility: Ensure that all components (Ultrasonic sensors, motor servants, Connecting and managing the contact between train and GI wire strings) are compatible with Arduino Uno and can operate simultaneously without interference.

Sensor precision: By calibrating the Ultrasonic sensors to carefully detect the presence of the train , avoiding false positive or negative due to environmental factors such as lighting conditions or reflexes. Power problems: Manage the power requirements for the servo motor and other components to prevent voltage falls, which could affect the performance of the system.

Software bug: Debug code errors, in particular in the complex decision -making logic for the train detection and control of the gate.

Data processing in real time: Ensure that Arduino one processes the data from the sensors and updates the system in real time without delays.

Mechanical Alignment: Achieving precise alignment of the servo motor and barrier to ensure smooth operation without mechanical failure.

Scalability: Designing the system to handle a larger number of train present at a time in different platforms , which may require additional sensors and more complex logic.

Environmental Factors: Addressing potential environmental challenges such as dust buildup on sensors or fluctuating light conditions, which can affect the performance of Ultrasonic sensor.

Cost Constraints: Balancing functionality with costeffectiveness to create a viable solution to reduce railway accidents.

By overcoming these challenges, automatic railway gates and platform extension using arduino uno System successfully provides an efficient and reliable solution for railway accident management.

2.7 APPLICATIONS

This project is used in railway system and also it can be implemented for any other road or land transportation



- Railway Crossings
- Object Detection Methods
- Dynamic Platform Management

2.8 ADVANTAGES

- 1. Automation: Reduces the need for manual intervention, saving time and resources.
- Cost-Effective Solution: Low-cost hardware ad simple design make it accessible for small-scale implementations.
- Environmentally Friendly: Involves only electrical components no damage to environment, infact it reduces the human loss.
- Scalability: This system can be used widely in railway environment not only in INDIA but also in other countries also.
- Low Maintenance: Minimal mechanical components reduce maintenance requirements and long-term costs.

2.9 Changes and improvements for future research

Existing methods for automatic railway gates and platform extension using Arduino UNO involve sensor integration to detect train presence and size. For gates, infrared or magnetic sensors trigger automatic closing. For platform extension, ultrasonic sensors measure the train's length, and the Arduino controls actuators to adjust platform sections. These systems improve safety, reduce human intervention, and enhance accessibility, with Arduino UNO serving as a cost-effective, reliable control unit for automation.

Advanced sensors

Replace Ultrasonic sensors with IR sensors for greater accuracy and better train detection .

Mobile application development

Create a companion app that allows users to check the timming of a train reaching the station and when it is crossing the particular road present in between the track.

AI and machine learning

Use AI algorithms to for the train detection near the tracks and and the roads to control both servo motor and dc motors.

These changes would not only improve the functionality of the intelligent railway system, but would also tune in to modern technological progress and research trends.

3. CONCLUSIONS

Automatic railway gates are systems designed to control the movement of vehicles and pedestrians at railway crossings without requiring manual intervention. These gates are triggered by the approach of a train and are automatically closed to prevent accidents. The problem lies in the need to enhance safety, reduce human error, improve efficiency, and reduce delays at railway crossings.

A platform extension could involve the addition of automated systems for monitoring train schedules, enhancing safety measures, improving passenger experience or add new features.

Our product satisfies the criteria and expectations of the customer easily if he requires a time limit based circuitry or application .Government Railway system is our customers who operates railway gates manually , the platform extension and we are providing an automation to solve the issue.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We express our heartfelt gratitude to all those who contributed to the successful completion of our research project on the automatic railway gates and platform extension using arduino uno .First and foremost, we would like to thank our faculty mentor, DR.D Veeraswamy , for their invaluable guidance, encouragement, and expertise, which were instrumental in shaping the project's direction and execution.

We also extend our gratitude to our institution, Institute of aeronautical Engineering for providing the resources and facilities necessary for conducting this research. The conducive learning environment and access to tools such as the Arduino Uno and development software greatly supported the practical implementation of our project.

Special thanks are due to our peers and colleagues for their constructive feedback and support throughout the development process.

Their suggestions and discussions enriched our understanding and enabled us to effectively overcome several challenges.

Finally, we would like to express our deep gratitude to our families and friends for their unwavering support and motivation throughout this journey.

This project would not have been possible without the collective efforts of all involved and we are sincerely grateful for the knowledge, skills and insights we have gained through this shared experience.

REFERENCES

Agarwal, P., & Verma, R. (2021). "Cost-effective automation in railway systems using Arduino." International Journal of Automation, 9(1), 77-85. Patel, R., & Jadhav, M. (2020). "Arduino-based automatic railway gate control system." International Journal of Engineering and Technology, 12(3), 143-150. Sharma, R., & Singh, S. (2018). "Platform extension system using Arduino for train safety." Journal of Rail Transport Engineering, 5(2), 102-110