

Automatized Medical Chatbot

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Abstract— The goal of the project Intelligent systems chat bots is to investigate the potential of AI agents in the modern environment. Artificial intelligence was created by Alan Turing (1912–1954, considered as the "father of modern computing"). He laid the groundwork for the creation of computer science by breaking the code known as Enigma, which the Germans deployed during World War II and was widely believed to be unbreakable. He also studied the potential of digital computers and artificially intelligent machines. In his 1950 article on Machine Learning and intelligence, he asks "Can machines think?" The Turing test, which he created, measures a machine's ability to exhibit intelligent behaviour that is comparable to or even indistinguishable from that of a human. He explores this concept in further detail throughout the paper, and I came across an intriguing statement. To cite Turing directly, "I believe that in about fifty years' time it will be possible to programme computers with a storage capacity of about 109 billion bits", they should be trained to play the game of imitating so well that after just five minutes of interrogation, an ordinary interrogator won't have a chance to identify them with more than 70% accuracy." [Turing, 1950]. Not too far off was he. At an event hosted at Reading University's School of Systems Engineering in June 2014, Eugene, a computer programme that acted as a 13-year-old Ukrainian boy, was claimed to have passed the Turing test. Although some specialists in artificial intelligence contest this as a real win, it is fascinating to observe how accurate Turing's forecast was. (BBC Tech, 2014) Currently, messaging programmes are the most popular application in the world, and several businesses are already utilising this fact by creating their own chatbots to supplement their social media presence. Businesses should take advantage of the fact that messaging apps occupy the majority of users' time. Soon, using a bot will be simpler than using a website or app because they are getting faster and smarter. According to a recent study on chatbots, \$24 billion has been invested in the creation of AI-driven bot apps by 180 associated companies, or 7. [Gatti, Venturebeat, 2017] Microsoft CEO Satya Nadella was quoted saying "Bots are the new applications." [USA Today, 2016] Cava With Microsoft intent on delving deeper into the area of chat bots and boosting chatbot innovation and sophistication, As I dug deeper into Microsoft's newest platform, I discovered this initiative to be both engaging and thrilling.; Bot Framework from Microsoft. Many firms, like Ebay,

Skyscanner, StubHub, and Foursquare, have already created their own bots utilising the Bot Framework., I anticipate that within the next few years, every big company will have a chat bot to handle simple client inquiries and possibly even full orders. Chat bots have the potential to replace call centres; users may get answers to their questions by simply opening their preferred messaging platform and conversing with a bot.

Keywords- Chatbot, Healthcare, Artificial Intelligence, Virtual Assistance, NLP, CNN .

I. INTRODUCTION

In recent years, there has been an increase in interest in using artificial intelligence (AI) and natural language processing (NLP) methods to improve patient care and medical services. The creation of medical help chatbots, which use NLP and convolutional neural network (CNN) algorithms to provide interactive and individualised support to patients, is one application of this technology. NLP and CNN algorithms are used to power medical help chatbots, which can comprehend and react to user inquiries about a range of health issues, symptoms, and basic medical information. These chatbots deliver on-demand, easily accessible, and precise medical advice in an effort to close the communication gap between patients and healthcare professionals. Chatbots that provide medical aid are built on NLP algorithms, which make it possible to interpret and comprehend human language. These algorithms enable chatbots to interpret user inputs, extract important information, and generate appropriate responses using techniques such as natural language understanding (NLU) and natural language generation (NLG). NLP algorithms also help chatbots learn and evolve over time, increasing their accuracy and efficacy. CNN algorithms, which complement NLP, play an important role in medical support chatbots by analysing and extracting significant insights from medical images and visual data. Image classification, segmentation, and extraction of features tasks are

ideally suited for CNNs. CNN algorithms can be used to decipher medical pictures like X-rays, CT scans, and MRIs in the context of a medical chatbot, assisting in the detection of potential anomalies and assisting in the initial diagnosis process. Medical help chatbots can offer a more thorough and knowledgeable virtual consultation experience by fusing NLP and CNN algorithms. Patients can converse with the chatbot, discussing their symptoms or providing photographs of their medical conditions. The chatbot can then utilise CNN algorithms to analyse the images and NLP algorithms to comprehend text-based queries in order to provide responses that are correct and pertinent. The use of NLP and algorithms based on CNN in medical support chatbots has several advantages, including quicker access to medical data, shorter wait times, better patient involvement, and early identification of potential health problems. These chatbots can also act as helpful triage tools, directing users to the best medical care options based on their signs and symptoms and severity. In summary, the implementation of NLP and CNN algorithms in medical aid chatbots has an opportunity to completely transform the healthcare sector. These chatbots can offer trustworthy and individualised medical advice by utilising machine learning and AI, which will improve patient outcomes and healthcare delivery as overall.

2. Related Work

1. Model of Multi-turn Dialogue in Emotional Chatbot Author:Chien-Hao Kao,Chih-Chieh Chen: For chatbots to be commercially successful, intent identification and natural language processing of multiturn dialogue are essential. For the purpose to save human resources, chatbots are mostly employed to handle certain activities. They can inform clients about items or address relevant issues. Text sentiment analysis makes possible.
2. The Potential of Chatbots: Analysis of Chatbot Conversations Author :Mubashra Akhtar,Julia Neidhardt: For chatbots to be commercially successful, intent identification and natural language processing of multiturn dialogue are essential. For the purpose to save human resources, chatbots are mostly employed to handle certain activities. They can inform clients about items or address relevant issues. Text sentiment analysis makes possible. In order to provide the greatest care, a chatbot needs to be able to assess the user's emotional condition. The multiturn conversation system and the sentiment recognition model were coupled in the current research to create a chatbots that is intended to be used in everyday conversations not for specific tasks.
3. Yapay Zeka Tabanlı Rehber Robotlara Genel Bir Bakış ve Örnek Bir Rehber Robot Uygulaması An Overview of Artificial Intelligence Based Chat bots and An Example Chatbot Application Author:Naz Albayrak, Aydeniz Ozdemir and Engin Zeydan: Software that uses artificial intelligence to converse with people is known as a chatbot. These programmes are used to carry out duties including promptly replying to users' inquiries, informing them, assisting with product purchases, and improving customer service. In the current piece, we outline the general operating theory, fundamental ideas, and uses of

chatbots powered by machine learning in a variety of fields, including telecommunications, finance, health, customer call centres, and e-commerce. Additionally, utilising the suggested design, the outcomes of a real-life chatbot for donation service created for a telecommunications service provider are provided.

3. Proposed Work

A. Problem Definition

It is challenging to regularly have access to a hospital and a doctor. The process of contacting hospitals for routine consulting is time- and money-consuming. Localised individuals must be able to easily contact with medical professionals, which is made possible by a machine learning technique. It might be challenging for regular people to obtain timely advice from health experts at a reasonable price. The use of technology can lessen this.

B. Proposed System

Some virtual assistants are little medical books of reference that might be helpful for anyone who would like to discover more about health as well as patients, doctors, and other professionals. The user has the impression that they are actively involved in their health. It is crucial for the benefit of the patient and the healthcare practitioner that patients who use chatbots to connect with the healthcare system and feel included in it do so. The old chatbots are client communication systems, and a website's question and answer section is their finest offering. Without human intervention, a bot can help with typical health-related questions and disease prediction. Users can report their health-related concerns and questions using this system. Customers' needs are the top priority for

Proposed Methodology

A. Dataset Description

1. Medical Knowledge Datasets: These datasets include details on ailments, signs, therapies, drugs, and other pertinent medical knowledge. They frequently come from reliable sources like clinical guidelines, research articles, or medical textbooks.
2. Sets of medical questions and the related expert responses make up the medical question-answering databases. They may be gathered via online medical discussion boards, health-related websites, or professional advice.

B. Classification Algorithm

CNNs can also be used for Natural Language Processing (NLP) applications like sentiment analysis or text classification. CNNs are frequently used in NLP for document- or sentence-level classification.

B1. Natural Language Processing

There are various algorithms and techniques used in Natural Language Processing (NLP) to solve a wide range of tasks. Here are some commonly used NLP algorithms:

Tokenization: Tokenization is the process of breaking text into individual words, phrases, or symbols called tokens. It is a fundamental step in NLP that forms the basis for further analysis.

Stop Word Removal: Stop words are common words that often do not carry significant meaning in a sentence (e.g., "a," "the," "is"). Removing stop words can help reduce noise and improve computational efficiency in certain NLP tasks.

B2.Convolutional Neural Network

The classification algorithm used in CNNs is typically a combination of the softmax function and the cross-entropy loss. Here's an explanation of how it works:

Softmax Function: The softmax function is applied to the output of the final fully connected layer. It transforms the raw output values into a probability distribution over the possible classes. The softmax function calculates the exponential of each output value and normalizes them so that they sum up to 1. This ensures that each value represents the probability of the input belonging to a particular class.

Cross-Entropy Loss: The cross-entropy loss is used to measure the difference between the predicted probability distribution and the true label of the input. It quantifies how well the network is performing in terms of classification accuracy. The cross-entropy loss is defined as the negative logarithm of the predicted probability of the true class. The goal of training the CNN is to minimize this loss.

During the training process, the network adjusts its weights and biases using backpropagation and gradient descent optimization to minimize the cross-entropy loss. It calculates the gradients of the loss with respect to the network parameters and updates them accordingly.

In the inference phase, after the CNN is trained, the softmax function is applied to the output of the final layer to obtain the probability distribution over the classes. The class with the highest probability is then considered as the predicted label for the input.

It's important to note that while the softmax function and cross-entropy loss are commonly used for classification tasks, there may be variations and modifications depending on the specific implementation or problem domain.

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

THE STRUCTURE WE DEVELOP TO MAKE CLIENT BENEFITS STRAIGHTFORWARD. WE ARE ATTEMPTING TO MAKE THE FRAMEWORK EASY TO LINK AT THAT POINT. THERE WILL BE NO COMPELLING NEED TO HANG ON FOR THE ANSWER OR PRESS THE CATCH TO SELECT THE OPTION. HERE, WE EMPLOY THE LANGUAGE INTERPRETER, SPEECH TO CONTENT, AND SPEECH RECOGNITION MODULES. A CHATBOT SERVICE PROVIDER SERVES AS CUSTOMER SUPPORT FOR NUMEROUS BUSINESSES, INSTITUTIONS, INDUSTRIES, ETC., OR IT MIGHT SERVE AS A PERSONAL ASSISTANT FOR EVERYONE ON THE PLANET. BOTS CREATED ON OUR WEBSITE CAN ALSO AID WITH MEMORY RETENTION. FOR MANY BUSINESSES, IT MIGHT ALSO BE USEFUL IN LURING CLIENTS FROM ACROSS THE COUNTRY. BY PROVIDING THEM JOKES, STATISTICS, QUOTES, AND OTHER FORMS OF ENTERTAINMENT WHENEVER THEY ARE DROWSY. PERFORMANCE WAS OUR FIRST PRIORITY WHEN CREATING OUR PROJECT, AS WE WANTED IT TO BE ABLE TO SERVE MILLIONS OF CLIENTS AT ONCE. THE BEST TESTING FINDINGS AND REPLIES FROM THE DEVELOPED SYSTEM LED TO THE CONCLUSION THAT THE METHODOLOGY IS SUCCESSFULLY TESTED.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We would prefer to give thanks the researchers likewise publishers for creating their resources available. We are grateful to guide, reviewer for their valuable suggestions and also thank the college authorities for providing the required infrastructure and support.

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