

Billy-Buddy Against Cyber Bullying

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Abstract— Cyberbullying has become an alarming issue in the digital age, profoundly impacting mental health and societal well-being. To address this concern, we present "Billy-Buddy Against Cyber Bullying," a comprehensive web-based solution aimed at mitigating the impact of cyberbullying. Leveraging cutting-edge web development Tools like React.js, Node.js, Express.js, MongoDB, and APIs like Groq, this platform offers functionalities for anonymous reporting, statistical tracking, community support, and real-time assistance through an interactive chatbot.

Keywords— Cyberbullying, mental health, React.js, Node.js, MongoDB, anonymous reporting, statistical tracking, community support, chatbot, cybercrime.

I. INTRODUCTION

Cyberbullying has become a widespread and serious issue in today's world, where online communication has become an essential part of daily life. Many people use the internet to connect with others, share information, and express themselves. While it offers countless benefits, the internet also provides a space for bullies to harm others easily, often hiding behind fake accounts. Cyberbullying can happen in many ways, like sending hurtful messages, spreading lies, sharing private information without permission, or making fake profiles to bother someone. Victims of cyberbullying often feel sad, scared, or embarrassed, which stops them from reporting the abuse or seeking help. This silence allows the bullying to continue and worsen, causing harm to their emotional well-being and mental health. Many victims fear being judged, blamed, or ignored, which adds to their stress and prevents them from speaking up. The effects of cyberbullying can be long-lasting, making it crucial to address this issue effectively. The "Billy - Buddy Against Cyber Bullying" project is dedicated to supporting victims and creating a safe space to fight against cyberbullying. It provides a secure, anonymous, and user-friendly platform where individuals can report incidents and seek help without fear or hesitation. This initiative focuses on delivering timely support, raising awareness about cyberbullying, and fostering a sense of belonging through a caring and compassionate community. Additionally, the project aims to educate people about the harmful impacts of cyberbullying and encourage others to stand against it. By offering resources and emotional support,

it hopes to help prevent future bullying and make the online world a safer place for everyone.

II. EASE OF USE

[1] The study focuses on developing smart AI systems that can understand and detect harmful online behaviour, like bullying, in multiple languages. This is important because people speak and interact in many different languages on the internet. The research likely discusses how these AI tools can recognise harmful words, phrases, or patterns of bullying, no matter the language used. It also aims to make online platforms safer by helping stop cyberbullying before it spreads further. This technology could be useful for social media sites, chat platforms, and any online spaces where people communicate.

[2] This article reviews how deep learning, a powerful form of artificial intelligence, is being used to fight cyberbullying online. It explores different deep-learning techniques that help computers identify harmful messages or behaviours, such as detecting offensive language, abusive patterns, or repeated harassment. The review also discusses the strengths and challenges of using these technologies, such as the need for a lot of data, ethical concerns, and ensuring the AI works accurately for different age groups, languages, and cultures. This research shows how deep learning can help make online spaces safer by stopping harmful behaviour.

[3] This study focuses on the difficulties and ethical concerns related to using artificial intelligence to stop cyberbullying. The research highlights issues such as ensuring fairness in AI algorithms so they don't wrongly accuse users, dealing with different languages and cultural differences in communication, and protecting users' privacy when monitoring online interactions. It also talks about the need for transparency in how AI makes decisions and the importance of preventing misuse of these technologies. The study provides a detailed look at the challenges of using AI responsibly to create safer digital spaces and discusses potential ways to overcome these problems. Let me know if you'd like more details or examples from this research.

[4] This study explores how machine learning, a type of artificial intelligence, is being used to identify and reduce online hate speech. The paper discusses different machine-learning techniques for analyzing large amounts of

online content to detect hateful messages, including text, images, and videos. It also highlights challenges such as accurately understanding the context of messages (to avoid false positives), handling multiple languages, and distinguishing hate speech from free expression. The research emphasizes how these tools can help create safer online platforms by automatically flagging or removing harmful content. It provides valuable Understanding of the strong points, limitations, and future directions of using machine learning to tackle hate and harmful behaviour online.

[5] This research focuses on using Natural Language Processing (NLP), a branch of artificial intelligence, to fight cyberbullying online. The study explains how NLP techniques can analyze the text of messages, comments, and posts to identify harmful or offensive language. It discusses various methods, such as sentiment analysis, context recognition, and keyword detection, that help detect bullying patterns in online communication. The paper also talks about difficulties in dealing with slang, emojis, and abbreviations used in bullying, as well as handling data in different languages. This research highlights the importance of combining AI with NLP to create smarter systems that can better understand and respond to harmful behaviour, ultimately making online interactions safer.

[6] According to the article, one in ten young people experience cyberbullying, yet many of them do not report the abuse. The article discusses reasons behind this, such as fear of retaliation, embarrassment, or a lack of knowledge on how to report incidents. It also emphasizes the impact of cyberbullying on mental health, leading to stress, anxiety, and even depression among teenagers. The need for better reporting systems, awareness, and education on cyberbullying prevention and support is highlighted as a key area for improvement in India. This piece sheds light on the gap between the occurrence of cyberbullying and the actions taken to address it, pointing to the importance of creating more accessible resources for both victims and bystanders.

[7] The study presents a technique for identifying aggressive language in posts, comments, and messages across various social media platforms. The authors explain how natural language processing (NLP) and machine learning are used to study text and sort it by aggression levels. By using algorithms, the method aims to flag offensive or harmful content, which can then be dealt with by moderators or automated systems. This research contributes to creating safer online spaces by offering an automated way to detect aggression, which is crucial in preventing harmful online behaviors like cyberbullying or verbal abuse.

III. METHODOLOGY

3.1 Flowchart (User Portal)

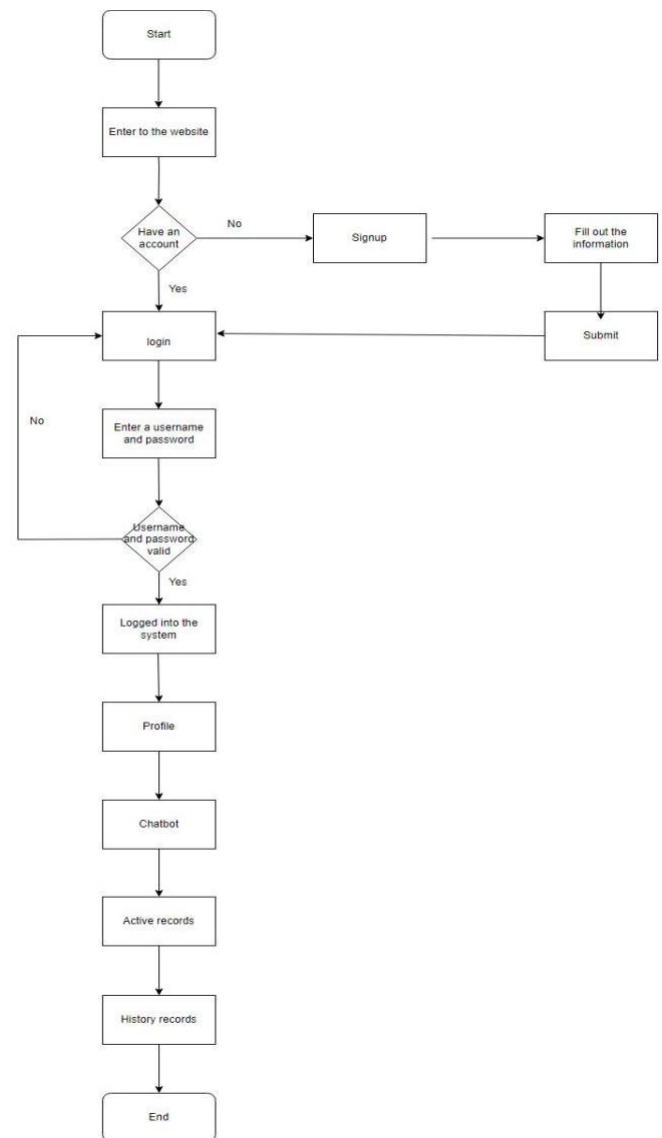


Fig. 1 Workflow of the Proposed User Portal.

- **Start:** The system begins its operation.
- **Enter to the website:** The user visits the website.
- **Have an account?:** The system checks if the user already has an account:
 - If No, the user goes to the Signup step.
 - If Yes, the user proceeds to the Login step.
- **Signup:**
 - The user fills out the required information in a form.
 - After completing the form, they click Submit.
 - The system then sends them back to the login step.
- **Login:**

- The user enters their username and password.
- The system checks if the username and password are valid:
 - If No, the user returns to the Enter username and password step.
 - If Yes, the user is successfully logged into the system.
- **Logged into the system:** Once logged in, the user can access various features:
 - **Profile:** View or update personal information.
 - **Chatbot:** Interact with the website's chatbot for help or support.
 - **Active records:** View records or data actively being worked on.
 - **History records:** Access past records or data.
- **End:** The process concludes.

3.2 Flowchart (Admin Portal)

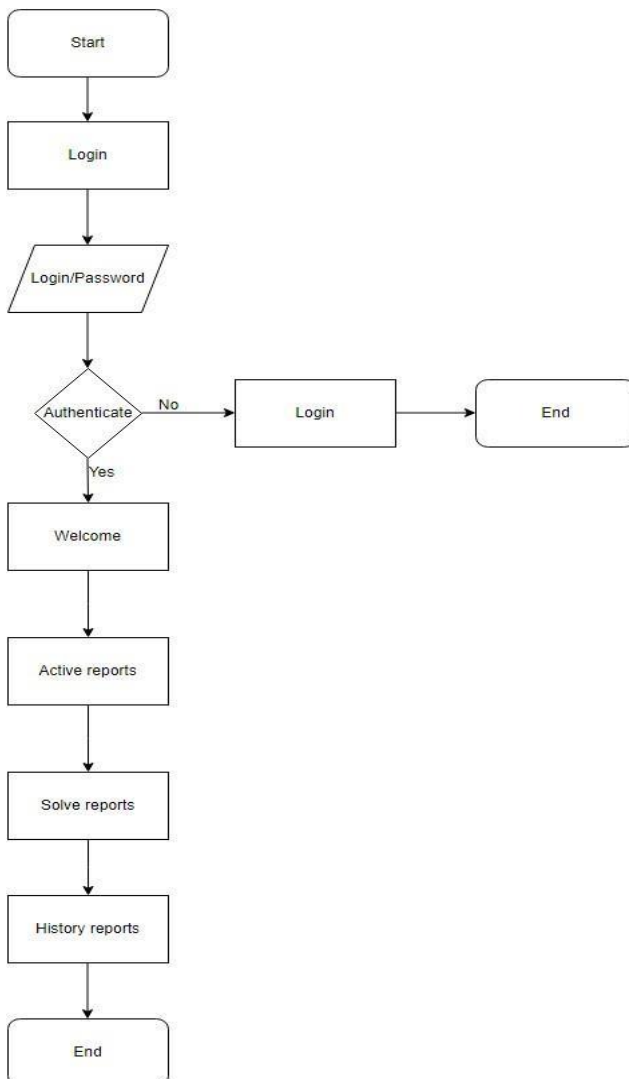


Fig. 2 Workflow of the Proposed Admin Portal.

- **Start:** The process begins.
- **Login:** The user enters their login credentials, including their username and password.
- **Authenticate:** The system checks if the login credentials are correct:
 - If No: The user is sent back to the **Login** step. If they fail multiple times, the process ends.
 - If Yes: The user successfully logs into the system and moves to the next step.
- **Welcome:** The system displays a welcome page or message to the user.
- **Active reports:** The user accesses or views current active reports in the system.
- **Solve reports:** The user works on solving or addressing the active reports.
- **History reports:** After solving the reports, the user can view records or reports completed in the past.
- **End:** The process finishes when the user completes all actions.

IV. SOFTWARE

Billy-Buddy is a web application designed to combat cyberbullying by providing users with tools to report incidents, access support resources, and engage with a community. The application uses React.js, Node.js, and MongoDB to make it fast, responsive, and scalable.

4.1 Frontend:

React.js: A tool for building user interfaces. It helps create reusable parts of a website, making it faster and easier to develop responsive applications.

Key Libraries:

- **React Router:** Helps navigate between pages in the app.
- **Axios:** Used to connect the app to the backend and fetch data.
- **Redux:** Helps manage and share information across different parts of the app.

4.2 Backend:

Node.js: A program that runs JavaScript on a server. It's used to build the backend, manage tasks, and handle API requests.

Express.js: A helper for Node.js that makes it easier to create APIs, handle requests, and define routes.

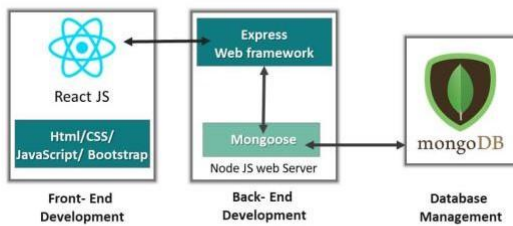
4.3 Backend:

MongoDB: A database that stores information in a flexible, easy-to-read format similar to JSON. It is used to store user data, reports, and other resources.

4.4 APIs:

GROQ: A language for retrieving specific information from the database efficiently. It is used to get the right data from MongoDB when needed.

MERN Stack Development



EDUCBA

Fig. 3 Mern Stack Development.

V. RESULTS & DISCUSSION

The web platform was successfully developed and tested, demonstrating the ability to handle real-time interactions effectively. Key performance indicators such as system responsiveness, user engagement, and data security were achieved. Victims of cyberbullying expressed high satisfaction with the support provided by the platform, noting that the anonymous reporting system increased their comfort in taking action.



Fig. 4 User Portal Login Page.



Fig. 5 User page.



Fig.6 User Chatbot.

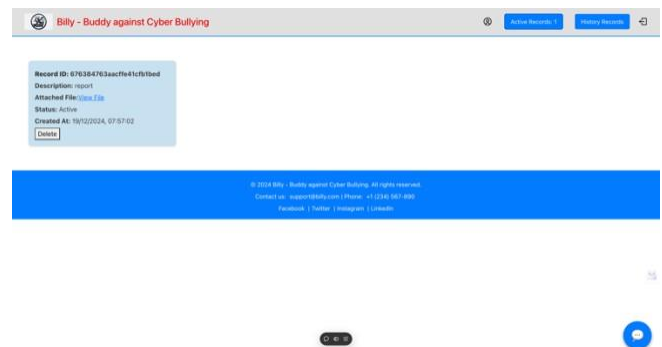


Fig.7 User Active Records.



Fig.8 Admin Login.

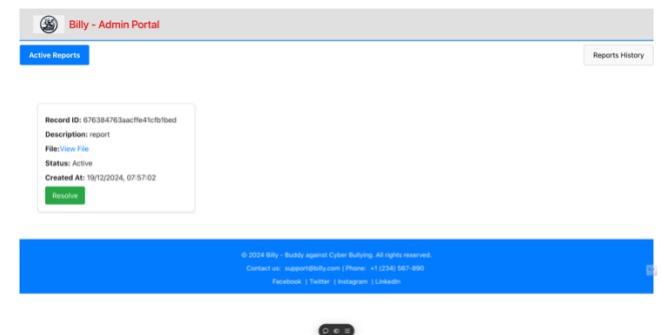


Fig. 9 Admin Active Reports.

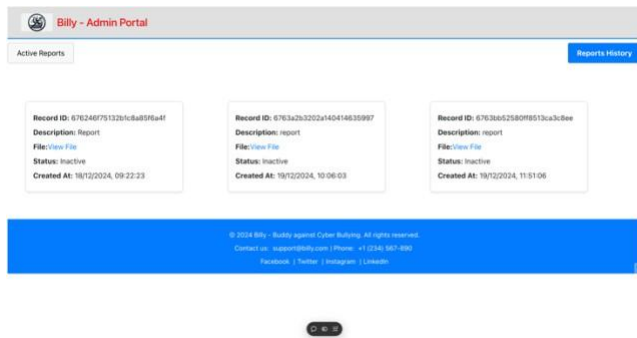


Fig. 10 Admin Reports History.

VI. FUTURE WORK

- **Multi-Language Support:** Adding more languages will help the platform reach people from different regions.
- **Enhanced Chatbot Capabilities:** Improving the AI to handle more complex queries and provide personalized responses.
- **Advanced Analytics:** Develop predictive analytics to identify high-risk patterns of cyberbullying and proactively alert authorities or users.
- **Mobile Application:** Creating a mobile app to enhance accessibility and convenience for users.
- **Partnerships with Educational Institutions:** Collaborating with schools and colleges to promote awareness and usage of the platform.
- **Integration with Social Media Platforms:** Building tools to integrate with major social media sites for quicker reporting and intervention.
- **Community Engagement Features:** Adding gamification elements like badges and rewards for active participation in the community forum to encourage constructive engagement.

VII. CONCLUSION

The "Billy - Buddy Against Cyber Bullying" project highlights how technology can play a significant role in tackling social issues. By combining modern web technologies with user-friendly features, the platform provides a safe and supportive space for individuals affected by cyberbullying. It offers easy access to report incidents anonymously, connects victims with support, and helps raise awareness about cyberbullying. Through its user-centric design and real-time features, the project aims to make a positive impact, helping victims feel less isolated while also enabling authorities to monitor and address cybercrimes more effectively. Ultimately, the project shows how digital solutions can be used to create safer online communities.

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