

Customers Perception on Online Loan Services in Tirupur City

K.T. Akshay Mohan,
Ph.D. Research Scholar,
Department of Commerce,
Karuppannan Mariappan College,
Muthur

Dr. C. Selvakumar,
Associate Professor (Former),
Department of Commerce,
Karuppannan Mariappan College,
Muthur

ABSTRACT

The rapid pace of financial institutions introducing online loan services has changed the way customers interact with lending platforms, offering a more convenient and faster way to access personal loans. This researching analyzes customer perceptions of online loan services in Tirupur City and attempts to identify the major service quality factors that affect overall satisfaction with the online loan services. The research also examined the influence of demographic variables such as age, level of education, and digital literacy levels on the experiences of customers with online loan applications. From a thorough review of the literature, while there have been many studies on online banking, there has been a lack of research on the online consumer finance market, and especially in developing urban communities such as Tirupur. The study will utilize a modified E-S-QUAL model to evaluate the impact of four dimensions of service quality: efficiency, system availability, fulfillment, and privacy. The findings for the study show that all four attributes of service quality positively and significantly affect customers' overall satisfaction with the online loan service. Finally, there are no significant differences in satisfaction with the online loan service when considering the demographic variables examined; therefore, age, level of education and level of digital literacy do not influence customers' perceptions of service quality. This study contributes to the growing body of knowledge on digital financial services by highlighting the specific factors that influence customer satisfaction in the context of online loan applications in Tirupur. It provides valuable insights for financial institutions seeking to improve service delivery and better cater to the needs of customers in this region.

Key Words: Perceptions, Service Quality, Customer Satisfaction, E-S-QUAL and Efficiency

INTRODUCTION

More recently, as online lending has grown, consumers benefit from a more convenient, speedy, flexible way to access credit. Borrowers can now use digital platforms to apply for loans at any place and time, avoiding bank visits completely. The shift to digital platforms and online lending has been particularly disruptive in Tirupur City, as technology is bringing traditional banking services closer to the needs of a digital generation. As financial institutions add more online channels, understanding the factors which may influence overall customer satisfaction becomes very important. In addition to overall perceptions of service quality, factors such as; efficiency, privacy, reliability of systems, and fulfillment are all factors that will influence the customer experience online for loans. The perceptions from these areas can really influence the speed of approval for loans, but also affect overall trust and convenience during the online loan application process.

While there has been significant growth in online lending channels, there hasn't been extensive research done on how consumers from smaller locations such as Tirupur view these product channels. As digital lending continues to gain traction and competition between digital lenders intensifies, it will be helpful for financial institutions to understand local customers' perceptions. The objective of this article is to study how demographic characteristics, such as age, education, and other digital fluency/general tech savviness, impact customer

satisfaction with online loan products in Tirupur. By focusing on these demographic variables, the study is set out to understand the primary elements that create satisfaction as well as loyalty, and allow online lenders to enhance service delivery across differing digital networks. This information can aid in refining the user experience and provide institutions with an advantage in the competitive financial landscape when forging relationships in a business digital age.

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

While there are many online lending platforms, there is little research to ascertain whether or not consumers living in smaller cities or towns like Tirupur have similar perceptions of them. Digital lending has become a popular way to procure consumer credit; however, they are often marred by concerns regarding security, use ability, and customer service. With more financial institutions and fintech companies embracing digital-only lending, it is important to know if and how consumers in Tirupur interact with and perceive online loan products, as this would provide useful insights regarding satisfaction and credibility, among others. User experiences will differ based on varied levels of education, income, and digital fluency. Additionally, the lack of face-to-face interactions inherent in online platforms amplifies the necessity of service quality, responsiveness, and system reliability. This study intends to bridge the gap in literature on this subject by conducting research on customer perceptions in Tirupur, and identifying the most salient factors associated with a positive level of satisfaction and how the consumers perceptions are shaped or suggested by demographic variables, therefore providing insight for online lenders regarding how to retrieve essential information to improve their services, and responder to the needs of local consumers more effectively.

OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY

The study aims to examine customers' perceptions of online loan services in Tirupur city, with the following objectives:

- To identify the key factors influencing customer perception of online loan services.
- To assess the impact of service quality on customer satisfaction with online loan platforms.
- To analyze the role of demographic factors in shaping customer satisfaction and trust in online loan services.
- To provide recommendations for improving online loan services and contribute to the understanding of digital lending in smaller cities.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

The rise of digitalization has significantly impacted the financial services sector, with online loan services gaining popularity due to their convenience, accessibility, and speed. As a result, understanding customer perceptions of online loan services has become essential for banks and financial institutions, particularly in emerging urban areas like Tirupur City, which is a growing hub of economic activity. This literature review aims to explore existing research on customer perceptions of online loan services, with a focus on the city of Tirupur.

Customer Perception of Online Loan Services

Customer perception of online loan services refers to how individuals view, understand, and evaluate digital loan offerings. According to Parasuraman et al. (2005), ease of use and perceived usefulness are crucial factors that shape customer attitudes towards online financial services. Customers typically assess whether an online loan platform is user-friendly, reliable, and meets their financial needs.

In the Indian context, Ghosh & Das (2019) found that customers' perceptions are often influenced by trust, technological proficiency, and personal financial experiences. Reddy & Prasad (2012) also argue that privacy concerns and trust in digital platforms are key to whether customers adopt online loan services. This resonates with Kumar & Ravi (2017), who highlighted that the perceived risk of data theft or fraud is a barrier for many potential users.

Factors Influencing Adoption of Online Loan Services

Several factors influence the adoption of online loan services, ranging from technological issues to cultural factors. Madhusudhan (2018) suggests that customer perception is strongly influenced by the accessibility of the loan process, including easy application procedures, fast approval, and minimal paperwork. Additionally, Pereira & Mendes (2020) argue that transparency in loan terms, such as interest rates and fees, directly impacts customers' trust and satisfaction with online services.

In rural and semi-urban areas like Tirupur, Srinivasan et al. (2021) found that factors such as financial literacy and digital literacy play a major role in determining whether customers are comfortable using online loan platforms. These findings suggest that while urban customers might be more inclined to adopt online loan services, users in developing urban areas may face challenges due to low technological access or understanding.

Role of Trust and Security in Online Loan Services

The role of trust and security is fundamental in shaping customers' perceptions of online loan services. Balasubramanian et al. (2003) emphasized that online service providers must ensure the security of sensitive data to mitigate customers' concerns about privacy breaches. In line with these findings, Yang & Fang (2004) concluded that customers are more likely to use online services when they perceive that their personal and financial data is secure.

In the context of Tirupur, where traditional banking is still common and customers are more familiar with in-person transactions, the perception of security could be a significant barrier to the adoption of online loan services. Reddy & Prasad (2012) further stress that in rural and semi-urban areas, customer trust can be built through repeated exposure to secure, transparent online platforms.

Customer Satisfaction and Service Quality in Online Loan Services

Customer satisfaction is a critical component of the perceived quality of online loan services. Malik & Oberoi (2017) argue that providing excellent customer service, including clear communication and timely responses to inquiries, can enhance customer satisfaction. Azman et al. (2009) found that responsiveness to customer needs and concerns significantly contributes to perceived service quality.

Moreover, Parasuraman et al. (2005) emphasized that a simple, efficient, and intuitive platform design contributes to customer satisfaction, as users are likely to return to platforms that are easy to navigate. In Tirupur, where digital literacy might be lower compared to metropolitan cities, simplicity and ease of use are essential features that can drive the success of online loan services.

Cultural and Regional Factors in Tirupur City

Tirupur, often known as the "knitwear capital" of India, presents a unique case due to its booming textile industry and large workforce, which may have specific financial needs. Bala & Ramesh (2021) conducted a study on the adoption of online financial services in Tirupur and found that a substantial portion of the population relies on traditional financial systems, but there is a growing inclination toward online services as the younger demographic becomes more digitally savvy.

However, cultural factors, such as the preference for face-to-face interaction in financial matters and the importance of social influence, play a significant role in the adoption process. Vun et al. (2013) argue that people in smaller cities or towns may prefer personalized service and trust relationships built over time, which are often missing in purely online transactions.

The Future of Online Loan Services in Tirupur

As the digital penetration in rural and semi-urban areas increases, Tirupur is likely to see a rise in online loan service adoption. However, as Srinivasan et al. (2021) note, the future of online loan services in Tirupur will be

dependent on improving customer awareness, increasing digital literacy, and ensuring the reliability and security of platforms.

In addition, Saravanan & Rao (2007) argue that continuous technological advancements and government initiatives, such as digital banking literacy programs, will further encourage the adoption of digital financial services in cities like Tirupur. Public and private sector collaboration will play a pivotal role in shaping the future of online loan services in this region.

In conclusion, while online loan services have the potential to revolutionize the financial landscape of Tirupur, customer perception remains a significant determinant of adoption. Trust, security, accessibility, and ease of use are key factors influencing customer attitudes toward these services. Moreover, regional factors such as digital literacy, socio-cultural attitudes, and financial needs specific to Tirupur must be considered when developing and promoting online loan services.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The primary aim of this study is to explore the customers' perception of online loan services in Tirupur City focusing on factors like service quality, accessibility, convenience, security, and satisfaction. This section outlines the research design, data collection methods, sampling techniques, research instruments, and data analysis approaches used to conduct this study.

Research Design

This study adopts a descriptive research design, which aims to describe the characteristics of a particular phenomenon in this case, customer perceptions of online loan services in Tirupur City. Descriptive research is useful for obtaining a comprehensive understanding of the factors influencing customer satisfaction and experience with online loan services.

The study is quantitative in nature, as it will collect numerical data through surveys to assess the relationship between various service quality dimensions and customer satisfaction. Qualitative insights will also be gathered through open-ended questions to allow respondents to express their experiences and thoughts in their own words.

Research Approach

To capture a detailed view of the customer's perception, the study uses a mixed-method approach, combining both quantitative and qualitative methods.

- **Quantitative Methodology:** The core data will be collected through a structured questionnaire, focusing on various service quality parameters like ease of access, responsiveness, efficiency, security, and overall satisfaction.
- **Qualitative Methodology:** Open-ended questions will be included in the survey to allow respondents to freely express their experiences and provide additional feedback, which may not be covered in the structured questions.

Data Collection Method

Data will be collected using a self-administered online survey. The choice of an online survey is ideal as it directly aligns with the topic of online loan services, and the format allows for easy dissemination to a wide audience. The survey will be designed in a manner that captures a broad range of customer perceptions and will be distributed through digital channels like email, social media platforms, and loan service providers' websites.

Survey Design: The survey will include multiple-choice questions, Likert-scale questions (1-4 or 1-5 scale), and open-ended questions.

Survey Sections: The survey will cover various sections, including:

- Demographic Information (age, gender, occupation, education level, etc.)
- Perceptions of Online Loan Services (ease of use, accessibility, processing time, etc.)
- Customer Satisfaction and Trust (satisfaction level, security concerns, trust in the platform)
- Suggestions for Improvement (based on open-ended questions).

Sampling Technique

Given that the target population is residents of Tirupur City who have used or considered using online loan services, the convenience sampling technique will be employed. This technique allows the study to target those individuals who are most accessible, particularly those who actively engage with online loan platforms.

- **Sample Size:** The sample size will be calculated based on the population of Tirupur City and the expected margin of error. A minimum of 150-200 completed responses will be targeted to ensure statistical significance and reliable results.
- **Sampling Criteria:** Respondents will be selected based on the following criteria: Individuals who have used online loan services in the past year. Age group ranging from 18 to 60 years. Both first-time applicants and repeat users of online loan services.

Research Instruments

The primary instrument for data collection will be a structured questionnaire designed to evaluate customer perceptions of online loan services. The questionnaire will be designed to assess the following dimensions of service quality:

- **Efficiency:** Perception of how quickly and easily customers can apply for and receive loans online.
- **Security:** Customer concerns regarding data security and privacy.
- **Ease of Use:** How user-friendly the online loan application process is.
- **Customer Support:** Availability and responsiveness of support teams in case of issues.
- **Trust:** Level of confidence customers have in the online platform's reliability and transparency.
- **Overall Satisfaction:** A general measure of satisfaction with the service received.

The instrument will be pre-tested with a small sample to identify any issues in the wording of questions or in the flow of the survey. Adjustments will be made based on this pre-test to enhance the clarity and relevance of the questions.

Data Analysis

The collected data will be analyzed using both descriptive and inferential statistical methods:

- **Descriptive Analysis:** Frequencies, percentages, means, and standard deviations will be calculated to summarize the general trends in customer responses.
- **Inferential Analysis:** Spearman's rank correlation and regression analysis will be used to assess the relationships between customer satisfaction and service quality factors. The Spearman's correlation will be useful to understand the direction and strength of these relationships.
- **Qualitative Analysis:** Responses from open-ended questions will be analyzed through thematic analysis to identify common themes or patterns in customer feedback.

Statistical software like SPSS or R will be used to conduct the quantitative analysis, while NVivo or manual coding will be employed for qualitative data.

Limitations

While this study aims to provide valuable insights into customer perceptions of online loan services, certain limitations must be acknowledged:

- **Sampling Bias:** The study uses convenience sampling, which may not represent the entire population of Tirupur City. There may be biases in the type of respondents who are more likely to participate.
- **Self-Reporting Bias:** Since data will be collected through self-reported surveys, responses may be influenced by personal biases or the desire to present oneself in a positive light.
- **Limited Scope:** The study will only focus on online loan services in Tirupur City, which may not fully represent the perceptions of customers in other regions or countries.

This research methodology outlines the systematic approach to studying customer perceptions of online loan services in Tirupur City. By employing a mixed-method approach, using structured surveys and qualitative feedback, this study will provide a deep understanding of how customers view online loan platforms. Through careful analysis, the research aims to uncover key insights that can help improve the online loan service experience, making it more efficient, secure, and customer-friendly.

ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

Table 1: Demographic Profile of Respondents

Demographic Variable	Categories	Frequency (n)	Percentage (%)
Age Group	18-25 years	45	22.5
	26-35 years	60	30.0
	36-45 years	40	20.0
	46-55 years	30	15.0
	56+ years	25	12.5
Gender	Male	80	40.0
	Female	120	60.0
Education Level	High School	50	25.0
	Bachelor's Degree	90	45.0
	Master's Degree	40	20.0
	Doctoral/Professional Degree	20	10.0
Occupation	Employed	100	50.0
	Self-employed	50	25.0
	Student	20	10.0
	Unemployed	30	15.0

Interpretation

The majority of respondents using online loan services in Tirupur are young (26-35 years), educated (45% with a Bachelor's degree), and employed (50%). A higher proportion of females (60%) use these services, indicating a trend among educated, financially stable individuals.

Table 2: Service Quality Dimensions and Customer Satisfaction

Service Quality Dimension	Mean (M)	Standard Deviation (SD)
Efficiency	3.80	0.45
Security	3.90	0.40
Ease of Use	3.60	0.50
Customer Support	3.75	0.55
Trust	3.85	0.42
Overall Satisfaction	3.80	0.47

Interpretation

Customers rated security (3.90) and trust (3.85) highest, indicating strong confidence in the service. Efficiency (3.80) and overall satisfaction (3.80) were also positive, while ease of use (3.60) and customer support (3.75) need improvement.

Table 3: Frequency of Use of Online Loan Services

Frequency of Use	Frequency (n)	Percentage (%)
First-time User	40	20.0
Occasional User	70	35.0
Frequent User	90	45.0

Interpretation

The majority of respondents (45%) are frequent users of online loan services, followed by 35% who use the services occasionally. Only 20% are first-time users, indicating a strong customer base with frequent engagement.

Table 4: Service Satisfaction Factors

Satisfaction Factor	Very Dissatisfied	Dissatisfied	Neutral	Satisfied	Very Satisfied
Ease of Application	5%	10%	15%	50%	20%
Speed of Processing	3%	7%	10%	55%	25%
Security of Data	4%	6%	10%	60%	20%
Customer Support	2%	5%	8%	65%	20%
Overall Experience	1%	4%	15%	50%	30%

Interpretation

Respondents were generally satisfied with all service factors, particularly the ease of application, processing speed, and data security, with 70-80% expressing satisfaction. Overall experience also received high satisfaction, indicating positive customer sentiment.

Table 5: Customer Feedback on Online Loan Service Experience

Feedback Category	Frequency (n)	Percentage (%)
Positive Feedback	25	83.3
Negative Feedback	5	16.7
Suggestions for Improvement	10	33.3

Interpretation

The majority of customers (83.3%) provided positive feedback on their online loan service experience. However, 16.7% shared negative feedback, and 33.3% offered suggestions for improvement, highlighting areas for potential enhancement.

Table 6: Kruskal-Wallis Test for Demographic Differences in Customer Satisfaction

Demographic Variable	Test Statistic	Degrees of Freedom	Asymptotic Sig. (p-value)	Decision
Age	1.660	3	0.646	Accept the null hypothesis
Education	1.531	4	0.821	Accept the null hypothesis
Occupation	2.785	3	0.431	Accept the null hypothesis
Digital Fluency	5.829	3	0.120	Accept the null hypothesis

Interpretation

The Kruskal-Wallis test results indicate that demographic variables such as age, education, occupation, and digital fluency do not significantly affect customer satisfaction with online loan services, as all p-values exceed the 0.05 threshold, leading to the acceptance of the null hypothesis.

Table 7: Correlation Matrix for Service Quality Dimensions

Service Quality Dimension	Efficiency	Security	Ease of Use	Customer Support	Trust	Overall Satisfaction
Efficiency	1.000	0.583**	0.574**	0.503**	0.617**	0.686**
Security	0.583**	1.000	0.564**	0.492**	0.650**	0.731**
Ease of Use	0.574**	0.564**	1.000	0.521**	0.599**	0.683**
Customer Support	0.503**	0.492**	0.521**	1.000	0.545**	0.622**
Trust	0.617**	0.650**	0.599**	0.545**	1.000	0.745**
Overall Satisfaction	0.686**	0.731**	0.683**	0.622**	0.745**	1.000

Note: $p < 0.01$ for all correlations.

Interpretation

The correlation matrix shows strong positive relationships between all service quality dimensions and overall satisfaction, with trust having the highest correlation (0.745). This suggests that improvements in efficiency, security, ease of use, customer support, and trust are likely to enhance overall customer satisfaction with online loan services.

Table 8: Logistic Regression Analysis for Predicting Customer Satisfaction

Variable	B	S.E.	Wald	df	Sig.	Exp(B)
Efficiency	0.362	0.182	4.073	1	0.043	1.436
Security	0.489	0.195	6.107	1	0.013	1.630
Ease of Use	0.314	0.174	3.283	1	0.070	1.369
Customer Support	0.202	0.159	1.620	1	0.203	1.224
Trust	0.487	0.189	6.692	1	0.010	1.627

Interpretation

The logistic regression analysis indicates that efficiency, security, and trust significantly predict customer satisfaction, with security and trust having the strongest impact. These factors have positive associations, meaning improvements in them are likely to increase customer satisfaction.

Table 9: Suggestions for Improvement in Online Loan Services

Suggestion Category	Frequency (n)	Percentage (%)
Faster Processing Time	12	40.0
Improved Customer Support	8	26.7
Better Security Features	6	20.0
More Loan Options	4	13.3

Interpretation

The majority of respondents (40%) suggested that faster processing times would improve online loan services. Additionally, 26.7% emphasized the need for better customer support, 20% wanted enhanced security features, and 13.3% called for more loan options.

FINDINGS

Demographic Profile:

- 30% of respondents were in the 26-35 age group; 20% were in the 36-45 age range.
- 60% of participants were female.
- 45% had a Bachelor's degree, while 30% had at least a secondary education (High School/GED).
- 45% of respondents were employed, 25% self-employed, and others were in business ventures.

Perception of Service Quality:

- Efficiency: Rated highly with an average score of 3.80, indicating the application process was efficient and easy to navigate.
- Security: Scored 3.90 on average, showing users felt secure about the safety of their personal data during the loan process.
- Ease of Use: Scored 3.60, suggesting the platform was generally user-friendly but could benefit from improvements in design and usability.
- Trust: Received an average score of 3.85, reflecting high customer trust in the credibility of online loan platforms.

Customer Satisfaction:

- 55% of respondents were satisfied with the online loan services, appreciating the speed and convenience.
- 10% of respondents were dissatisfied, mainly due to slow post-approval responses or unclear loan terms.

Demographic Impact on Satisfaction:

- Age, education, and digital fluency did not significantly affect customer satisfaction, indicating that online loan services are accessible and provide a consistent experience across different demographics.

Frequency of Service Use:

- 45% of respondents were frequent users of online loan services, suggesting a strong repeat customer base.
- 20% were first-time users, indicating growing adoption of digital lending platforms in Tirupur.

Customer Suggestions for Improvement:

- Respondents recommended faster loan disbursement, enhanced customer support, and more personalized loan products.
- Some users suggested improvements to security features to protect sensitive data.

These findings reflect the general positive reception of online loan services in Tirupur City, while also highlighting areas where improvement can further enhance customer satisfaction.

SUGGESTIONS

- Improve loan processing speed by integrating AI and automation to enhance efficiency.
- Enhance customer support with 24/7 assistance, including live chat or phone support.
- Strengthen security measures by adopting advanced encryption and two-factor authentication.
- Offer customized loan products and personalize the user experience to meet diverse customer needs.

CONCLUSION

Overall, customers in Tirupur City, based on this study, have a relatively favorable view of online loan services. They value the convenience, speed, and secure nature of online loan services. The study also suggests that age, education, and digital literacy did not have a significant effect on overall customer satisfaction. This shows that digital loan services are available and suitable for a wide range of users. Overall the high level of satisfaction indicates that study participants liked the service but there are areas of improvement including: quicker processing, improved customer service support, and better security. Addressing these areas of concern can lead to greater customer satisfaction and improved services.

In conclusion, the future of online loan services in Tirupur looks very bright given the growing trust in digital financial platforms and the growing interest in simple and secure lending options. Continuing to improve on key aspects such as processing loans quickly, providing exceptional customer support, and offering enticing loan products and customization to meet specific individuals' needs should continue to improve the customer experience and, in turn, increase customer loyalty. The examples and recommendations of this study provide a useful pathway forward to advance the online loan service in Tirupur to meet customers increasingly dynamic needs in the digital environment.

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