

# Data Compression and Decompression with Image steganography using api

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**Abstract:** Image Steganography is the process of hiding information which can be text, image or video inside a cover image. The secret information is hidden in a way that it not visible to the human eyes. Deep learning technology, which has emerged as a powerful tool in various applications including image steganography, has received increased attention recently. The main goal of this paper is to explore and discuss various deep learning methods available in image steganography field.

This paper presents a review kind of data compression techniques. Data compression is widely used by the community because through a compression we can save storage. Data compression can also speed up a transmission of data from one person to another. In performing a compression requires a method of data compression that can be used, the method can then be used to compress a data. Data that can be compressed not only text data but can be images and video.

**Keyword:** Image steganography, GAN steganography, CNN steganography, information hiding, image data hiding

Data Compression, compression techniques, lossless compression, Huffman, Shannon Fano, Tunstall, RLE, LZW.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Technology has blitz scaled over the past years leading to a wide usage of multimedia for transferring data, especially Internet of Things (IoT). Usually, the transfer happens over insecure network channels. In particular, the internet has gained accelerated popularity for exchanging digital media and individuals, private companies, institutions, governments use these multimedia data transfer methods for exchanging data. Though there are numerous advantages attached with it, one prominent disadvantage is the privacy and security of the data. The availability of numerous readily available tools capable of exploiting the privacy, data integrity and security of the data being transmitted has made the possibility of malicious threats, eavesdropping and other subversive activities. The prominent solution is data encryption where the data is converted into a cipher text domain using encryption key. At the receiving end, the cipher text is converted into plain text using a decryption key.

With the rapid development of technology with the support of software and hardware that increasingly facilitate widespread information quickly through the internet around the world. Information obtained can be sent easily via the internet as a the medium of communication for information technology experts. However, not all information can be sent easily. There is a large size that can hinder data transmission quickly and save on existing storage in the computer. To overcome the problem of Compression is the reduction of a file size from a large size to a smaller file size. A compression will be done to facilitate the transmission of a file with a large size and contains many characters. The workings of a compression are by looking for patterns of repetition in the data and replace it with a certain sign. The type of compression has two methods, lossless compression and lossy compression



#### IV. Dependencies

The major requirement for the resources for designing and developing the proposed smart map is as follows.

- HTML
- CSS
- Java
- MySQL

**HTML:** It stands for Hyper Text Markup Language. It is the standard markup language for creating web pages. It describes the structure of a web page. HTML consists of a series of elements. HTML elements tell the browser how to display the content.

**CSS:** It stands for Cascading Style Sheets. It describes how HTML elements are to be displayed on the screen, on paper, or in other media. It can control the layout of multiple web pages all at once and saves a lot of work. External stylesheets are stored CSSfile

**IV. Conclusion:** The advantages of compression are a reduction in storage hardware, data transmission time and communication bandwidth -- and the resulting cost savings. The compressed file also requires less time for transfer, and it consumes less network bandwidth than an uncompressed file. The important disadvantage of data compression is the performance impact resulting from the use of CPU and memory resources to compress the data and perform decompression. The Lossless compression techniques, as their name implies, involve no loss of information. Even, If data have been losslessly compressed, the original data can be recovered exactly from the compressed data after a compress/expand cycle.

Image steganography is the method used in transmitting secret information by hiding it in plain sight inside a cover image. Deep learning methods are widely used in every field and has been used in the research of steganography. Review of all the related works led to categorizing them into three groups vastly. Most of the traditional based steganography methods use the LSB substitution and some of its variants. Other than LSB, PVD, DCT and EMD are commonly used. The hiding capacity of the traditional methods are limited as over burdening the cover image by exploiting more pixels for hiding the secret message may led to distortions. Also, the autoencoder-decoder structure with VGG as base, U-Net and Xu-Net are the most prevailing architectures used for CNN-based image steganography methods. More recently, GAN architecture has gained significant attention for their ability to deal with image reconstruction tasks. Image steganography can be considered one such image reconstruction task where the cover image and the secret information is taken as input to reconstruct a steganographic image which is close to the cover image in resemblance

#### V. REFERENCES

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