

# Designing C-Shaped Microstrip Slot Antenna for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth Applications

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**Abstract** - A microstrip patch antenna is a popular and easy method used for analysis. The design places a C-shaped slot on a rectangular patch and differentiates the impedance, bandwidth, and gain. The available output size is 2.4 GHz, used for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth applications. The suitable band for S-band frequency. The feed line design and impedance matching network ensures efficient power transfer and good radiation characteristics. Simulation results demonstrate the antenna's performance in terms of return loss, radiation pattern, and bandwidth, confirming its suitability for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth communication systems.

#### Key Words: Patch antenna, S-band, Feed line.

#### **1. INTRODUCTION**

- The antenna is an essential part of wireless transmission, in addition to the transmission of wired signals we use fiber optics, cables, network cables, etc., and as long as the signal is transmitted in the air using electromagnetic waves, all need various forms of antennas.
- Employing electromagnetic waves, enables seamless data exchange across short or huge distances.
- A large of devices, from smart phones to satellites, harness wireless technology to communicate. Wireless communications in the S-band (2 to 4 GHz frequency range) are commonly used in various applications such as satellite communications, radar systems, telemetry, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, and some mobile communications services. They are essentially low-profile, high-gain antennas.
- A variety of fundamental types with gain, return loss and radiation patterns. And surface current distribution analyses. In the realm of wireless communication, the demand for compact yet efficient antennas capable of supporting multiple frequency bands is ever-growing. This paper delves into the design intricacies of a C- shaped microstrip slot antenna tailored specifically for WI-FI and
- Bluetooth applications operating at 2.4 GHz.

# 2. METHODOLOGY

- The methodology for designing the C-shaped microstrip slot antenna for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth applications operating at 2.4 GHz needs a structured approach encompassing various stages.
- Initially, the frequency bands are carefully chosen, with a focus on the 2.4 GHz spectrum to align with Wi-Fi and Bluetooth standards.
- The selection of substrate material plays a crucial role in supporting the antenna structure and influencing its performance characteristics. The chosen substrate should possess suitable dielectric properties to facilitate efficient radiation and impedance matching.
- Select an appropriate substrate material with the desired dielectric constant and thickness. Used substrate materials such as FR4 epoxy substrate thickness is 1.57mm. The design of the feed line is critical for efficient power transfer and impedance matching. A feeding line technique with input impedance (zi) of 50 is fed through radiating copper material. The dimensions of the antenna are mentioned in Table.

Design parameter	Optimum	value(mm)
Length of the substrate	80	
Width of the substrate	40	
Length of the patch	20.4	
Width of the patch	26.4	
Length of the slot	22.5	



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Width of the slot	10.5	
Length of the Feed line	21.8	
Width of the Feed line	3	
TADLE 1		





Fig.1 Design of Micro strip slot antenna for 2.4 GHz

#### **RESULTS OF MICROSTRIP SLOT ANTENNA**

#### A. Reflection coefficient

The C-shaped slot microstrip antenna analysis was carried out by using HFSS Simulator software and the antenna was resonating at a frequency of 2.4 GHz, reflection coefficient is -15.2474db. Reflection coefficient for microstrip slot antenna suitable in Wi-Fi and Bluetooth S-band application. This is when the substrate FR4 material is used. The reflection coefficient indicates how well the antenna impedance matches the impedance of the transmission line, with lower values indicating better impedance matching



Fig. 2 Reflection coefficient (dB) For S-band

#### B. RADIATION PATTERN OF MICROSTRIP SLOT ANTENNA

The radiation pattern also gives insights into the antenna's gain. The radiation pattern provides how the antenna is propagated in its boundary to a particular direction. It includes the intensity of radiation, the strength of the electrical field or magnetic field, and the antenna's directivity and polarization properties of the antenna. Below fig.4 mentions the antenna direction of radiation plots.



Fig. 3 Radiation pattern for C-shape slot antenna



#### C. 3D POLAR PLOT OF MICROSTRIP SLOT ANTENNA

A 3D Polar plot of the radiation pattern for a microstrip slot antenna, including the C-shaped configuration, provides a comprehensive visualization of its radiation characteristics. The antenna gain was observed at 2.4 GHz frequency with 1.4427dB.



Fig. 4 3D gain plot for slot antenna at 2.4GHz

### D.CURRENT DISTRIBUTION OF MICROSTRIP SLOT ANTENNA

Analyzing the current distribution of the electric field (Efield) in a microstrip slot antenna, including the C-shaped configuration, provides insights into how electromagnetic energy flows within the antenna structure. Current distribution for microstrip antenna at frequency 2.4 GHz. current distribution of the E-field is analyzed to understand how current is distributed along the elements, feed line, and substrate. This analysis helps identify areas of high current density, impedance mismatches, or potential radiation that require further optimization.

# E Field [Y/m]



Fig. 5 Surface current distribution for micro strip slot antenna at 2.4GHz

#### **3. CONCLUSIONS**

The design of a C-shaped microstrip slot antenna for Wi-Fi and Bluetooth Applications operating at 2.4 GHz offers compact and efficient wireless communication systems. Simulation results, including reflection coefficient, radiation pattern and current distribution of the electric field provided valuable insights into the antenna's performance characteristics. The proposed microstrip patch antenna covers the S-band the applications are weather radar, vessel identification and tracking and air traffic control.

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