

E-Commerce Product Recommendation System Using Machine Learning

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Abstract- The goal of the machine learning-powered e-commerce product recommendation system is to provide a complete, end-to-end web-based platform that improves online shopping by making insightful product recommendations. This system has features for administrators as well as users, and safe access requires login credentials. To extract information from product photos, the system's backend uses machine learning models, specifically convolutional neural networks (CNNs) for image analysis. The user's buying experience is enhanced by the use of sophisticated machine learning techniques, which guarantee relevant and accurate recommendations. To sum up, our study highlights how important machine learning-driven recommendation systems are for increasing consumer engagement and generating income for e-commerce platforms. Through constant innovation and improvement, we strive to provide businesses with state-of-the-art resources to enable them to provide individualized and significant purchasing experiences.

Key Words: User Experience, Product Recommendation, Neural Network (CNN's)

1.INTRODUCTION

The demand for effective and customized product recommendation systems has grown in the ever-changing digital marketplace. E-commerce sites are becoming more numerous and sophisticated, providing customers all over the world with access to a huge selection of goods. Utilizing data-driven strategies and machine learning algorithms to make product recommendations to customers based on their prior behavior, preferences, and other pertinent data points is the fundamental premise behind an e-commerce product recommendation system. This helps e-commerce organizations increase revenue and client retention in addition to improving the user experience by making it more personalized and engaging. E-commerce has completely changed how consumers shop in the current digital environment by providing unmatched ease and easy access to a wide range of goods. The system will make use of cutting-edge machinery. Modern machine learning techniques will be employed by the system to evaluate user data and produce customized product recommendations. The recommendation system will be able to precisely anticipate customer preferences and improve the entire shopping experience by utilizing a blend of collaborative filtering, content-based filtering, and hybrid models. The system's backend implementation extracts features using a pre-trained ResNet50 model. In order to concentrate on identifying significant features from photos, the model is set up to ignore the categorization layer. By storing and normalizing this information, the Nearest Neighbors method can be used to do

effective similarity searches. The similarity of feature vectors is calculated using the Euclidean distance metric. Pickle is used in the project's data storage and management to store feature vectors and their associated filenames. Using this method, features can be quickly retrieved throughout the similarity search process. In order to easily integrate new goods into the recommendation engine, the system also has procedures in place to update the feature database on a regular basis. However, customers looking for tailored and relevant recommendations have a great deal of difficulty due to the vast volume of options. Conventional rule-based methods for making product suggestions sometimes fail to take into account the complex tastes and actions of different consumers. In order to overcome this restriction, machine learning methods have become an effective means of providing individualized recommendations that are catered to the particular requirements and tastes of every user. Technical viability assesses whether the suggested system can be put into use using the tools, resources, and knowledge that are currently available. It takes into account factors like system architecture, technological difficulties, and hardware and software needs.

The suggested solution makes use of a strong technology stack, which includes machine learning libraries like TensorFlow and scikit-learn for model construction, Flask for web server implementation, and Python for backend development. Modern web technologies like HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and React are used in the frontend development process. CSS libraries like MUI and Tailwind are used to help styling. Performance and scalability are supported by the architecture of the system. Because the ResNet50 model is pre-trained, it ensures great accuracy and efficiency when extracting features from images. The utilization of Nearest Neighbors in similarity search guarantees prompt generation of recommendations, even while dealing with a substantial dataset. In terms of hardware, the system needs enough processing power to manage image processing and infer models. High traffic and big datasets may be handled by the system thanks to the scalability and performance that cloud-based infrastructure can offer. The system's software makes use of widely used and reliable technology. Due to their rich libraries and well-known simplicity of use, Flask and Python are well-suited for quick development and deployment. The machine learning models are made reliable and effective by using scikit-learn and TensorFlow. A responsive and dynamic user interface can be created with the help of frontend technologies like Next.js and React. Due to the industry's widespread adoption of these technologies, resources and community assistance are abundant. Overall, the suggested system has a high degree of technical viability. The architecture and technology selected are appropriate for the system's needs, guaranteeing that it can be built successfully with the resources and knowledge at hand.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

The literature on product recommendation systems is vast, reflecting the growing importance of these systems in enhancing the user experience and driving sales in e-commerce platforms. This survey covers key concepts, methodologies, and advancements in the field of recommendation systems. Recommendation systems have evolved significantly since their inception in the mid-1990s. Early systems relied on simple algorithms and limited data, but advancements in technology and the increasing availability of data have enabled the development of more sophisticated models.

Hybrid Recommendation Systems: - Combining collaborative filtering and content-based filtering has been shown to overcome the limitations of each method and improve recommendation accuracy. Burke (2002) categorized hybrid systems into several approaches, such as weighted, mixed, and switching hybrid systems, highlighting their potential to offer more robust recommendations. Context-Aware and Personalized Recommendations

Recent advancements focus on incorporating context to make recommendations more relevant. Adomavicius and Tuzhilin (2011) discussed context-aware recommendation systems, which consider factors such as time, location, and social context. Personalized recommendations aim to tailor suggestions to individual user preferences, leveraging detailed user profiles and behavior data.

2.1 Existing System

The two main categories that can be applied to the current recommendation systems are content filtering and collaborative filtering. Collaborative filtering is the most common approach, and many systems choose a hybrid approach that amplifies advantages by combining content filtering and collaborative filtering. In spite of the increasing vogue of sophisticated algorithms like neural networks in recent times, collaborative filtering remains the preferred approach for recommendation systems for a number of reasons. The incapacity of current e-commerce systems to efficiently utilize visual data is one of their main shortcomings. The majority of conventional platforms ignore the wealth of information included in product photos in favor of relying mostly on textual data and user reviews.

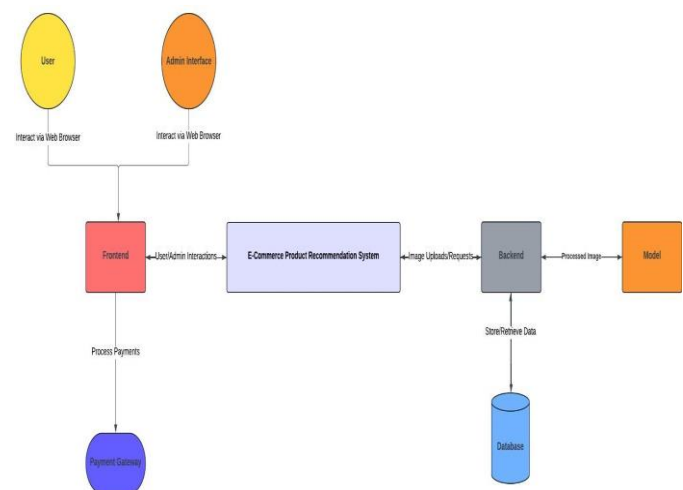
Disadvantage

Static Recommendations: Recommendations are often static and do not adapt in real-time based on user interactions, limiting their relevance and effectiveness. This static nature can cause users to miss out on products that might interest them based on their most recent activities.

2.2 Proposed System

The proposed system includes several key features designed to enhance the user and administrator experience. For users, the system provides a seamless process for finding products through image uploads or pasting image links. This visual similarity search capability sets it apart from traditional text-based search methods, making it easier for users to find products that match their visual preferences. The proposed product recommendation using image that is been uploaded by

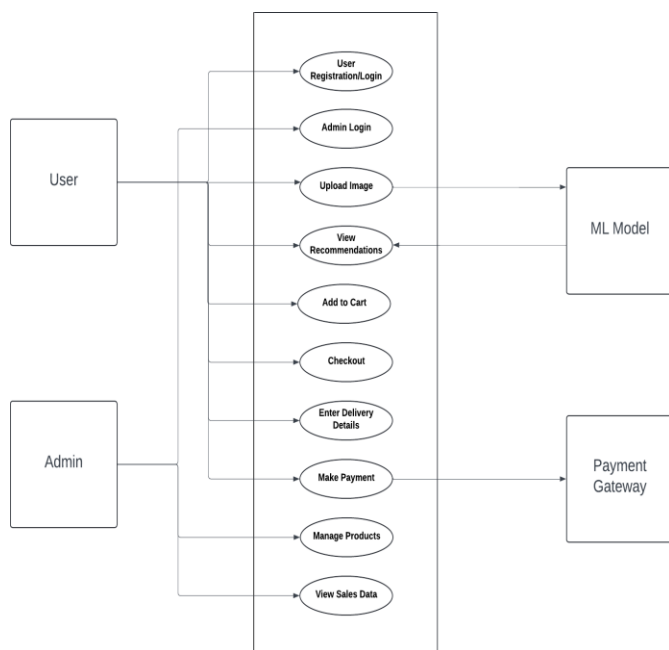
the user helps in having a great enhance experience for the user, by recommending them a similar product that can be chosen by the website. The technology gives administrators the tools they need to manage catalogs effectively. Products can be easily added, updated, or removed by administrators. New products are automatically included into the recommendation engine without the need for human intervention thanks to the backend infrastructure's capability for automated feature database updates. By doing this, administrative overhead is decreased and the product catalog is kept current. Strong user authentication is another feature of the system that supports admin and user roles. While administrators have access to additional features for managing the product catalog and examining analytics, users can safely register, log in, and log out. Users and administrators alike will have access to the resources they require to improve their respective roles thanks to this dual-role feature. Here, the ResNet50 classification is been used for product recommendation When user uploaded the product that he needs can be upload to the website then a similar product that matches from the dataset while be shown.



3. METHODOLOGY

The methodology for creation the e-commerce product recommendation system using machine learning requires to understanding of requirements and the scope. designing the architecture of the system components, collecting the data and preprocess for training model. Developing a model for recommendation the product and provide service through backend, develop the interface for user application. Integration the components and testing for functionality of application, deploying the website through environment. Maintaining the implementation and system updates as required for further requirements. The needs and expectations of the end users who will interact with the system are defined by the user requirements. These specifications are necessary to guarantee that the system is easy to use, fulfills user needs, and improves user experience in general. The E-Commerce Product Recommendation System's user requirements are as follows: several vital steps, such as feature selection to focus on the most important attributes, data preparation to handle missing values and ensure consistency, and data collection from various sources. Subsequently, we perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) to gain an initial grasp of the data and offer recommendations for the segmentation process. The customers

are separated into several segments once the chosen clustering techniques are used. These segments are then evaluated and confirmed using metrics such as the Davies-Bouldin Index and Silhouette Score. Thanks to this profiling, businesses are able to provide more individualized customer experiences, more successful marketing campaigns, and increased levels of customer satisfaction. Loyalty programs, for instance, might focus on high-value audiences, and re-engagement strategies can target engagement segments that are dropping.



User Authentication and Authorization: Both administrators and users need to have a safe way to log in to the system. It should be safe for users to register, log in, and log out. More rights should be granted to administrators so they may manage user data and products.

User profile management: Users ought to have the ability to examine and modify the personal information, delivery addresses, and payment preferences that make up their profile.

Product Search and Browsing: Customers need to be able to look for products by category, price range, and brand, among other filters. The navigation should be simple and the browsing experience should be seamless.

The system needs to provide product recommendations by examining the user's browsing history, previous purchases, and uploaded photographs. It should be possible for users to upload images or copy and paste image links to get suggestions for related products.

Product Specifications: Every product ought to have a thorough description page that includes pictures, costs, and user feedback. This data must be accessible to users so they can make knowledgeable purchasing selections.

The ability to add things to a shopping cart and proceed to checkout should be provided to users. Before completing the transaction, the checkout procedure should include options for picking payment methods, reviewing order details, and selecting delivery addresses.

Order tracking: Following an order placement, customers ought to be able to follow the progress of their orders, including updates on shipment and delivery.

Customer Support: If users have any questions or concerns, they should be able to contact customer support. A contact form, email support, live chat, and FAQs are a few examples of this. The precise behaviors and functionalities that the system must possess are described in depth by the functional requirements. To make sure the system works as planned and satisfies user needs, these prerequisites are essential. The following are the functional specifications for the E-Commerce

Product Recommendation System:

1. User Registration and Login:

- To gather the required data, including name, email, password, and contact details, the system must offer a user registration form.
- Users must be able to access their accounts and be authenticated using their login credentials using the login process.

2. Product Catalog Management:

- Users must be able to browse and search for products using a variety of filters and keywords. The system must maintain a catalog of products, each with a unique identifier, description, photos, price, and stock status.

3. Image-Based Product Recommendation:

- Users must be able to upload or paste links to images into the system.
- In order to identify related products, the system should extract features from the supplied image and compare them with features of products in the database.

4. The functionality of a shopping:

- Cart should allow users to add products, view the contents of the basket, alter quantities, and remove items.
- The complete cost of the items in the cart, including any applicable taxes and shipping charges, should be shown by the system.

5. Checkout Procedure:

- The system needs to assist users in completing the checkout procedure, gathering the delivery address, credit card details, and any other instructions. Before completing the transaction, users ought to be allowed to check the details of their order.

6. Order Processing and Tracking:

- The system needs to contact users with order confirmations and notifications.
- Customers must be able to follow the progress of their orders, including updates on shipment and delivery.

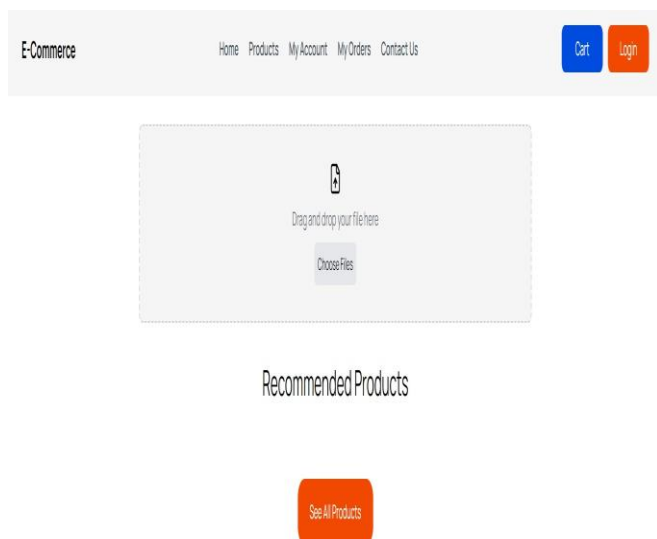
7. User Reviews and Ratings:

- Users ought to be able to rate and review the goods they have bought through the system.
- Reviews must be accessible to other users, assisting them in making wise choices.

8. Customer help Integration:

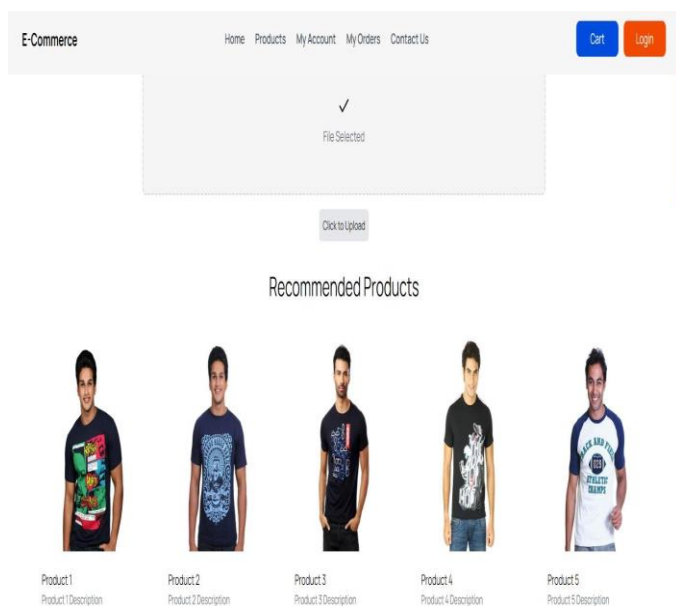
- Live chat, email, and a contact form are just a few of the ways that the system needs to offer customer help.
- FAQs and troubleshooting manuals ought to be accessible to users.

4. IMPLEMENTATION

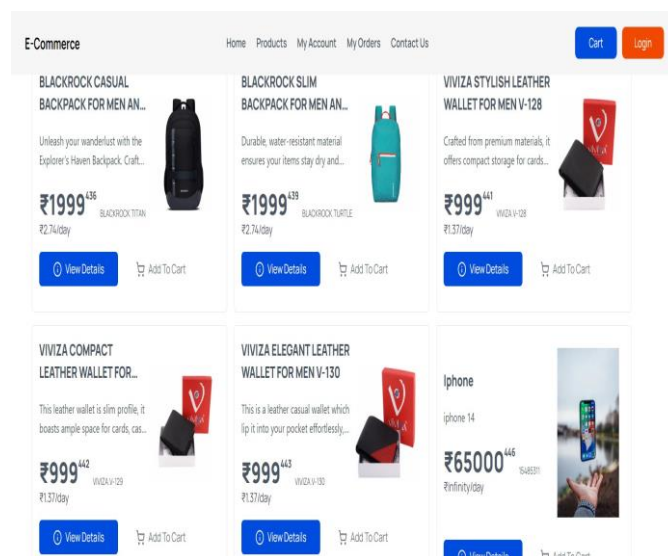


The home page of the project where we can view it been showing login, cart, info and upload product image, so the ML could give the result of the nearest matching product for the recommendation to the user.

RESULT



In result we can see that the when an a user upload's an image of e-commerce to the website, the website will be giving the related product for the user.



The products that's been added by the admin side can be viewed in the from the home page where the product option can be shown.

5. CONCLUSION

The chosen model, ResNet50, was fine-tuned and evaluated using robust metrics, ensuring it met the desired accuracy and reliability levels for feature extraction. The backend development focused on creating a secure and efficient API layer that facilitates seamless communication between the frontend and the machine learning model. In conclusion, the E-Commerce Product Recommendation System successfully combines machine learning with modern web technologies to provide a powerful tool for enhancing user experiences in online shopping. The project demonstrates a comprehensive approach to development, from initial requirements gathering to deployment and maintenance, ensuring a robust and scalable system that meets the needs of both users and administrators. This system not only improves the shopping experience but also provides valuable insights and functionalities that can drive business growth and customer satisfaction. Robust metrics were employed to assess and optimize the selected ResNet50 model, guaranteeing that it fulfilled the required standards for accuracy and dependability in feature extraction. In order to enable smooth communication between the frontend and the machine learning model, the backend development team concentrated on building a safe and effective API layer. To sum up, the E-Commerce Product Recommendation System effectively blends contemporary web technologies and machine learning to offer a potent instrument for augmenting online purchasing experiences for users. From the first requirements collecting to deployment and maintenance, the project shows how to take a holistic approach to development, guaranteeing a reliable and scalable system that satisfies the demands of administrators and users alike.

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