E-governance Services provide by state of Uttar Pradesh

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ABSTRACT--- E-governance means that all government function can be easily both reached to the public thought online so that both the time and money of the public. Government offices are saved and you do not have to go round the offices many times has been done.so that the public can do all their work at home through online and save both time and money.

Keyword: - E-governance, project under in Uttar Pradesh government, CSC.

I. INTRODUCTION

The meaning of E-governance is to make all government function accessible to the public easily through online service due to which both the government offices and both money and time can be saved and you do not have to go round the offices repeatedly if you go then all the government work under e governance has been done online so that the public can apply for many tasks sitting at home online so that the facilities available to the common citizens of the government I can be made available thought the internet. E governance is the application of ICT. [1] The highest 20% and technology and at least 80%. E-governance in India is in a very growing state. governance was originated throughout India during the 70s arts and culture remain focused area of agriculture the law defense plan used to provide economic surveillance and deployment of ICTs. Which the UNDP remain challenging for all according to the united nations. Countries have to build governance and develop more. The help of e-governance, facilities are not only increased for the

common people. Rather, it is also less in government offices, due to which government employees have to work. So that he can do his part work well. Therefore, there is no need to go round your government offices by describing the facilities provided by the government through the government so that you can do your work sitting at home for less money. You can work from home. It is celebrated for the benefit of the government and the people, but with it all the facilities can be easily reached to the general public. This work is given a limit on which bribery can be curbed. Most government works can pay electricity bills sitting at home on the Internet. Government job forms can be filled.

II. NEED OF E-GOVERNANCE

The primary motivation for campaign of the e governance in India and a separate slogan for an e governance campaign. The smart government smart means to give a moral simple answer.India is a developing country but we cannot fully say that developed country has many obstacles which we have to face. Because India is country with villages according to which in the 2011 there were 63838 villages in India representing more than 72% of the total population that the quality of governance is improved through governance. [2] it helps to exchange information with the citizens. Such as more efficient delivery of services making the business under the government departments increase the efficient cost of state administrative processes, construction.

III. TYPES OF E-GOVERNANCE
  i.   Government to Government
 ii.   Government to citizen
iii.   Government to business
 iv.   Government to employees

i.Government to Government: - G2G means government to government when information and services are exchanged under government. It functions among many governmental organization and between national state and local governmental entities and between multiple levels of the unit.

ii. Government to Citizen: - G2C government to citizen means that the government pillow is the thing that happens between the government and citizens. Though which citizens can access a wide range of services. The citizen has the freedom to reach his views and complaints on government policies anytime anywhere.

iii. Government to business: - G2B government to business means business to government. It helps e governance businesses class to interact with the government in city ways.

iv.Government to Employees: - G2E government to employees means the largest leader of government of any country, employees from government. It helps in efficient and rapid interaction between the government and the employees and at the same time helps to increase their profits to the level to being.

IV.   GOVERNANCE PROJECT IN UTTAR PRADESH

This paper is basically being a research Uttar Pradesh has established leadership in many e governances. E-governance project in Uttar Pradesh field of interface government to government (**G2G**) means when information and services are exchanged under government. It functions among many governmental organization and between national. government to citizen (**G2C**) means that the government pillow is the being that happens between the government and citizens. Government to business (**G2B**) means business to government e governance businesses class to interact with the government in city ways.

Under the e governance plan the government development cover application medical health, secondary education, labors, social welfare, road transport, property registration, police, employment exchange etc.

Central MMPs	State MMPs	Integrated MMPs
e-office	Agriculture	CSC
Pension	e-District	E-procurement
Banking	e-Panchayat	National e-governance
Post	Health	Services delivery
UID	PDS	Gateway
	Road transport	

Some important and powerful Uttar Pradesh government: -

i.   Lokvani
ii.   E-Seva
iii.   Jan Suvidha Kendra
iv.   E-Suvidha
   A. Lokvani

The project was started by government for under which Lokvani is a public participation project which was started in Uttar Pradesh has Lokvani Kendra in 70 district with more than 31500 complaints. In which 90% complaints have been solved and 10% panchayat are being resolved. The Lokvani project 1200 Lokvani is centrally functional and works under it.

Fig. 1. Lokvani

i.   Income certificate

ii.   Cost certificate
iii. Income certificate
iv.   Death certificate
v.   Domicile certificate

B. E-Seva

E-Seva through e governance or citizens it reaches the public through online in less time and there by saves our money.

Fig. 2. E-Seva

i.   DTH service
ii.   Movies tickets
iii. Electricity bill
iv.   Air ticket booking
v.   All postpaid bill

C. Jan Suvidha Kendra

Jan Seva Kendra district, district collector is the outcome union of technology and positive governance.[3] Jan Seva Kendra is a point where all the necessary form is filled which are useful in the common life of all people. when all the form are filled with the help of computer. Example: -Ration card, pension, voter id, handicap pension etc.

Fig. 3. Jan Suvidha Kendra

Goes to make such joint government papers in Jan Suvidha Kendra which are useful for the need by person. The government of India has established a public facilitation center in every district and village town at distance of at least 5Km. So that the general public can be helped there by saving their money and time. Jan Suvidha Kendra is a service point where the right type of online forms can be accepted through the Internet. Can also fill the form. [4] Under which Ration Card, PAN Card, Voter ID, Income Certificate, Caste Certificate, Electricity Bill, MNREGA and Vidya Pension.

Table 2- Showing the number of days required for certificates

S.no	Name of Services	Timing
1.	Cost Certificated	15days
2.	Domicile Certificated	15days
3.	Voter id	15days
4.	Character certificate	15days
5.	Death certificate	7days
6.	Old pension	10days
7.	Handicap pension	10days
8.	Income certificate	15days

Benefit of Jan Suvidha Kendra: -

i. Responsive
ii. Effective services
iii. Good Governance
iv. Transparent
v. Respectful

D. Bhulekh

Bhulekh which means that it provides all kinds of information related to the business separately or is very helpful for the owner and the buyer. Developed national ic1 website which is considered to be very famous. www.bhulekh.up.nic.in. Information related to the right type of land and property can be known through NIC internet and all types of land records are uploaded in the tehsil village. [5] The tower of taluka bar khasra number as an examiner appears on www.bhulekh.up.nic.in. Bhulekh can get information of the land. [6] We can get all the information related to land records.
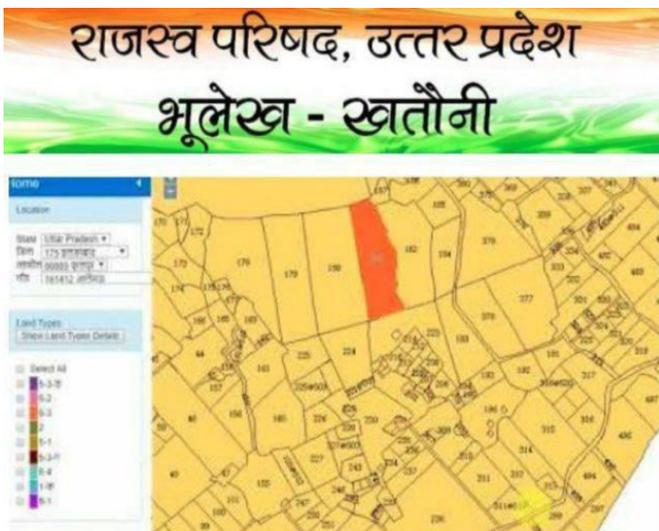

Fig. 4. Bhulekh

i. First of all, you should choose the name of your district at http dot up dot nic.in.
ii. The second option is the name of your district.
iii. The name of his tehsil is the third option.
iv. Then click on the button.
v. Read the land records carefully

V. CONCLUSION

In this paper we have an overview of E-governance in Uttar Pradesh. Good governance is probably very important when ICT was evaluated.Because it is very useful for promoting other value and development of the poor due to complete all the task short time thoughts our online. Good governance is most important promote the poor for development.

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