

Expert System for Evaluating Cognitive Skills of Children

Mrs. Gauri Deshpande¹, Dr. Shabnam Sharma², Dr. Anjali Kulkarni³

¹JJT University, Jhunjhunu, Rajasthan, India

²Associate Professor, CMR University, Banglore, India

³Assistant Professor, C. K. Thakur ACS College, New Panvel, India

Abstract – The cognitive development of a child serves as the bedrock for their intellectual growth, molding their aptitude to acquire knowledge and comprehend their environment. This paper aims to propose a rule-based expert system designed specifically for evaluating children's cognitive skills, including memory, perception, attention, and logical problem-solving. The proposed system was developed using Android, a popular mobile operating system, and CLIPS, an effective rule-based programming language. By leveraging the capabilities of Android and utilizing the rule-based approach of CLIPS, the expert system becomes a powerful tool for evaluating and enhancing children's cognitive skills. By utilizing psychological tests, this expert system provides comprehensive evaluations and offers valuable insights and recommendations. This empowers parents, educators, and professionals to actively contribute to children's cognitive development and enhance their overall well-being.

Key Words: cognitive development, expert system, cognitive skills, children, evaluation, recommendations.

1. INTRODUCTION

Cognitive development holds immense significance as it establishes the foundation for learning, adaptation, social interaction, problem-solving, decision-making, intellectual growth, and lifelong learning. By fostering cognitive development, individuals can unlock their true capabilities and effectively navigate the intricacies of the world, leading to enhanced well-being and success in diverse areas of life.

This development is greatly influenced by a range of factors, including entertainment, family dynamics, biology, and the social environment. The entertainment factor encompasses a wide range of elements, including various television shows, toys, video games, and mobile applications. These forms of entertainment often occupy a significant portion of children's time and attention. Positive and appropriate entertainment factors play a vital role in promoting cognitive development, while excessive exposure to negative or immoral content can have adverse effects. Additionally, family factors such as family support, parenting style, parental occupation play a vital role in child development, while individual differences and external interactions also contribute to their growth. It is essential to create a nurturing, supportive, and stimulating family environment to foster optimal child development and promote their overall well-being. Various computational technologies have been employed to analyze and offer insights into the factors that impact children's cognitive development. These technologies mimic human psychological processes, providing caregivers with valuable information and understanding. By identifying the causes and effects of various factors, the computational technologies empower parents to support their children's cognitive development and enhance their analytical skills. The suggested expert system

model emerges as a valuable tool in this endeavor, delivering valuable insights and guidance for parents and caregivers to actively participate in the cognitive development and well-being of children.

2. BACKGROUND

The field of cognitive development has made significant advancements through the application of various statistical and computational techniques, as well as the development of expert systems. In the realm of psychological development research, researchers have utilized diverse methods to understand cognitive development and intelligence in children. Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) has been widely used as a tool for analysing data related to cognitive development. Crypt-arithmetic, fuzzy methods, and classification and prediction algorithms have also played important roles in evaluating different aspects of cognitive development and intelligence. Specific algorithms have been employed to address specific issues in cognitive development [10]. For example, algorithms like naive Bayes, neural networks, decision trees, and regression techniques have been utilized to identify attention deficit and hyperactivity disorder, identify mathematically gifted students, generate treatment plans for speech-language issues, predict learning disabilities, and diagnose learning disabilities in students with special needs. Moreover, agent and heuristic-based algorithms have been applied to compare different types of learning disabilities, while Bayes theorem has been used to predict levels of internet addiction in children [1][2][5]. These statistical and computational techniques have contributed to a deeper understanding of cognitive development and have provided valuable insights in various domains. They have enabled researchers and practitioners to assess and address cognitive challenges more effectively, ultimately benefiting the overall well-being and development of children [4].

3. METHODOLOGY

The proposed rule-based expert system follows a well-defined process, consisting of several crucial stages that contribute to the development of a robust and efficient system. These design steps encompass thorough requirement analysis, knowledge acquisition, rule formulation, knowledge representation, inference engine design, user interface design, and comprehensive testing. By meticulously following this systematic design approach, the expert system can be effectively structured to offer precise evaluations, personalized recommendations, and valuable insights to enhance children's cognitive skills. The proposed rule-based expert system was designed using CLIPS and Android Studio. The expert system has been implemented as an Android application, encompassing key features like registration, cognitive skill evaluation (attention, perception, memory, and logical problem solving), result presentation, recommendation generation, and report creation. The proposed rule-based

expert system enables users to register and create profiles for their children. It then administers customized cognitive assessments, analyses the performance data using generated rules which are based on psychological test, and generates comprehensive reports containing personalized recommendations for enhancing cognitive abilities.

4. RESULT

The proposed expert system collects input from parents to assess the attention, perception, memory, and logical problem-solving skills of their children.

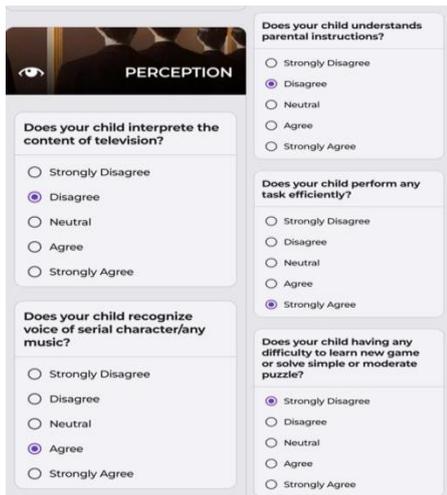


Fig 1: Evaluation of Perception Skill

Figure 1 showcases a questionnaire designed to evaluate children's perceptual skills, comprising a series of statements. Participants were instructed to indicate their level of agreement or disagreement with each statement using a Likert scale. This research approach yielded significant insights into how children perceive and comprehend sensory information, as well as their capacity to interpret and understand the world around them. Analyzing the responses collected through the Likert scale enabled researchers to gain a more comprehensive understanding of children's perceptual abilities and the cognitive processes involved in sensory perception.

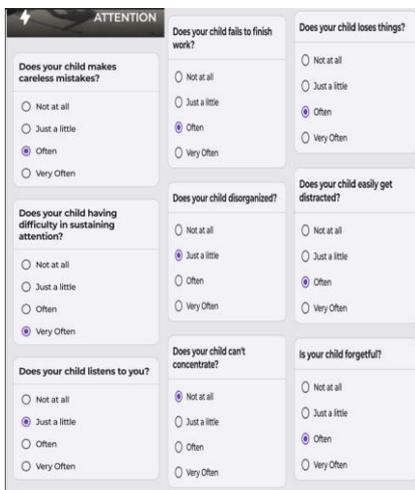


Fig 2: Evaluation of Attention Skill

Figure 2 displays a set of 9 questions designed to assess attentiveness in children using an ordinal scale. The responses

are categorized into four ordinal scale options: "Very often," "Often," "Just a little," and "Never." This approach allows researchers to measure the frequency of attentive behavior in children and gain insights into their level of focus and engagement. By analyzing the responses according to the ordinal scale, researchers can obtain valuable information about children's attentiveness and better understand their attention-related capabilities.

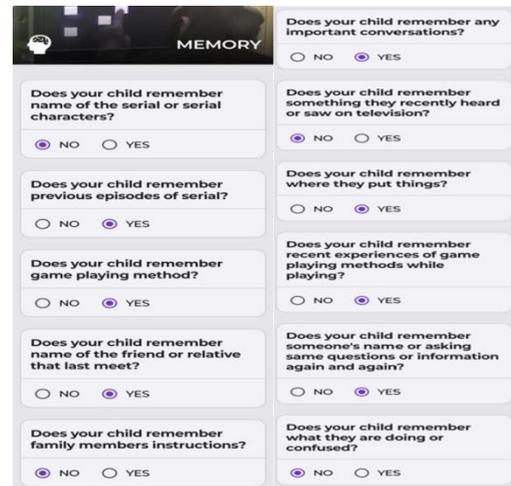


Fig 3: Evaluation of Memory Skill

Figure 3 presents a set of 11 questions designed to assess memory, specifically focusing on remote memory and recent memory. The questions are of a dichotomous nature, requiring a "Yes" or "No" response. This assessment method allows researchers to gather information about the individual's memory capabilities in terms of recalling both distant and recent events or information. By analyzing the responses to these dichotomous questions, researchers can gain insights into the individual's memory functioning and identify any potential memory impairments or strengths.



Fig 4: Evaluation of Logical Problem solving Skill

Figure 4 depicts a set of questions formulated to evaluate logical problem-solving abilities. The assessment

encompasses two types of skills: independence and interdependence. The responses to these questions are measured on a 7-point ordinal scale, consisting of the following categories: "Strongly disagree," "Partially disagree," "Disagree," "Neutral," "Agree," "Partially agree," and "Strongly agree." This approach allows researchers to gauge the individual's level of agreement or disagreement with each statement, providing valuable insights into their logical problem-solving behavior. By analyzing the responses on the ordinal scale, researchers can assess the degree of independence and interdependence displayed by individuals when faced with logical problem-solving tasks.

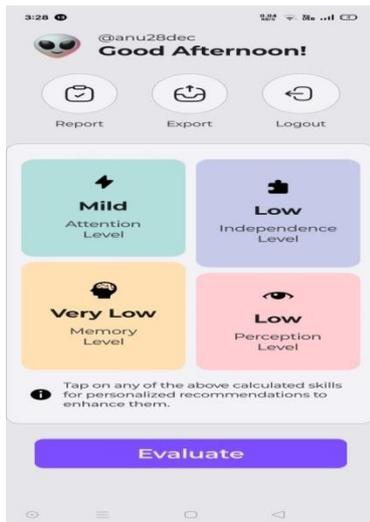


Fig 5: Result

Figure 5 showcases the output of an expert system designed to assess and evaluate four key skills in children: memory, perception, problem-solving, and attention level.

5. DISCUSSION

The cognitive assessments focus on evaluating key skills such as memory, perception, problem-solving, and attention level. By utilizing appropriate tests and considering different aspects of each skill, the expert system can gather valuable information about the child's cognitive abilities. The performance analysis stage involves collecting and analyzing data from the cognitive assessments. This process helps generate a comprehensive understanding of the child's cognitive skills, including areas of strength and areas that may require improvement. The analysis provides valuable insights that form the basis for generating detailed reports. The generated reports present the child's cognitive profile, highlighting their performance in different skill areas. By identifying areas of improvement, the expert system provides personalized recommendations to enhance the child's cognitive skills. These recommendations may include specific exercises, activities, or interventions designed to target the identified areas for development. The expert system's ability to assess and provide personalized recommendations for memory, perception, problem-solving, and attention level enables parents, educators, and professionals to actively support and promote the child's cognitive development. The system serves as a valuable tool in fostering children's

cognitive skills, allowing for targeted interventions and enhancements.

6. CONCLUSION

The discussed features of the expert system demonstrate its potential to effectively evaluate and enhance children's cognitive skills. By leveraging personalized assessments, detailed reports, and tailored recommendations, the system contributes to the overall cognitive development and well-being of children.

7. REFERENCES

- [1] Ambili K, & Afsar P(2016). "A Prediction Model for Child Development Analysis using Naive Bayes and Decision Tree Fusion Technique – NB Tree". International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET), ISSN: 2395-0072, vol. 7, pp.402-407.
- [2] Ch.Ravalika et.al.(2017). "An expert system for assessing intelligence quotient of a student in building a cognitive model". International Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics, ISSN: 1311-8080, vol. 115, pp.487-492.
- [3] Christine Putri Batara Randa(2014). "Development of Diagnosis Expert System for Personality Disorders. International Conference on Electrical Engineering and Informatics", ISBN- 978-1—4799-6274-7, pp.317-320.
- [4] Deshpande, G., Sharma, S., & Kulkarni, A. (2022), " Expert system for evaluating cognitive skills of children", Asian Journal of Organic & Medicinal Chemistry, , ISSN 2456-8937, vol.2, pp.143-147.
- [5] Hanife Goker , Hakan Tekedere(2019). "Dynamic Expert System Design for the Prediction of Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder in Childhood", Bilişim Teknolojileri Dergisi, Cilt: 12, SAYI: 1,doi: 10.17671/gazibtd.458102 ,pp. 33-41.
- [6] Izzeddin A. Alshawwa et. al.(2019). "An Expert System for Depression Diagnosis". International Journal of Academic Health and Medical Research (IAHMR), ISSN: 2000-007X, vol.3, pp.20-27.
- [7] Jose Hernández et.al.(2009). "Learning Difficulties Diagnosis for Children's Basic Education using Expert Systems". WSEAS TRANSACTIONS on INFORMATION SCIENCE and APPLICATIONS, ISSN-1790-0832, vol.6, pp.1206-1214.
- [8] Julie M. David, Kannan Balakrishnan(2013). "Performance Improvement of Fuzzy and Neuro Fuzzy Systems: Prediction of Learning Disabilities in School-age Children". International Journal of Intelligent Systems & Applications, doi: 10.5815/ijisa.2013.12.03, vol-5, pp.34-52.

- [9] Khaled Nasser elSayed(2013). “Diagnosing Learning Disabilities in a Special Education by an Intelligent Agent Based System”. (IJACSA) International Journal of Advanced Computer Science and Applications, vol.4, pp.125-130.
- [10] Margaret Mary et. al.2019). “Intelligent Predicting Learning Disabilities in School Going Children Using Fuzzy Logic K Mean Clustering in Machine Learning”. International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering (IJRTE), ISSN: 2277-3878, vol.8, pp.1694-1698.
- [11] Muhamad Bahrul Ulum and Vitri Tundjungsar (2018). “Designing Fuzzy Expert System to Identify Child Intelligence”.TELKOMNIKA, vol.16, pp.1688-1696.