

“Financial Analysis and Its Role in Corporate Decision-Making”

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Abstract

Financial analysis plays a critical role in corporate decision-making by offering an empirical and structured framework to evaluate a firm's financial position and future performance. This research investigates the extent to which financial analysis informs strategic decisions, resource allocation, and risk mitigation across various industries in India. Utilizing both qualitative and quantitative methodologies—including case studies, surveys, and statistical analyses—the study affirms the strategic importance of financial tools like ratio analysis, cash flow analysis, capital budgeting, and predictive modelling. Findings suggest a positive correlation between the use of financial analysis and effective decision-making, with companies demonstrating enhanced agility, performance, and long-term value creation.

1. Introduction

Financial analysis is no longer confined to retrospective evaluations; it now plays a dynamic role in forecasting and strategic decision-making. The modern corporate ecosystem—marked by volatility, global competition, and regulatory changes—demands analytical tools that provide actionable insights.

Initially focused on basic profit and loss tracking, financial analysis has evolved into a multidimensional practice involving data modelling, forecasting, and predictive analytics. It informs strategic investments, enhances operational efficiency, strengthens governance and compliance, and aids in risk identification and management.

This study emphasizes the practical application of financial tools in real-world decision-making, focusing on industries such as IT, manufacturing, banking, and retail.

2. Need for the Study and Objectives

In a high-stakes, data-driven environment, corporate decisions must be backed by reliable financial data. The increasing complexity of decisions, demands for transparency, and digital transformation underscore the need for robust financial analysis.

Primary Objective: To explore the role of financial analysis in corporate decision-making.

Secondary Objectives include identifying prevalent tools, evaluating industry-wise applications, examining financial analysis's role in risk identification, and offering recommendations for improved practices. Hypotheses include: Financial analysis significantly enhances decision-making quality; companies using financial tools extensively show higher sustainability and profitability; financial literacy among managers improves decision outcomes; and financial analysis contributes to early risk detection.

3. Review of Literature

The literature reviewed includes works by Higgins, Brigham & Ehrhardt, Kaplan & Norton, and Altman. Key theories explored are Agency Theory, Signalling Theory, Resource-Based View, and empirical evidence showing that structured analysis supports better investment and risk management. Gaps identified include limited qualitative and cross-sector insights and underexplored use of AI and real-time analytics.

4. Research Methodology

A mixed-methods approach was employed. Quantitative data was collected from 100 professionals and analyzed using SPSS, Excel, and Python. Qualitative data was sourced from five executive interviews and case studies of Infosys, Tata Steel, and HDFC Bank. Instruments included questionnaires, interviews, and secondary financial documents.

5. Data Analysis and Interpretation

Most used tools included ratio analysis (95%), cash flow analysis (75%), and capital budgeting (70%). Key impacts were found in investment decisions (4.6/5), budgeting (4.4), and cost control (4.3). Case studies confirmed financial analysis's central role in strategic decisions, supported by technology and financial literacy.

6. Findings and Suggestions

Findings show strong integration of financial analysis in decision-making and a positive correlation with performance. Suggestions include increasing financial literacy across departments, investing in real-time BI tools, and tailoring analysis tools to sector needs. Scenario planning and data accuracy improvements are also advised.

7. Conclusion

Financial analysis is foundational for strategic decision-making and long-term value creation. Companies investing in analytical tools, training, and data accuracy outperform peers. This study bridges theory and real-world application, showing how financial insights drive sustainable business outcomes.

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