

# **Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker**

Prof. Shoyeb Pathan

Department of Computer Engineering Sandip Institute of Technology and Research Centre Nashik, India shoyeb.pathan@sitrc.org

Shantanu Jape

Department of Computer Engineering Sandip Institute of Technology and Research Centre Nashik, India shantanujape1234@gmail.com **Tanay Deshpande** 

Department of Computer Engineering Sandip Institute of Technology and Research Centre Nashik, India <u>dktanay43@gmail.com</u>

Vaibhav Aurange

Department of Computer Engineering Sandip Institute of Technology and Research Centre Nashik, India vaibhavaurange@gmail.com Omkar Kharadkar

Department of Computer Engineering Sandip Institute of Technology and Research Centre Nashik, India <u>omkar7mk@gmail.com</u>

## Abstract

This report outlines the development and implementation of a comprehensive Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker aimed at providing individuals with a user-friendly tool to manage their dietary needs. The project focuses on addressing the challenges faced by individuals with food allergies, offering a streamlined solution to track allergens, monitor nutritional intake, and promote overall well-being. The tracker employs advanced technologies, including machine learning algorithms, to analyze dietary patterns and provide personalized recommendations. Through a user-friendly interface and robust data analysis, the tracker aims to empower users in making informed dietary choices, fostering a healthier lifestyle for those managing food allergies.

**Keywords:** Derivative Trading, Order Execution Terminal, Low Latency, Real-Time Data Integration, Customization, Risk Management, User Experience, Financial Technology.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Food is a necessity for all humans for survival. Some of the foods or some ingredients may cause allergy to our health. Most of the human population in the world have some or the other food allergy. This application uses machine learning techniques to identify the food and its composition (ingredients). Initially the user is provided to mention the foods

items that are allergic to him/her. Once the food is recognized, the ingredient of the food is obtained. Ts process is done through image processing and machine learning technique. If the food ingredients are allergic to the user mentioned food items, this application will provide a message that this food is not safe to consume. So that the user can be saved from allergy caused by food. In visual object recognizing tasks, convolution neural networks are found great success and therefore sum are also employed for identifying food items present in an image in this work we adopt sum acquire top one recognition accuracy rates of 85%. Another challenge is in the accurate computation of ingredients and nutritional value of the food. Food allergy is defined as an immunological reaction resulting from consumption to other contact with food. It only affects susceptible people who are sensitive, or 'sensitized', to the specific food allergen, which would otherwise normally be well tolerated by the rest of the population. For those affected by food allergies, consumption of normally nutritious foodstuffs, even in small quantities, can produce life threatening adverse reactions. Food allergens are usually proteins. Each allergenic protein can have multiple structural active sites or conformational epitopes that interact with the body's immune system.

## **II. LITERATURE SURVEY**

The literature surrounding food allergies and nutritional management underscores the critical need for innovative solutions in today's health landscape. Numerous studies have emphasized the rising prevalence of food allergies, with a particular focus on the impact on both physical and mental well-being. Recent research highlights the challenges individuals face in adhering to strict dietary restrictions, emphasizing the necessity of tools that facilitate effective allergen avoidance.

Existing literature also explores various approaches to nutritional tracking and their implications for overall health. Traditional methods, such as manual food diaries, are acknowledged for their limitations, including inaccuracies and a lack of real-time data analysis. The integration of technology in the form of mobile applications and digital platforms has gained prominence, showcasing the potential to address these limitations.

Moreover, studies emphasize the importance of personalized nutrition in managing food allergies. Recognizing the unique nutritional needs of individuals with allergies, researchers advocate for tailored approaches that consider factors like age, lifestyle, and specific allergens.

In summary, the literature review underscores the urgency of developing a comprehensive Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker, integrating technology and personalized approaches to address the multifaceted challenges associated with managing food allergies effectively. This project aims to contribute to this evolving field by presenting a sophisticated solution that goes beyond allergen identification, incorporating nutritional insights to enhance overall dietary management.

Additionally, the literature reveals a growing interest in the application of machine learning and data analytics to dietary management. Studies highlight the potential of these technologies to analyze vast datasets, identify patterns, and provide personalized recommendations. The integration of such advanced capabilities into a Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker aligns with the evolving landscape of healthcare technology, offering users a more nuanced understanding of their dietary habits and potential allergen exposure.

Furthermore, insights from behavioral science literature emphasize the importance of user-friendly interfaces and engagement strategies in ensuring the long-term success of health-related applications. The adoption and sustained use of a food allergy tracker depends on its usability, accessibility, and the extent to which it aligns with user preferences and habits.

In conclusion, the literature survey underscores the interdisciplinary nature of the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker project, drawing from fields such as allergy management, nutrition science, technology integration, and behavioral science. By amalgamating insights from these diverse domains, this project aspires to contribute to the ongoing discourse on effective tools for managing food allergies and promoting overall health and well-being.

Moreover, recent studies have highlighted the social and economic impact of food allergies, emphasizing the need for interventions that not only improve individual health but also contribute to a broader societal understanding. The Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker, by providing real-time data and fostering community engagement, aspires to contribute to this aspect of holistic health management.

Additionally, literature on the role of nutrition in preventing and managing chronic diseases accentuates the relevance of a comprehensive tracker. Understanding the broader health implications of dietary choices, especially for individuals with food allergies, adds a layer of complexity that requires a nuanced and integrated solution.

The literature survey also recognizes the evolving landscape of food labeling regulations, and the challenges individuals face in deciphering complex ingredient lists. This project, by incorporating features that assist in navigating food labels and identifying potential allergens, aligns with the ongoing efforts to improve transparency in the food industry.

In summary, the literature review not only substantiates the need for a Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker but also provides valuable insights into the multifaceted aspects that such a tool should encompass. This project aims to synthesize these insights into a practical and impactful solution for individuals managing food allergies and seeking optimal nutrition.

Furthermore, recent literature underscores the impact of diet on gut health and the microbiome, revealing a connection between dietary choices, allergies, and overall immune system function. Understanding these intricate relationships adds depth to the rationale behind developing a tool that not only tracks allergens but also provides insights into the broader impact on gut health. Studies on the psychological aspects of living with food allergies emphasize the importance of mental well-being in addition to physical health. The Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker project recognizes this holistic perspective by incorporating features that address not only nutritional aspects but also offer support for managing the emotional and social aspects associated with food allergies.

Moreover, emerging research in the field of precision medicine suggests that personalized approaches to healthcare, including nutrition, are crucial for optimizing outcomes. Integrating this concept into the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker aligns with the broader trend toward tailored interventions that consider individual variations in genetics, lifestyle, and environmental factors.

In conclusion, the literature survey reveals a dynamic and interconnected landscape, emphasizing the necessity of a comprehensive Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker that extends beyond conventional tracking methods. By synthesizing knowledge from diverse domains, this project strives to offer a holistic solution that addresses the intricate web of factors influencing the dietary management of food allergies.



#### **III. PROBLEM STATEMENT:**

In today's diverse dietary landscape, individuals with food allergies face significant challenges in navigating their nutritional needs while avoiding potential allergens. The absence of a comprehensive and user-friendly tool hinders their ability to effectively track both their food intake and allergen exposure. This project aims to address this critical gap by developing a Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker, providing users with a seamless solution to monitor their dietary habits, ensure allergen avoidance, and promote overall health and well-being. The absence of such a tool limits the empowerment of individuals with food allergies to make informed choices about their nutrition, and this project seeks to fill that void.

Complexity and Fragmentation: The project encounters complexity and fragmentation due to the diverse nature of food allergies and the current fragmented landscape of nutrition tracking applications. Managing a broad spectrum of allergies and dietary restrictions increases the complexity of creating a universally applicable solution. Additionally, existing nutrition trackers often lack standardization, leading to a fragmented user experience. This project seeks to navigate these challenges by developing a robust and adaptable system that accommodates various allergies while providing a cohesive and user-friendly interface, ultimately management streamlining the of complex dietary requirements.

Latency and Speed: The project faces challenges related to latency and speed, particularly in real-time data processing for a responsive user experience. Achieving low latency is crucial for instant updates and quick retrieval of information, ensuring users can efficiently track their food intake and allergen exposure. The need for swift data processing becomes even more critical in scenarios where users input information rapidly or require instant feedback. Balancing the demand for real-time responsiveness with data accuracy poses a challenge, and the project aims to optimize the system to deliver both low latency and high speed in processing user interactions and data updates.

Lack of Customization: The project addresses the issue of a lack of customization in existing solutions, where users often face limitations in tailoring the application to their specific needs. Many current platforms lack the flexibility to accommodate individualized preferences, dietary goals, or unique allergy profiles. This project aims to empower users by incorporating a high degree of customization, allowing them to personalize settings, allergen alerts, and nutritional goals. By doing so, the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker seeks to overcome the constraints of one-size-fits-all approaches, providing a more inclusive and adaptable solution for individuals with diverse dietary requirements.

## **IV. Objectives:**

**1. Develop a Comprehensive Database:** Establish a robust database of allergens, nutritional information, and food items to support accurate tracking and analysis.

**2. Create User-Friendly Interface:** Design an intuitive and user-friendly interface that allows easy input of dietary information, allergen data, and personal preferences.

**3. Implement Real-Time Tracking:** Enable real-time tracking of food intake and allergen exposure to provide instant feedback and support timely decision-making.

**4.Customization Features:** Incorporate a high level of customization, allowing users to tailor the application to their specific dietary restrictions, preferences, and health goals.

**5.** Allergen Alerts and Warnings: Integrate a sophisticated alert system to notify users of potential allergens in their food choices, enhancing safety and allergen avoidance.

**6. Nutritional Insights and Recommendations:** Provide users with insightful nutritional analyses and personalized recommendations based on their dietary habits and health objectives.

**7.Cross-Platform Accessibility:** Ensure the application is accessible across various platforms (web, mobile, etc.) to enhance user convenience and promote widespread usability.

**8.** Collaboration with Healthcare Professionals: Establish a framework for collaboration with healthcare professionals to ensure the tracker aligns with medical advice and contributes to overall health management.

**9. Data Privacy and Security:** Implement robust security measures to safeguard user data and privacy, adhering to industry standards and regulations.

**10. User Education and Support:** Develop educational resources within the application to enhance user understanding of food allergies, nutrition, and effective use of the tracker.

**11. Continuous Improvement and Updates:** Commit to regular updates and improvements based on user feedback, emerging nutritional research, and advancements in technology, ensuring the tracker remains relevant and effective over time.



#### V. PROPOSED SYSTEM:

**1. Database Architecture:** Design a robust and scalable database structure to store comprehensive information on allergens, food items, and nutritional data.

Implement relational databases for efficient data retrieval and management.

**2. User Interface:** Develop an intuitive and visually appealing user interface with easy navigation for seamless interaction. Include user-friendly input forms for quick and accurate data entry.

**3. Real-Time Tracking Module:** Integrate a real-time tracking module to capture users' food intake and allergen exposure instantly. Implement algorithms for quick data processing without compromising accuracy.

**4. Customization Features:** Create a customizable user profile allowing individuals to set preferences, dietary restrictions, and health goals. Enable personalized settings for allergen alerts, dietary recommendations, and nutritional insights.

**5.** Allergen Alert System: Implement a sophisticated alert system that analyzes food items against user-specific allergens, providing instant warnings. Utilize machine learning algorithms to enhance the accuracy of allergen detection.

**6.** Nutritional Analysis Module: Develop a module for nutritional analysis, offering insights into users' dietary habits and recommending improvements. Incorporate data visualization tools to present nutritional information in a user-friendly manner.

**7.** Cross-Platform Compatibility: Ensure compatibility across multiple platforms, including web browsers, mobile devices, and potentially wearable technology.

**8. Integration with Healthcare Systems:** Establish secure API connections to integrate with healthcare systems, allowing users to share relevant data with their healthcare professionals.

**9. Security Measures:** Implement robust security protocols, including data encryption, secure authentication, and regular security audits to safeguard user information.

**10. Educational Resources:** Develop in-app educational resources, such as articles and tips, to enhance users' understanding of food allergies, nutrition, and effective use of the tracker.

**11. User Support and Feedback Mechanism:** Implement a user support system, including FAQs, tutorials, and a feedback mechanism for users to report issues and suggest improvements.

**12. Continuous Improvement Strategy:** Establish a roadmap for continuous improvement, including regular updates based on user feedback, emerging nutritional research, and technological advancements.

By implementing these components, the proposed system aims to provide a comprehensive, user-centric, and technologically advanced solution for effective food allergy management and nutritional tracking.

### VI. HARDWARE & SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

Coding Language: Python/Java

Operating System: Windows 10, 11

Frontend Language: python

### HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATIONS:

Processor: Pentium-IV and (intel core i3)

RAM: 2 GB (min)

Hard Disk: 40 GB (min)

Monitor: LCD/LED

#### VII. REAL TIME TRACKING:

Real-time tracking refers to the continuous and immediate monitoring of data or events as they occur, providing instant updates and feedback. In the context of a Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker:

**1. Continuous Monitoring:** Real-time tracking involves the ongoing collection and analysis of data related to users' food intake and allergen exposure.

**2. Immediate Data Processing:** Data is processed as soon as it is generated, allowing for quick and accurate insights into users' dietary habits and potential allergen consumption.

**3. Instant Feedback:** Users receive immediate feedback or notifications based on the real-time analysis of their dietary choices, particularly in relation to allergens.

**4. Timely Alerts:** The system identifies and alerts users to potential allergens in the foods they consume, enabling them to take prompt action to avoid adverse reactions.

**5. Dynamic Updates**: The user interface displays dynamic and up-to-the-minute information about food intake, nutritional content, and allergen exposure.

In the context of a Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker, realtime tracking is crucial for individuals with food allergies as it empowers them to make informed decisions about their dietary choices instantly. This approach enhances safety by providing timely alerts and feedback, contributing to a more proactive and responsive management of food allergies and nutritional goals.



## VIII.OUTCOMES:

The successful implementation of the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker is anticipated to yield several positive outcomes:

**1. Enhanced Allergen Awareness:** Users will have increased awareness of potential allergens in their food choices, leading to a proactive approach in allergen avoidance.

**2. Improved Dietary Management:** Individuals with food allergies can effectively manage their dietary habits, aligning them with personalized nutritional goals and restrictions.

**3. Reduced Allergic Reactions:** Timely allergen alerts and real-time tracking contribute to a significant reduction in allergic reactions, promoting user safety and well-being.

**4. Personalized Nutrition Insights:** Users will gain valuable insights into their nutritional intake, fostering informed decisions for a healthier lifestyle.

**5. User Empowerment:** The customization features empower users to tailor the application to their specific needs, preferences, and health goals, enhancing their sense of control.

**6. Streamlined Healthcare Collaboration:** Integration with healthcare systems allows for seamless collaboration between users and healthcare professionals, improving the overall management of food allergies.

**7. Educational Impact:** In-app educational resources contribute to increased user knowledge about food allergies, nutrition, and the effective use of the tracker.

**8.** Cross-Platform Accessibility: The application's compatibility across various platforms ensures widespread accessibility, catering to a broader user base.

**9. Continuous Improvement:** Regular updates and improvements based on user feedback and emerging nutritional research contribute to the long-term relevance and effectiveness of the tracker.

**10. Positive User Experience:** A user-friendly interface, coupled with real-time tracking and customization features, is expected to result in a positive and engaging user experience.

Overall, the outcomes aim to significantly enhance the quality of life for individuals with food allergies, providing them with a powerful tool to navigate their dietary choices and promote optimal health.

## **IX. CONCLUSION:**

In conclusion, the development of the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker represents a pivotal step towards addressing the complex challenges faced by individuals with food allergies. By combining real-time tracking, customizable features, and advanced allergen detection, this project seeks to empower users to make informed and timely decisions about their dietary choices. The anticipated outcomes include heightened allergen awareness, improved dietary management, and a reduction in allergic reactions, ultimately fostering a safer and healthier lifestyle.

The project's focus on user empowerment, educational resources, and seamless healthcare collaboration underscores its commitment to providing a holistic solution for individuals managing food allergies. The incorporation of cross-platform accessibility ensures that the benefits of the tracker can reach a diverse user base.

As we move forward, the iterative process of continuous improvement, guided by user feedback and advancements in nutritional research, will be instrumental in maintaining the relevance and effectiveness of the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker. The commitment to regular updates, security measures, and a user-centric approach reflects our dedication to delivering a high-quality, user-friendly application that positively impacts the lives of those with food allergies.

In essence, this project not only addresses the immediate need for a comprehensive tracking tool but also contributes to a broader goal of fostering a supportive and informed community around food allergies. Through technology-driven solutions, we aspire to make a meaningful difference in the lives of individuals managing food allergies, promoting health, wellbeing, and inclusivity.

Furthermore, the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker project acknowledges the dynamic nature of dietary requirements and the evolving landscape of nutritional knowledge. The inclusion of machine learning algorithms and a commitment to continuous improvement positions the tracker as an adaptive solution that stays abreast of emerging allergens and nutritional insights.

The customization features within the application cater to the diverse and individualized needs of users, recognizing that managing food allergies is a highly personal experience. By providing tools for users to set preferences, tailor alerts, and align the tracker with their unique health goals, the project aims to enhance user autonomy and satisfaction.

The integration of educational resources within the application not only fulfills a vital role in enhancing user understanding but also contributes to building a supportive community. By fostering knowledge about food allergies and nutrition, the tracker becomes a catalyst for proactive and informed decisionmaking.

In the broader context, the project aligns with the paradigm shift toward personalized healthcare solutions. The emphasis on collaboration with healthcare professionals and the integration with healthcare systems establishes a framework for a synergistic approach, where technology complements and supports traditional healthcare practices.

In essence, the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker project is not just a technological endeavor; it's a commitment to improving the lives of individuals managing food allergies. It represents a fusion of cutting-edge technology, user-centric design, and a dedication to ongoing enhancement, all aimed at creating a positive impact on the well-being and quality of life for those with food allergies.



## X. FUTURE SCOPE:

1. Enhanced Machine Learning Algorithms: Continuously refine and expand machine learning algorithms for allergen detection, leveraging ongoing advancements in artificial intelligence to improve accuracy and broaden the scope of allergens detected.

2. Integration with Wearable Devices: Explore opportunities to integrate the tracker with wearable devices to enable seamless and real-time monitoring, providing users with even greater convenience and accessibility.

3. Community Engagement Features: Implement features that facilitate community engagement, allowing users to share experiences, recipes, and tips, fostering a sense of community and support among individuals managing food allergies.

4. Global Allergen Database: Collaborate with international organizations to create a comprehensive global allergen database, ensuring the tracker remains relevant and effective for users with diverse cultural dietary practices.

5. Research Collaboration: Establish partnerships with research institutions to contribute anonymized and aggregated user data for studies on food allergies, nutrition trends, and the effectiveness of dietary management strategies.

6. Gamification Elements: Introduce gamification elements within the application to enhance user engagement and motivation, turning the process of tracking food and managing allergies into a more enjoyable and rewarding experience.

7. Enhanced Healthcare Integration: Expand integration with healthcare systems to allow for seamless data sharing between users and healthcare professionals, facilitating more collaborative and personalized care plans.

8. Allergen Sensitivity Profiling: Develop advanced allergen sensitivity profiling to provide users with more granular insights into the severity of their allergies and tailor the alert system accordingly.

9. Adaptive Nutritional Recommendations: Implement adaptive nutritional recommendations that evolve based on users' changing dietary habits, health goals, and emerging nutritional research.

10. Augmented Reality (AR) Features: Explore the integration of augmented reality features to enhance the user experience, potentially allowing users to scan food items with their device's camera for instant allergen information.

11. Expansion of Educational Resources: Continuously update and expand the in-app educational resources to keep users informed about the latest developments in food allergies, nutrition, and health.

12. Enhanced User Analytics: Implement advanced user analytics to gain insights into user behavior, preferences, and challenges, enabling data-driven improvements and optimizations.

As the Food Allergy and Nutrition Tracker project evolves, the future scope involves a commitment to innovation, collaboration, and ongoing improvement. By staying at the

forefront of technological advancements and user needs, the tracker can continue to make a meaningful impact on the lives of individuals managing food allergies and pursuing optimal nutrition.

## **XI. REFERRENCES:**

[1] T. Nikolov, K. Chen, G. Corrado, and J. Dean. (2013). "Efficient estimation of word representations in vector space." [Online]. Available: https://arxiv.org/abs/1301.3781.

[2]V.VodopivecJamsek, T.deJongh, GurolUrganci, R.Atun, and J. Car.

"Mobilephonemessagingforpreventivehealthcare," CochraneDa tabase Syst. Rev., vol. 12, p. CD007457, Oct. 2012.

[3] G. Nasi, M. Cucciniello, and C. Guerrazzi, "The role of mobile technologies in health care processes: The case of cancer supportive care," J. Med. Internet Res., vol. 17, no. 2, 2015.

[4]M. S. Marcolino, J. A. Q. Oliveira, M. D'Agostino, A. L. Ribeiro.

M.B.M.Alkmim, and D.Novillo Ortiz, "The impact of mhealth inter ventions: Systematic review of systematic reviews," JMIR mHealth uHealth, vol. 6, no. 1, 2018.

[5] S. A. Moorhead, D. E. Hazlett, L. Harrison, J. K. Carroll, A. Irwin, and C. Hoving, "A new dimension of health care: Systematic review of the uses, benefits, and limitations of social media for health communication," J. Med. Internet Res., vol. 15, no. 4, 2013.

[6] E. Hagg, V. S. Dahinten, and L. M. Currie, "The emerging use of social media for health-related purposes in low and middle-income countries: A scoping review," Int. J. Med. Informat., vol. 115, pp. 92–105, Jul. 2018

[7] J.-E. Lee, S. Song, J. S. Ahn, Y. Kim, and J. E. Lee, "Use of mobile

applicationforselfmonitoringdietaryintake:Feasibilitytestandanin tervention study," Nutrients, vol. 9, no. 7, p. 748, 2017.

[8] M.-Y. Chen et al., "Automatic Chinese food identification and quantity estimation," in Proc. Tech. Briefs SIGGRAPH Asia, 2012, p. 29.

[9] H.-C. Chen et al., "Model-based measurement of food portion size for image-based dietary assessment using 3D/2D registration," Meas. Sci. Technol., vol. 24, no. 10, p. 105701, 2013.

[10] S. Fang, F. Zhu, C. J. Boushey, and E. J. Delp, "The use of co-occurrence patterns in single image based food portion estimation," in Proc. IEEE Global Conf. Signal Inf. Process. (GlobalSIP), Nov. 2017, pp. 462-466.

[11] A. Meyers et al., "Im2Calories: Towards an automated mobile vision food diary," in Proc. IEEE Int. Conf. Comput. Vis., Dec. 2015, pp. 1233–1241.

[12] T. Ege and K. Yanai, "Image-based food calorie estimation using knowledge on food categories, ingredients and cooking directions," in Proc. Thematic Workshops, 2017, pp. 367-375.

T.Miyazaki, G.C.deSilva, and K.Aizawa, "Image-[13] basedcaloriecontent estimation for dietary assessment," in Proc. IEEE Int. Symp. Multimedia (ISM), Dec. 2011, pp. 3



**[14].** Food Allergy Research & Education (FARE). (2022). [www.foodallergy.org](https://www.foodallergy.org)

**[15].** Gupta, R., Warren, C., Smith, B., Jiang, J., Blumenstock, J., & Davis, M. M. (2019). The Public Health Impact of Parent-Reported Childhood Food Allergies in the United States. Pediatrics, 144(6), e20190368.

[16] National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID). (2022).

[www.niaid.nih.gov](https://www.niaid.nih.gov)

[17] Food and Drug Administration (FDA). (2022). [www.fda.gov](https://www.fda.gov)

**[18].** Sicherer, S. H., & Sampson, H. A. (2014). Food allergy: Epidemiology, pathogenesis, diagnosis, and treatment. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 133(2), 291-307.

**[19]** The European Academy of Allergy and Clinical Immunology (EAACI). (2022). [www.eaaci.org](https://www.eaaci.org)

[20] Burks, A. W., et al. (2018). ICON: Food allergy. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 141(1), 41-58.

[21] Asthma and Allergy Foundation of America (AAFA). (2022). [www.aafa.org](https://www.aafa.org)

**[22]** Boyce, J. A., et al. (2010). Guidelines for the diagnosis and management of food allergy in the United States: Summary of the NIAID-Sponsored Expert Panel Report. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 126(6), 1105-1118.

[23] World Health Organization (WHO). (2022). [www.who.int](https://www.who.int)

[24] USDA FoodData Central. (2022). [fdc.nal.usda.gov](https://fdc.nal.usda.gov)

**[25].** Allen, K. J., & Koplin, J. J. (2017). The epidemiology of IgEmediated food allergy and anaphylaxis. Immunology and Allergy Clinics of North America, 37(1), 45-59.

[26] American Academy of Allergy, Asthma & Immunology (AAAAI). (2022). [www.aaaai.org](https://www.aaaai.org)

**[27].** Sicherer, S. H., & Leung, D. Y. (2019). Advances in allergic skin disease, anaphylaxis, and hypersensitivity reactions to foods, drugs, and insects in 2018. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology, 143(1), 53-63.

[28] Food Standards Agency. (2022). [www.food.gov.uk](https://www.food.gov.uk)

**[29]** Greenhawt, M. (2017). Food allergy quality of life and living with food allergy. Current Allergy and Asthma Reports, 17(8), 1-9.

[**30**] Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2022). [www.cdc.gov](https://www.cdc.gov)

**[31]** Fiocchi, A., et al. (2019). World Allergy Organization (WAO) Diagnosis and Rationale for Action against Cow's Milk Allergy (DRACMA) Guidelines. World Allergy Organization Journal, 12(10), 100066.

[32] Food Allergy Canada. (2022). [www.foodallergycanada.ca](https://www.foodallergycanada.ca) [33]Muraro, A., et al. (2014). EAACI food allergy and anaphylaxis guidelines: diagnosis and management of food allergy. Allergy, 69(8), 1008-1025.

L