HEALPAL: YOUR PERSONAL HEALTH COMAPANION

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Abstract— In an era where rapid technological advancements intersect with healthcare needs, the development of an intelligent healthcare chatbot has emerged as a promising solution. This study presents a comprehensive exploration into the conceptualization, design, and implementation of anAI-powered chatbot tailored to provide accurate and personalized healthcare information. Integrating Natural Language Processing (NLP) algorithms and Artificial Intelligence Markup Language (AIML), the chatbot aims to bridge the gap between individuals and reliable medical knowledge.

Keywords—Chatbot, NLP, Markup Language

I. INTRODUCTION

The main purpose of developing the medical chatbot is set to a moto. This is to save the time and money in almost possible situations. Now a day's people are using internet continuously and their busy schedule leads to avoid to visit to hospital so they can use chatbot to get their medical queries. I have developed a web app to resolve the problem, many of other applications which are totally automated chatbots which don't update their dataset for training module regularly. And many of the applications which has only live chat application where availability of doctor for live chat is less possible. These all drawbacks are recovered in the proposed system. By combining both live chat and automated chatbot in a single web application which we need not to install separately. This system allows computer to communication between human to computer by using natural language processing (NLP). There are three analysis which understand natural language i.e. identification of main linguistic relations is completed to parse subject into object of the sentences. After that description of the texts is done. The semantic interpretation uses knowledge of word meaning Chatbot is an Entity which imitate human discussion in its particular accepted set-up together with a text or vocal language with techniques such as Natural Language Processing (NLP). A big disease can start from small problems such as headache which feels normal but it may beginning of big disease such as brain tumor. Most of the disease can be identified by common symptoms so the disease can be predicted if the patient body is analyzed regularly. The system give response by use of an efficient Graphical User Interface such that if actual person is chatting with the user. Chatbot that can be used in various fields like education, healthcare, and route assistance. The central part of the chat-bots includes SQLite. It is an interactive system solve users query regarding medicine.

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II. LITERATURE REVIEW

A. Proposed System

The developed chatbot is very useful to patients who are very busy and have no time to visit hospital. And the application is also helpful for doctors who are free and want to provide online medical service to the needy patient. This system also helps the patients even when the doctors are not available online to help the patients can use Automated chatbot which is answering depending upon a training set where training set is provided and for basic medical queries.

The system also saves the chat between the doctor and patient and we can use that file as training set. And By this way the automated chatbot will also get updated training set and trained using batch command. In this proposed system will help the patients to save money and time. Here only text input is being used if the instruments which help us for videochat and telephonic interactions those can be added as for future enhancement.

B. Problem Statement

Developing a medical chatbot involves addressing several challenges to ensure its accuracy, reliability, and user trust. One of the primary challenges is ensuring the accuracy of medical information provided by the chatbot. Inaccuracies could lead to misinformation and potential harm to users. To overcome this, developers must incorporate validated medical databases, collaborate with healthcare professionals to validate information, and establish a process for regularly updating the chatbot's knowledge base to reflect the latest medical insights and guidelines.

Data privacy and security are paramount considerations in the development of a medical chatbot, given the sensitive nature of health information. The application must adhere to data privacy regulations, such as HIPAA, implementing robust encryption, access controls, and ensuring that all aspects of the chatbot's functionality comply with healthcare data protection standards. Providing transparency to users about how their data is handled and explaining the chatbot's capabilities and limitations is crucial for building and maintaining user trust.

Handling emergency situations is another critical challenge. A medical chatbot must be capable of recognizing and appropriately responding to urgent health issues. Developers should implement features that can identify emergency situations and guide users to seek immediate medical attention when necessary, ensuring the safety and well-being of users.

III. METHODOLOGY

One significant aspect of the medical chatbot's scope is its role as a symptom checker. Users can interact with the chatbot to describe their symptoms, and the chatbot, leveraging sophisticated natural language processing and medical knowledge databases, can provide preliminary assessments or recommendations. This function empowers users to make informed decisions about seeking further medical attention based on the chatbot's initial analysis.

Moreover, the integration of appointment scheduling functionality expands the chatbot's scope, allowing users to book medical appointments, consultations, or tests seamlessly. This feature not only enhances user convenience but also streamlines the healthcare workflow by facilitating efficient appointment management.

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A. Architecture Diagram

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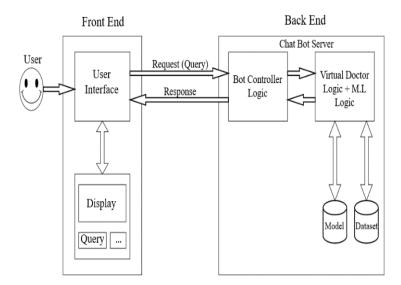


Fig 3.1 Architecture Diagram of Medical Chatbot

In above fig 3.1 the user ask questions in the chatbot as the front end consists of user interface of the use input requests of queries of the patient and the chatbot request queries are sent back end in which the chatbot sever in bot controller logic it controls what happens with message automatic ally to the user has to the requested queries from the chatbot client and according it checks data preprocessing model where the raw data took and prepared according user model and give accurate responses to the chatbot client and in SQLite the dataset a single row of data of instance of and collection of instance of data which ever we trained to the datasets according to request in the chatbot server where train data and test data is stored in the SQLite sever which feed based on the details of the user and in case absencekey patterns the virtual doctor prescribe the medicines based on the symptoms and using machine learning logic means support vector machine(SVM) algorithm which identified the disease based on the symptoms given by the user in the chatbot and predicts the diseases and analysis the disease and prescribe the medicine based on the age of particular women age details The objective is to predict the diagnosis of disease with number of attributes and provides solution to patient through chatbot, this work is to identify the key patterns or features from the medical data using the classifier model. Classification is used to predict the diagnosis of disease after the reduction of number of attributes of the user.

B. Sequence diagram

In the above fig 3.2, the data sets of the symptoms are stored, and the virtual doctor in an automated healthcare chatbot preprocesses the data sets of symptoms like cough, fever, cold, and health issues. The input data is compared to the processed data of symptoms asked by the patients, and the trained data gives a response based on the symptoms matched by the patient's symptoms and prescribes the medicines to the patient stored in the automated healthcare chatbot by using natural language processing in the chatbot.

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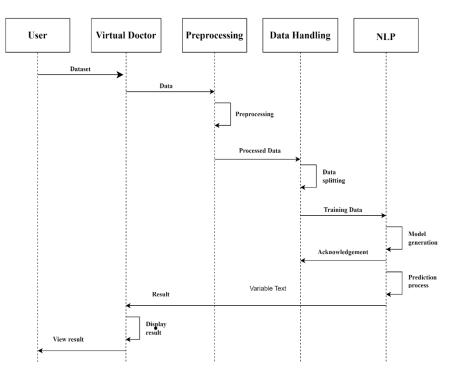


Fig 3.2: Sequence Diagram of Medical Chatbot

C. Modules

There are four modules in this chatbot namely, Registration module, Question query module, Messenger module, Disease prediction module.

- i. Registration Module: The registration module in which user should be registered with the registration details and login to chatbot with user name and password and if user is a doctor, then he should login with doctor login registered with registration details and then he can login into the chatbot. If the doctor is available in online then chatbot will ask for book an appointment for doctor clinic in the automated chatbot, and he prescribe medicine to the patient in the live chat.
- ii. Question Query Module: The patient or user can ask the questions regarding their symptoms and disease in the automated chatbot and the chatbot will respond accordingly the disease and gives response to the user. The question-query module in a chatbot is a crucial component responsible for handling user inquiries and providing relevant responses. In the context of a Flask-based chatbot, this module involves creating routes and logic to process user queries effectively. In a typical implementation, the Flask app would define routes to handle incoming user queries, either through a web interface or an API
- iii. Messenger Module: The messenger module in a Flask-based chatbot plays a crucial role in managing the flow of communication between users and the chatbot. It encompasses the reception and processing of user messages, context management, and the generation of meaningful responses, contributing to an effective and user-friendly chatbot experience. Security measures, including end-to-end encryption, are paramount to protect sensitive health information exchanged during these conversations. By providing a seamless and secure communication channel, the messenger module plays a pivotal role in enhancing user engagement and delivering personalized healthcare services through the chatbot.
- iv. Disease Prediction Module: Depending on the disease symptoms navies bayes and decision tree algorithm can predict the disease. The Chatbot API sends query to chatbot and get related answer and with particular disease and with accuracy percentage will be display. When user ask question to the scheme, logic of the complaint is recognized by this sentiment analysis. Whenever the patient talks about Symptoms it recognizes the symptoms and analysis by machine learning logic like navies bayes and decision tree algorithm and predicts the disease in particular area and at least it asks the user four symptoms to the patient and give response to the user in the efficiently manner by prescribing accurate medicines to user with particular disease name from which the patient is suffering and suggest about further precautions to the patient needed to be taken.

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The results of the chatbot includes Basic chatbot using NLP, providing ambulance facility for emergency, Disease prediction, precautions, home-remedies, doctor recommendation, Live location tracking of recommended hospitals.

IV. RESULTS





Fig 5.1: User Registration and login.

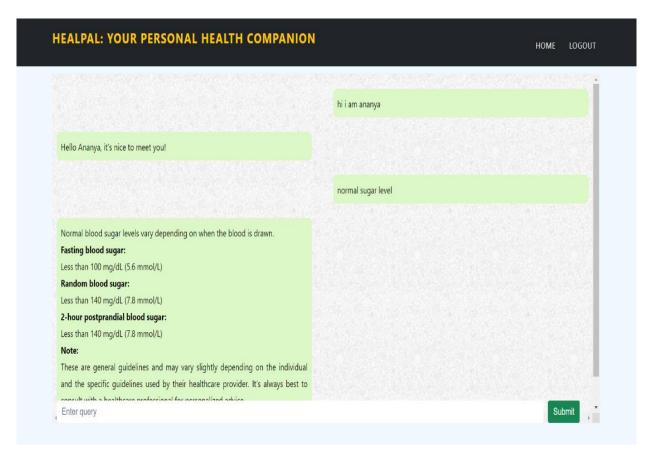
As shown in the fig 5.1, this web application where users should register, if the user is existing user they have to login with user name and password and automated chatbot asks user question query about the symptoms he has going through and it will prescribe medicine about their disease suffering based on the age and referred medicine will be suggested.

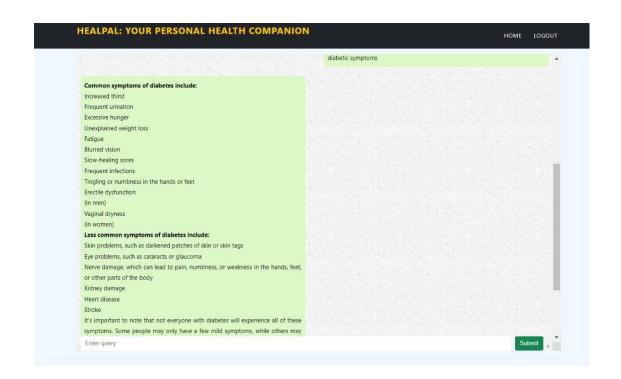
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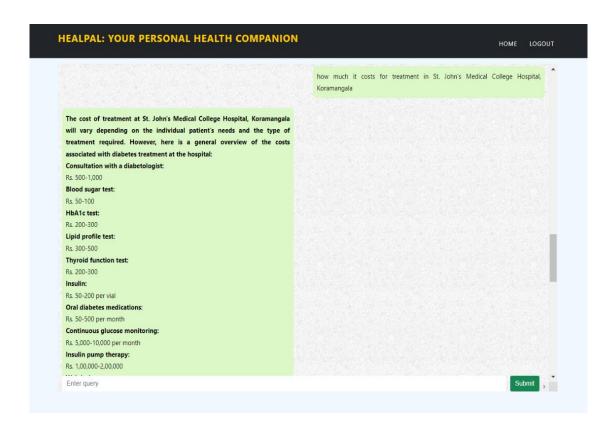


Fig 5.2: User interaction with the chatbot.

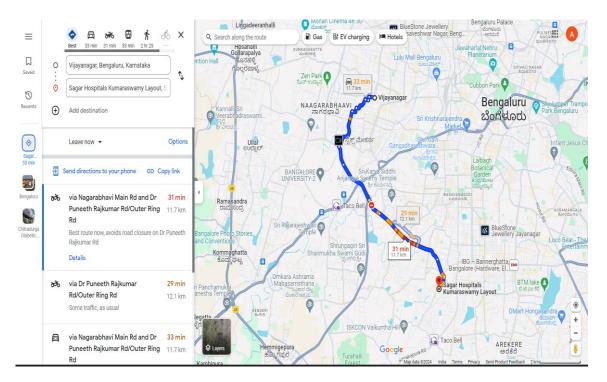


Fig 5.3: Live location tracking through chatbot.

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V. CONCLUSION

This Project is a demonstration on a web based Medical Chatbot application. Each doctor is specialized for solving medical related issues of patient Requests. This application would help to resolve the problems of busy people who cannot visit Hospital often. The Conclusion makes a return on the goal of this work. The development and implementation of experimental and participatory research in this context a crucial need and saves time at most of the Time. Development of this web is a cross-cutting function and cannot be successfully implemented without collaboration between a variety of social users and Doctors it can also be made specifically belonging to one Hospital by restricting Registration of doctors. To improve public awareness of the potential of busy people and less resources. In conclusion, a medical chatbot represents a promising advancement in healthcare technology, offering valuable support and information to users.

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