

HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM BASED ON WEB

Sanjog Dotel¹, Abhishek jha², Hrishu kumar³, Nikhal Rao⁴, Gautam Kumar⁵

¹Bachelor of Engineering in Information Technology, Chandigarh University ²Bachelor of Engineering in Information Technology, Chandigarh University ³Bachelor of Engineering in Information Technology, Chandigarh University ⁴Bachelor of Engineering in Information Technology, Chandigarh University

Abstract - Hospital Management Systems (HMS) represent a key advancement in healthcare technology designed to revolutionize operational efficiency, raise standards of patient care and ensure compliance with regulatory protocols. This paper explores the multifaceted functions of HMS, highlighting its role in automating administrative tasks, supporting real-time access to patient data, and facilitating seamless communication between healthcare professionals. Drawing on current research and practical implementations, we delve into the transformative potential of HMS, particularly in the context of recent innovations in telemedicine, data analytics, and remote monitoring systems. In our research, we present SIMRS, a robust hospital management information system developed using the waterfall method, strategically focused on the systematic improvement of hospital operations. By automating key processes such as patient registration, appointment scheduling, payment and inventory management, SIMRS optimizes hospital workflows and ultimately improves patient care delivery. In addition, we examine the empirical evidence that shows the significant impact of management systems and leadership traits on the quality of care in hospital settings, and highlight the indispensable role of effective leadership and management frameworks. Next, we discuss the technical foundations of HMS and highlight the integration of various programming languages and database management systems such as HTML, CSS, JavaScript, PHP, MySQL, and MongoDB. This cross-disciplinary approach underscores the synergy between technological innovation and healthcare management, paving the way for a more efficient patientcentered healthcare ecosystem. In summary, this research illuminates the transformative potential of HMS to revolutionize healthcare operations, improve patient outcomes and optimize resource allocation, advocating for its widespread adoption to shape the future of healthcare delivery.

Key Words: JavaScript, MySql, HMS, Electronic Health Records, Telehealth

1.INTRODUCTION

In today's health care environment, effective hospital management is a cornerstone for providing quality health care services and ensuring positive patient outcomes. With the escalating complexity of patient care, increasing regulatory requirements, and an ever-evolving technology landscape, implementing a robust Hospital Management System (HMS) appears imperative. This project seeks to address these challenges directly by developing a comprehensive HMS, ready to streamline administrative tasks, improve patient care delivery, and optimize hospital operations. The Hospital Management System (HMS) serves as a centralized platform for organizing various aspects of hospital management, including patient record management, appointment scheduling, billing and inventory management. Leveraging the latest technological advances, including PHP, MySQL, MongoDB and JavaScript, our HMS aims to revolutionize healthcare management by providing healthcare professionals with an intuitive, efficient and adaptable solution. Figure 1 shows an example of a HMS



Fig. 1. Hospital Management System

The core of this project is the basic goal of creating a system that seamlessly manages the storage and retrieval of patient records. With an emphasis on accuracy, availability and data security, our HMS strives to alleviate the administrative burden associated with traditional paper-based record keeping methods. Additionally, the system will boast features tailored to schedule and manage medical appointments, optimizing resource allocation and improving patient flow dynamics within the hospital ecosystem. Our, HMS is seen as a transformative force in healthcare delivery, providing healthcare professionals with advanced functionality and practical insights. From automated appointment reminders to electronic prescriptions and real- time data analysis, the system aims to increase operational efficiency, giving healthcare providers more time to focus on providing personalized, high-quality patient care.

Furthermore, given the dynamic nature of healthcare systems, our HMS is designed with scalability and interoperability in mind. This design ethos ensures that the system remains agile and adaptable, able to meet the evolving needs of healthcare facilities of all sizes while seamlessly integrating with existing infrastructure and industry standards. In short, this project seeks to develop a robust, user-centric and future-ready hospital management system. By harnessing the transformative potential of technology, our HMS strives not only to streamline administrative workflows and increase operational efficiency, but also to raise standards of patient care, ultimately shaping the future of healthcare delivery.



APPLICATIONS OF HMS:

The proposed Hospital Management System (HMS) is a comprehensive solution designed to optimize healthcare delivery and administrative processes. Core features include Patient Record Management, facilitating seamless organization of medical history and test results for accurate diagnosis and treatment. Appointment scheduling simplifies the process for patients and providers, reduces wait times, and increases attendance rates. The Invoicing and Financial Management modules ensure billing accuracy, minimize errors and improve revenue management. Inventory and supply chain management automates inventory levels, minimizes waste and increases cost efficiency. Workforce management features optimize headcount and productivity through performance planning and tracking. Electronic health records (EHRs) digitize patient information, improve care coordination, and reduce paperwork. Clinical decision support tools provide providers with evidencebased recommendations. Quality Assurance and Regulatory Compliance modules ensure compliance with standards such as HIPAA. Patient Engagement tools facilitate active involvement in care through portals and communication features. Telemedicine Integration expands access to healthcare through virtual consultations and remote monitoring. Overall, HMS increases efficiency, accuracy and patient engagement in healthcare delivery.

IMPORTANCE OF HOSPITAL :

A Hospital Management System (HMS) optimizes healthcare operations, improves patient care and ensures regulatory compliance. By automating administrative tasks, providing real-time access to patient information, and supporting communication and collaboration among healthcare professionals, HMS increases efficiency, accuracy and patient outcomes. It facilitates resource allocation, streamlines communication and enables continuous monitoring and improvement through data analysis. Overall, HMS plays a vital role in the delivery of modern healthcare by increasing efficiency, quality and patient satisfaction, making it an indispensable tool for hospitals to deliver high- quality, patientcentered care.

2. Body of Paper

The author [1] proposes an innovative chatbot hospital management system integrated with artificial intelligence aimed at automating tasks and improving access to medical knowledge. Using artificial intelligence, natural language processing and database management, the system facilitates effective disease diagnosis and provides users with preliminary information. Methodologies such as n-gram, TFIDF, and cosine similarity help classify sentences and calculate similarity with an expert program that handles complex queries. The complexity of the system is evident in its separate modules for administrators, patients and doctors, which enable a wide range of tasks from managing doctors to scheduling appointments and getting feedback. While focusing on improving diagnostic accuracy and expanding capabilities such as drug recommendations and website navigation could further improve the system, the proposed system demonstrates promising potential to streamline hospital operations and improve user

experience. Its advanced functionality ranks it among the top solutions compared to existing systems.

This study [2] examines the deployment of a web-based hospital management platform that represents a key transition from conventional paper-based systems to electronic medical management. Highlighting its role in eliminating paper prescriptions and improving patient care, physician scheduling and seamless access to patient data across hospital facilities, the document underscores the need for digital transformation in healthcare. While the specific technologies used remain undisclosed, the paper delineates various sections such as literature review, methodology, proposed system, project methodology, results and discussions, conclusions, and future improvements to comprehensively present the proposed system. Despite the absence of an explicit discussion of research gaps, the work primarily focuses on reducing paperwork and time associated with patient registration, message sharing and recipe dissemination, complemented by a predictor module for disease prognosis. Overall, the paper advocates digitization of health information and proposes a web-based platform as a viable solution to enhance operational efficiency and streamline medical management processes in the hospital environment.

The paper presents [3] a new health monitoring system tailored for hospitals, prioritizing convenience, reliability, efficiency and scalability. Its core functions include real- time data monitoring, medical prescription management, and data acquisition for medical analytics, all aimed at improving healthcare management and hospital automation. Through network simulations, the study evaluates the system architecture using MQTT and CoAP communication protocols, which confirms the superiority of MQTT for real- time data exchange. Utilizing Body Sensor Network (BSN) nodes, patient health data is collected and stored in a MySQL database on a central server, enabling seamless real-time monitoring. By comparing its findings with previous studies, the paper highlights a methodological advance. The conclusion highlights the system's potential to improve physician-patient interactions and advocates the widespread adoption of MQTT communication protocols to streamline data transfer. Overall, this paper offers valuable insights into an effective health monitoring system that is poised to benefit both healthcare providers and patients.

The author [7] examines the profound impact of information and communication technologies (ICT) and the Internet on global business models with a strong focus on healthcare. Highlighting the adoption of Health Level Seven (HL7) standards for Hospital Information Systems (HIS) message exchange, along with certifications such as ISO IEC 9126 and tools such as the HL7 Development Framework (HDF), this revision underscores the sophistication of E-Hospital Management. Solution. Based on secondary survey data and successful case studies, the paper outlines the evolving HIS landscape, highlighting simplified operations, improved administrative control, superior patient care and cost management. It also addresses the need for healthcare organizations to integrate systems, citing regulatory requirements such as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) while acknowledging the challenges of proprietary and department-specific HIS that prevent seamless integration. Ultimately, the report highlights the key role of ICT in meeting the health needs of a growing population, facilitating effective service delivery and supporting health professionals and support staff.

The article [8] deals with the development of a hospital management system (HMS) aimed at increasing profitability, management and patient care in healthcare facilities. With modules for doctor reservations, laboratory test scheduling, pharmacy services and health programs, the system offers a comprehensive solution for managing various aspects of hospital operations. An integral administrative component facilitates user management, pharmacy system oversight, health program administration and appointment/lab test booking. Using a methodical approach, the development team performed a thorough analysis of the existing system, identified areas for improvement, and subsequently released five primary modules. The system uses MERN technology with an emphasis on safety and performance, ensuring robustness and efficiency. Data management facilitated by MongoDB enables efficient handling of patient, physician, lab test, medical program and drug information. The paper highlights the importance of digitization for streamlining hospital operations and automating daily activities, leading to increased productivity and efficiency of work processes. It is recommended to focus on improving the front-end design to further optimize the user experience and efficiency of the system.

This study [9] shows big data as a key force driving innovation and transformation in healthcare. It highlights the key role of data collection, management and analysis in revolutionizing service delivery and improving public health outcomes. At the heart of this paradigm shift is the integration of advanced computing infrastructure and cutting-edge solutions for processing large data sets. The article highlights the challenges of managing big data and highlights the role of artificial intelligence (AI), machine learning (ML) and innovative visualization techniques in deriving actionable insights. It promotes better data sharing and interoperability between healthcare organizations to promote collaboration and knowledge exchange. While specific methodologies are implicit, the article outlines a conceptual framework emphasizing careful data management and diverse data sources in healthcare. It paints a compelling picture of the transformative potential of big data in healthcare and encourages providers to invest in the appropriate infrastructure. Going forward, he envisions predictive analytics, deeper integration of AI and ML, advanced data visualization, and improved data sharing as key areas for further exploration of big data analytics in healthcare.

The paper presents [5], HMS website development offers a timely solution to mitigate the challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic. Drawing on seminal work by Koyuncu & Koyuncu, Hseih & Chen, and REVA University, this paper integrates perspectives on task processing, database management, and user interface design. Using web development tools such as HTML, CSS, JavaScript, PHP, Bootstrap and a MySQL database, HMS websites enable seamless meeting scheduling and data management. Through the use of user data collected through HTML forms and stored in MySQL databases, the system optimizes patient-physician interactions, thereby increasing the overall efficiency of healthcare services. However, considerations related to Internet accessibility, digital literacy, and database scalability require further investigation. Future research may include the integration of telemedicine services and the implementation of increased security measures to protect user data. This review summarizes the basic research informing the development of HMS websites and highlights

their key role in addressing health care challenges during a pandemic.

This study [6], implementation of the Internet of Things in healthcare, especially in the intelligent management systems of hospitals, represents a paradigm shift in the provision of healthcare. IoT technology has emerged as a key factor facilitating real-time monitoring, data analysis and seamless integration within hospital infrastructure. Studies in the literature highlight the transformative potential of IoT, as evidenced by its applications in various areas of healthcare, such as m-health devices, remote patient monitoring systems, and sensor networks. These improvements promise better patient outcomes, simplified workflows and better decision-making for healthcare providers. However, along with its promise, challenges remain, including issues with data security, interoperability and scalability. Addressing these challenges requires innovative solutions and collaborative efforts by stakeholders. Thus, while the IoT heralds unprecedented opportunities to revolutionize healthcare delivery, its successful implementation depends on overcoming existing barriers through interdisciplinary collaboration and technological innovation.

The author [4] proposes web-based hospital management system revolutionizes medical administration by utilizing webbased networking technologies, offering online patient prescription registration, appointment booking and management. It optimizes administrative tasks, improves the availability of patient data and supports communication between patient and doctor. Practical implications include increased health service delivery, improved patient experience and reduced administrative burden and costs. The literature survey refers to influential works on user-interactive hospital management and secure login systems. The system uses HTML5/CSS3, JavaScript, Bootstrap, XAMPP, PHP, MySQL and TCPDF technologies and ensures efficient data management. Although specific results are not mentioned, the system promises greater efficiency and convenience in hospital operations. In conclusion, it can be said that the system marks a fundamental shift towards the efficiency of health care administration and underlines the key role of web technologies in the modernization of hospital management.

III. EXISTING SYSTEM

The current hospital management system (HMS) has evolved significantly over the years, reflecting the continued technological advancements in healthcare administration. Initially relying on manual processes and paper-based record keeping, HMS gradually transitioned to computerized systems in the 1980s and 1990s, laying the groundwork for automating patient registration, billing and inventory management. However, the first solution lacked integration across departments, which limited their effectiveness. The advent of integrated hospital information systems (HIS) in the early 2000s marked a major milestone, offering centralized platforms that combined the functions of electronic health records (EHR), appointment scheduling, and billing. The following decade saw a surge in EHR adoption, driven by government regulations and incentives, leading to an increased focus on data security and the digitization of patient records. Cloud solutions and mobile applications further advance the HMS environment by enabling remote access to patient data, improving collaboration, and

facilitating functions such as appointment scheduling and communication with healthcare providers. Recent years have seen the integration of artificial intelligence, data analytics, and telemedicine into HMS, optimizing operations, supporting patient-centered care, and expanding healthcare accessibility through virtual consultations and engagement strategies.

IV. PURPOSED SYSTEM

In the proposed System, HMS can be used for any hospital. It stores the patient, doctor, and admin information. An admin can see patient, doctor information, appointment status and add or remove a doctor. The figure 2 illustrates user interaction in the hospital management system, including login, role-based access, and other features such as feedback collection.



Fig. 2. Working of HMS



Fig.3. Data stored in Database

Algorithm for the patient module:

• Registration/Login: Users register if they are new or log in if they are returning.

• Main Dashboard: After logging in, users can access the main dashboard.

• Schedule an appointment: Patients select a doctor/specialty and confirm an appointment.

• View Appointment History: Patients review past and upcoming appointments.

• Access to prescriptions: Patients view past prescriptions.

• Providing feedback: Patients provide feedback after appointments.

Algorithm for the Doctor module:

Login: Doctors log in using credentials.

• Dashboard: After logging in, doctors can access the dashboard.

• View Appointments: Doctors see scheduled appointments.

• Update Prescription Details: Doctors update prescriptions for each appointment.

• Manage Consultations: Doctors conduct consultations during appointments.

• View Patient Feedback: Doctors view patient feedback.

Algorithm for the manager module:

• Login: Administrators log in using credentials.

• Dashboard: After logging in, admins have access to the dashboard.

• Records Management: Administrators manage patient and physician records.

• View appointments: Admins review appointment listings.

• System Settings: Administrators configure system settings.

• Medication Management: Admins manage medication inventory.

These simplified algorithms outline the basic functions of each module in the hospital management system and highlight the key actions performed by users and administrators.

3. CONCLUSIONS



The implementation of HMS using HTML, CSS, JavaScript, PHP, MySQL, MongoDB and other technologies has shown significant progress in healthcare management. By seamlessly integrating various functions, including patient and physician data management, appointment scheduling, prescription processing and online payments, the system has greatly improved the efficiency and effectiveness of hospital operations. Through rigorous testing, the system has proven to responsive and user-friendly, be fast, streamlining administrative processes and reducing patient waiting times. HMS not only addresses the critical need for accurate record keeping, but also improves the overall patient experience by facilitating online transactions and eliminating manual paperwork. With its ability to efficiently store and retrieve huge amounts of data, the proposed system outperforms conventional methods and offers benefits such as reduced redundancy, improved consistency, and increased employee productivity. By incorporating digitization, HMS lays the foundation for improved healthcare services that enable hospitals to deliver superior patient care while ensuring seamless and efficient management of hospital resources. The success of this project ultimately underscores the transformative potential of technology to revolutionize healthcare delivery and underscores the importance of adopting innovative solutions that meet the evolving needs of the healthcare industry.

4. FUTURE WORK

The future trajectory of hospital management systems (HMS) envisions a transformational shift in healthcare delivery, driven by cutting-edge technological innovations aimed at increasing operational efficiency, raising standards of patient care, and improving overall healthcare outcomes. Digital transformation will prove to be a cornerstone that will enable hospitals to use data analytics and machine learning algorithms to make datadriven decisions, leading to better allocation of resources and minimizing patient wait times. The development of dashboards will allow hospital productivity administrators to gain real-time insight into key performance metrics, enabling proactive monitoring of day-to-day operations and resource optimization. The expansion of telehealth services will democratize access to health care and offer patients options for remote consultation and monitoring, alleviating pressure on hospital infrastructure. Integrated systems incorporating value-based care models will prioritize preventive health care measures and advocate for the holistic well-being of patients. Emerging technologies such as genomics, big data analytics, and robotics will revolutionize the delivery of patient care, facilitating more efficient data aggregation and analysis for better monitoring and treatment strategies. Smart hospital spaces, equipped with advanced digital tools, will improve the patient experience by offering personalized and seamless healthcare journeys. Together, these advances herald a future healthcare landscape characterized by efficiency,

patient-centered care, and cost-effectiveness, reshaping the fundamental dynamics of healthcare delivery for the better.

REFERENCES

- N. Sree Himaja, V. Sri, and V. Devi, "HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM WITH CHATBOT," vol. 13, p. 7, 2023.
- L. Jayannavar, K. Saimanoj, G. Poojitha, and K. Devendra Dixit, "Hospital Management System using Web Technology," 2020, [Online].Available:https://www.researchgate.net/publication/3421 71051
- 3. P. K. Rath, N. Mahapatro, S. Sahoo, and S. Chinara, "IoT Based Health Monitoring System for Hospital Management."
- Babu, A. C., Teja, V. N. C. S., Reddy, A. D., Kumar, E. N., & Srinivas, V. (2023). Web Based Hospital Management System. 2023 9th International Conference on Advanced Computing and Communication Systems, ICACCS 2023, 1109–1113. https://doi.org/10.1109/ICACCS57279.2023.10112962
- 5. Musale, P. (2022). Hospital Management System. International Journal of Mechanical Engineering, 7(7).
- Ahmed, M. M., Kaur, N., & Gairola, S. U. (2022). Hospital Management System Based on IoT. International Conference on Cyber Resilience, ICCR 2022. https://doi.org/10.1109/ICCR56254.2022.9995904
- P. Balaraman and K. Kosalram, "Information Engineering and Electronic Business," 2013. [Online]. Available: http://www.mccspress.org/
- K. Nishanthan, S. Mathyvathana, R.Priyanthi, A.Thusara, D.I. De Silva, and Dulanji Cooray, "The Hospital Management System," International Journal of Engineering and Management Research, vol. 12, no. 5, pp. 135–149, Oct. 2022, doi: 10.31033/ijemr.12.5.17.
- S. Dash, S. K. Shakyawar, M. Sharma, and S. Kaushik, "Big data in healthcare: management, analysis and future prospects," J Big Data, vol. 6, no. 1, Dec. 2019, doi:10.1186/s40537-019-0217-0.