

Human-Computer Interactions. The Importance of Usability

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Abstract:

Human-computer interaction (HCI) has become an essential aspect of modern technology. HCI involves the design, evaluation, and implementation of interactive computer systems that are user-friendly and efficient. Usability is one of the critical factors that determine the success of any HCI system. In this paper, we discuss the importance of usability in HCI and its impact on user satisfaction, performance, and overall system success. We provide a comprehensive overview of usability evaluation methods and techniques used in HCI research, including heuristic evaluation, cognitive walkthrough, and user testing. We also discuss the role of user-centred design principles in developing usable HCI systems. Finally, we highlight some of the challenges in achieving optimal usability in HCI systems, such as designing for different user groups and accommodating individual differences.



Introduction:

Human-computer interaction (HCI) has become a ubiquitous part of modern life. With the increasing complexity and diversity of computing systems, HCI has become critical to ensure that users can efficiently interact with technology. The usability of HCI systems is a critical factor that determines user satisfaction and overall system success. Usability is the measure of the extent to which a system is easy to use, efficient, and effective. HCI researchers and practitioners have developed various methods and techniques to evaluate usability in interactive computing systems. These methods and techniques help designers and developers to identify usability problems in HCI systems and provide guidance on how to improve the overall usability of

the system. In this paper, we discuss the importance of usability in HCI and provide an overview of usability evaluation methods and techniques used in HCI research.

Importance of Usability in HCI:

The importance of usability in HCI cannot be overstated. A system that is difficult to use or requires excessive cognitive or physical effort can lead to user frustration, errors, and decreased productivity. In contrast, a system that is easy to use and requires minimal cognitive and physical effort can improve user satisfaction, performance, and the overall success of the system. HCI researchers have conducted numerous studies on the impact of usability on user satisfaction, performance, and system success. These studies have consistently shown that usability is a critical factor in determining the success of any HCI system.

Usability Evaluation Methods and Techniques:

HCI researchers use various methods and techniques to evaluate usability in interactive computing systems. These methods and techniques are typically classified into three categories: expert-based methods, user-based methods, and mixed methods. Expert-based methods, such as heuristic evaluation and cognitive walkthrough, involve experts evaluating the usability of a system based on a set of predefined usability criteria. User-based methods, such as user testing, involve users interacting with a system while their performance and satisfaction are measured. Mixed methods combine both expert-based and user-based methods to evaluate usability.

Heuristic evaluation is one of the most widely used expert-based methods for evaluating the usability of HCI systems. In heuristic evaluation, a group of experts evaluate a system based on a set of predefined usability heuristics. The experts identify usability problems in the system and provide recommendations on how to improve the usability of the system. Cognitive walkthrough is another expert-based method in which experts evaluate a system based on a set of hypothetical scenarios that represent typical user tasks. The experts identify usability problems in the system and make recommendations on how to improve the system's usability.

User testing is one of the most widely used user-based methods for evaluating usability in HCI systems. In user testing, a group of users interacts with a system while their performance and satisfaction are measured. The users' interactions with the system are typically recorded using various methods, such as think-aloud protocols, observation, and video recording. The data collected from user testing is used to identify usability problems in the system and provide recommendations on how to improve the system's usability.

The Rise of HCI

As a means of examining how and why computers might be made more user-friendly, HCI emerged in the early 1980s. In a short period of time, the research area expanded to practically encompass all IT.

It changed everything when Apple introduced the Macintosh in 1984. The usage of computers has become much more accessible, making communication simpler. Keyboard, mouse, and icon-based user interfaces were popular during this period.

Despite the fact that it has expanded significantly since its inception, the field of human-computer interaction will keep growing as more information about users and computers is learned.

Giving users additional options and adopting a more humane stance to accommodate people with various preferences, disabilities, and fears, new HCI methodologies are striving to personalize interaction tools and processes as much as feasible.

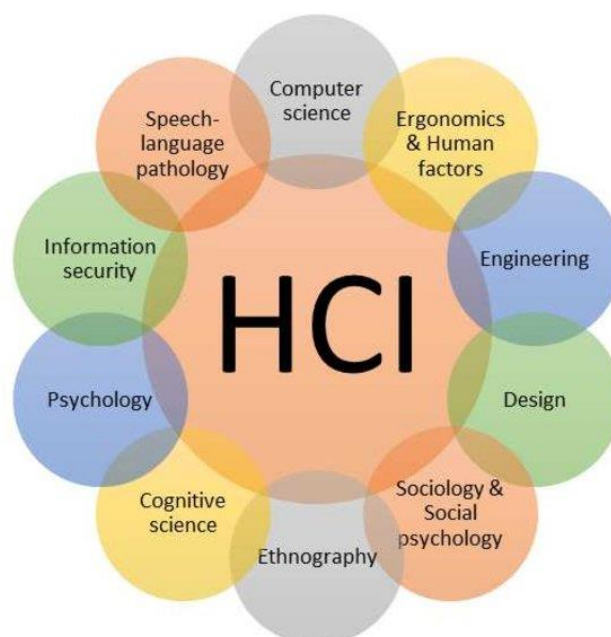
In addition to the exponential growth of HCI possibilities, sign systems are adopting technologies created for phones, homes, and other personal devices more swiftly.

Components of Human-Computer Interaction

HCI is primarily composed of four essential elements:

The User

An individual or a group of individuals who work together on a project is referred to as the user component. HCI researches the needs, objectives, and interaction styles of users.



The Goal-Oriented Task

When using a computer, a user always has a purpose or aim in mind. To achieve this, the computer presents a digital representation of things.

The Interface

An essential HCI element that can improve the quality of user interaction is the interface. Many interface-related factors need to be taken into account, including the type of interaction, screen resolution, display size, and even color contrast.

The Context

HCI is not only about providing better communication between users and computers but also about factoring in the context and environment in which the system is accessed.

Conclusion:

In summary, usability is a critical factor that determines the success of any HCI system. Usability evaluation methods and techniques such as heuristic evaluation, cognitive walkthrough, and user testing are used by HCI researchers and practitioners to identify usability problems in interactive computer systems and provide guidance for improving overall usability. User-centred design principles play a critical role in the development of usable HCI systems by ensuring that the design process is focused on user needs and goals. Although achieving optimal usability of HCI systems can be challenging, it is important to design for different user groups and consider individual differences to ensure that the system is usable and effective for all users. Overall, the importance of usability in AI cannot be overstated, as it plays a critical role in ensuring that the technology is user-friendly, efficient, and effective.

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