

Impact of Artificial Intelligence on Digital Marketing

Shirsendu Kar

Guide: Divyansh Verma Bachelors of Digital Marketing ASIAN SCHOOL OF MEDIA STUDIES, NOIDA

ABSTRACT

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence (AI), Machine learning (ML), Digital Marketing (DM)

Research question: How does AI affect digital marketing and help digital marketers to improve their performance?

Purpose: The aim of this study is to determine the Impact of AI in digital marketing by analyzing and determining how digital marketers utilize AI to improve performance.

Method: This is a quantitative study by conducted survey questions and analyzed using chart.

Conclusion: AI has the potential to revolutionize digital marketing by automating various processes and enabling marketers to better understand and meet customer needs. As digital marketers strive to enhance their strategies and engage with customers effectively, they recognize the value of AI in achieving their goals.



Chapter 1 Introduction

Rapid technological improvement, specifically in Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML), has significantly transformed various industries, including digital marketing. The progression of AI in the present day is a remarkable opportunity to revolutionize customer communication and marketing strategies. This research project targets to spotlight the more profound implications and potential of artificial intelligence and Machine Learning in Digital Marketing.

1.1 - Background of AI and ML

Artificial intelligence(AI) revolves around developing machines with an intellect like humans. Accomplishing this objective necessitates implementing various methodologies such as deep learning, natural language processing (NLP), and machine learning.



Machine learning is a subset approach in AI that underscores developing mathematical models and algorithmic procedures enabling computers to study data accurately to make reasoned-based conclusions or evaluations.

1.2 - Evolution of digital marketing

Over time, digital marketing has transformed tremendously, transferring from traditional marketing approaches to data-driven personalized strategy. With numerous options at one's disposal such as SEO optimization methods meant to bolster website viewership or stylized SMM promotion geared towards social networking platforms like Facebook or Twitter; modern businesses have a multitude of choices when it comes to marketing their services to the public.

1.3 - Importance of AI and ML in digital marketing

Several opportunities and difficulties have arisen due to integrating AI and ML into digital marketing practices. These tools could help marketers analyze massive volumes of data, automate procedures, and increase the personalization of their interactions with customers. The significance of AI and ML in digital marketing can be observed in several key areas:

- **Data-driven insights**: AI and ML have revolutionized how digital marketers navigate by capturing insights from large-scale customer data. With powerful analysis capabilities at their disposal marketers are now well-equipped to gain a more comprehensive understanding of consumer behaviors and preferences per market trends. Informed by these deep learnings, they are better positioned than ever before to streamline their marketing efforts for tremendous success.
- **Personalization and customer experience**: Using user data, behavioral patterns, and predictive analytics, AI-powered solutions may produce highly personalized marketing experiences. Artificial intelligence (AI) enables brands to provide customized services that resonate with individual customers, boosting engagement and loyalty, including personalized product suggestions, chatbots, and virtual assistants.
- Automation and Efficiency: AI and ML technologies save marketers time and resources by automating repetitive operations like data processing, content development, and customer care. By automating these procedures, marketers can concentrate on more complex tactics and original problem-solving, which boosts productivity and efficiency.
- **Improved advertising and targeting**: AI-powered algorithms may examine user data and behavior to enhance advertising campaigns and improve targeting accuracy. As a result, marketers may target the appropriate audience segments with relevant ads, maximizing the impact of their marketing campaigns and raising the return on investment (ROI).



Chapter 2 AI and ML Techniques in Digital Marketing

2.1 - Natural Language Processing (NLP) and Sentiment Analysis

Artificial intelligence's natural language processing (NLP) field equips machines to understand human language correctly. Particularly in the digital marketing landscape, NLP performs a critical role in analyzing consumer feedback through social media conversation and online review evaluations. Implementing NLP methods helps marketers extract valuable analysis of client preferences among transparent sources of solicited or unsolicited feedback from the audience. Sentiment analysis as a subcategory within NLP helps evaluate how customers identify brand interactions based on specific textual context data to establish common trends around customer satisfaction levels that ultimately empower data-driven decisions[1].

2.2 - Predictive Analytics and Customer Segmentation

Predictive analytics, an actual application of ML, empowers marketers to forecast customer behavior and optimize marketing strategies accordingly. By analyzing historical data, ML algorithms can predict future outcomes, such as customer churn, purchase propensity, and lifetime value. These insights enable businesses to develop personalized marketing campaigns, tailor product offerings, and allocate resources effectively. ML algorithms also facilitate customer segmentation, automatically grouping customers based on shared characteristics, enabling marketers to deliver targeted messages and offers [2].

2.3 - Personalization and Recommendation Systems

Personalization has become a cornerstone of effective digital marketing. AI and ML algorithms analyze customer data, including browsing history, purchase behavior, and demographic information, to deliver personalized content, recommendations, and offers. Recommendation systems powered by ML techniques, such as Collaborative and content-based filtering, provide customers with tailored suggestions based on their preferences and similar usage patterns. Which enhances the customer experience, increases engagement, and drives conversion rates, leading to higher customer satisfaction and brand loyalty [3].

2.4 - Image and Video Analysis

With the increasing popularity of visual content on digital platforms, AI and ML techniques have become essential for analyzing images and videos. Image recognition and analysis algorithms can automatically categorize and tag pictures, enabling marketers to curate relevant visual content for their target audience. Video analysis techniques like object detection and facial recognition provide insights into customer reactions and engagement levels, helping marketers optimize video content and create more impactful campaigns. These techniques enable businesses to leverage visual content effectively, enhancing brand visibility and driving customer engagement [4].

2.5 - Chatbots and Virtual Assistants

Chatbots and virtual assistants are AI-powered conversational interfaces that interact with customers in real-time. ML algorithms enable these systems to understand and respond to customer queries, provide recommendations, and facilitate transactions. Chatbots and virtual assistants offer personalized experiences, improve customer service, and increase operational efficiency by handling routine inquiries and automating specific tasks. Moreover, they can collect valuable customer data, enabling businesses to gather insights and refine their marketing strategies.

2.6 - Marketing Automation

AI and ML technologies enable marketing automation, streamlining repetitive tasks and optimizing campaign execution. Automation tools leverage ML algorithms to segment audiences, schedule content distribution, and trigger personalized communications based on customer behavior. Automation reduces manual effort, improves efficiency, and ensures consistent delivery of marketing messages across multiple channels. Furthermore, ML algorithms can continuously analyze campaign performance, suggesting optimizations and improvements for future iterations.

Chapter 3 Applications of AI and ML in Digital Marketing

3.1 - Search Engine Optimization (SEO)

Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML) The techniques employed in Search Engine Optimization (SEO) have significantly progressed! This technological advancement has empowered marketers across industries by ensuring they can view and analyze vast amounts of data- enabling them to optimize the content of their web pages better than ever before! By doing so - these businesses can bolster support for their websites' functionalities such as their search engine rankings.

To elaborate further: through the use of ML algorithms - businesses gain insight into various components such as user browsing habits or how visitors interact with specific website features like its web design or site structure! This wealth of information provides organisations with a competitive edge and the power to identify content that resonates with users- thereby propelling website visibility and driving targeted traffic![5]

3.2 - Content Marketing and Creation

AI and ML play a significant role in content marketing, facilitating the creation, curation, and distribution of engaging and relevant content. Natural Language Generation (NLG) algorithms can automatically generate content, such as blog posts, product descriptions, and personalised emails, based on predefined templates and data inputs. ML algorithms analyse content performance data, user preferences, and social media trends to recommend content improvements and topic ideas. Additionally, AI-powered content curation platforms leverage ML to aggregate and curate content from various sources, enabling marketers to deliver high-quality content that resonates with their target audience [6].

3.3 - Social Media Marketing

AI and ML techniques have transformed social media marketing by enabling advanced targeting, content optimization, and campaign automation. ML algorithms analyze social media data, including user demographics, interests, and engagement patterns, to identify target segments and optimize content for maximum reach and engagement. AI-powered social listening tools monitor conversations, sentiment, and trends across social media platforms, allowing marketers to gain valuable insights and respond effectively to customer feedback. Furthermore, AI-driven chatbots and virtual assistants can automate social media interactions, provide real-time support, and deliver personalized experiences to customers [7].

3.4 - Email Marketing and Campaign Optimization

AI and ML techniques have significantly impacted email marketing by enabling automation, personalization, and campaign optimization. ML algorithms can analyze historical data on customer behavior, open rates, click-through rates, and conversion rates to identify patterns and predict the likelihood of engagement for different segments of the audience. AI-powered email marketing platforms can automate

the delivery of personalized emails, recommend optimal send times, and A/B test different subject lines and content variations to optimize campaign performance. These technologies enhance email marketing effectiveness, leading to improved engagement, higher click-through rates, and increased conversions [9]. **3.5 - Customer Relationship Management (CRM)**

AI and ML technologies enhance customer relationship management by enabling personalized interactions, predictive analytics, and customer insights. ML algorithms analyze customer data from various touchpoints, including past interactions, purchase history, and demographic information, to identify patterns and predict customer behaviour. This enables marketers to deliver personalized communications, anticipate customer needs, and tailor offerings to individual preferences. AI-powered CRM systems can automate customer segmentation, lead scoring, and sales forecasting, empowering marketers to optimize customer engagement and drive customer loyalty [8].

3.6 - Conversion Rate Optimization (CRO)

AI and ML play a crucial role in optimizing conversion rates, which is essential for driving business growth. ML algorithms can analyze website user behaviour data, including clickstream data, mouse movement, and time spent on the page, to identify conversion barriers and potential areas for improvement. By leveraging AI-powered CRO tools, marketers can conduct experiments, such as A/B testing different website layouts, content variations, and call-to-action placements, to identify the most effective combinations for maximizing conversions. ML algorithms continuously learn and adapt based on user interactions, providing insights to optimize the customer journey and increase conversion rates [10].

3.7 - Data Analytics and Insights

Marketers now have a powerful tool at their disposal thanks to AI and ML technologies. The utilization of advanced ML algorithms enables these professionals not just only to process large sets of data but analyze it effectively along with uncovering hidden patterns, trends, or correlations that would otherwise have gone unnoticed previously. By harnessing this raw potential known as insights; they can utilize this knowledge base for a multitude of purposes such as serving customers according to their preferences and needs or identifying market opportunities in real-time while optimizing overall marketing strategies accordingly for maximum effectiveness going forward [11].



Chapter 4 Benefits of AI and ML in Digital Marketing

4.1 - Enhanced Customer Targeting and Personalization

AI&ML Technologies is spearheading a new era in digital advertising by revolutionizing how marketers target their audience base while creating personalized experiences thanks to vast amounts of available data at their disposal through sophisticated algorithms capable enough not only segment potential buyers based upon demographics or behavior patterns but analyze it meaningfully as a valid customer data analyst. The segmentation of clients based on factors such as preferences, behaviors, and demographics into smaller groups lets you tailor ads to specific customer characteristics enabling the highest chance to turn leads into loyal customers. By adopting AI&ML solutions, marketers can create more contextual campaigns that resonate with their audience for better engagement and build long-lasting relationships with improved retention rates & higher returns from marketing investments![12]

For example, Netflix utilizes AI algorithms to analyze user viewing patterns and preferences, enabling personalized recommendations that enhance the user experience and increase customer satisfaction.[13,14] **4.2 - Improved marketing campaign performance**

AI and ML technologies contribute to improved marketing campaign performance by optimizing various aspects of the campaign lifecycle. ML algorithms can analyze historical campaign data, customer behavior, and market trends to identify the most effective strategies and tactics. Marketers can leverage AI-powered tools to automate audience segmentation, content optimization, and scheduling, leading to more efficient and effective campaigns. By harnessing the power of AI and ML, marketers can optimize targeting, messaging, and channels, resulting in higher conversion rates, increased ROI, and improved overall campaign performance.[22]

For example, Google Ads utilizes AI-powered algorithms to optimize ad placements, targeting, and bidding strategies, maximizing the impact and efficiency of advertising campaigns.[20,21]

4.3 - Increased operational efficiency

AI and ML technologies drive increased operational efficiency in digital marketing by automating timeconsuming and repetitive tasks. For instance, AI-powered tools can automate data analysis, report generation, and campaign optimization, reducing manual effort and freeing up marketers' time for strategic decision-making. ML algorithms can also monitor and analyze real-time data streams, providing marketers with timely insights and alerts for proactive action. By automating routine tasks and leveraging ML-driven insights, marketers can streamline operations, improve productivity, and allocate resources more effectively [23]. This allows marketing teams to focus on higher-value activities, such as strategy development and creative imagination, ultimately enhancing overall operational efficiency.

4.4 - Enhanced customer experience

It's crucial for businesses in digital marketing to leverage AI and ML technologies to improve the customer experience. By analyzing vast amounts of customer data, machine learning algorithms can uncover patterns that enable highly customized experiences tailored according to individual preferences.[28] Amazon provides an excellent example when they provide shoppers with personalized product recommendations through their AI-driven recommendation systems based on previous purchasing behaviour that contributes to the increased likelihood of repeat purchases.[24,25]

AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants offer not only immediate responses but also offer real-time and personalized support to customers for their queries and offering relevant recommendations. H&M, the clothing retailer, provides an excellent example they implemented a chatbot on their website to help customers with outfit suggestions or fashion guidance catered towards their specific style preferences, as demonstrated.[26,27] By leveraging AI and ML, businesses can create seamless and personalized customer experiences that drive engagement, foster loyalty, and ultimately lead to business growth[28].

4.5 - Real-time data-driven decision-making

The benefits of integrating AI and ML technologies into digital marketing strategies stem from enhanced real-time data-driven decision-making capability. By leveraging these technologies to monitor and process vast amounts of data in real time, it enables ML algorithms to generate particular insights for marketing professionals with actionable intelligence that can help positively transform their campaigns' success rate on the platforms they have chosen to utilise by social media platforms like Facebook or Twitter[29,30]. With these insights at hand regarding user engagement levels across social media channels combined with consumer behaviour patterns analysis in direct response to their posts from various campaigns via sentiment analytics will allow marketers anywhere weeding out irrelevant content material directed towards potential customers through artificial intelligence-based tools where they can track essential performance benchmarks monitoring website traffic or conversion rates as part of a comprehensive customer engagement package offering quick accessible effective target audience response times quickly responding to changing market conditions remaining truly proactive making modern-day digital marketing issues impacting bus, contributing actively.[31]

4.6 - Cost Optimization

AI and ML technologies contribute to cost optimization in digital marketing by automating processes, reducing manual effort, and improving operational efficiency. ML algorithms can automate tasks such as data analysis, campaign optimization, and content creation, freeing up marketers' time and reducing labor



costs. For example, AI-powered content creation tools, such as automated copywriters, can generate highquality content at scale, saving businesses time and resources.[32]

Moreover, AI-driven predictive analytics can optimize budget allocation by analyzing historical data and identifying areas of high ROI. Marketers can leverage these insights to allocate their resources more efficiently, focusing on marketing activities and channels that yield the best results. This not only helps reduce unnecessary spending but also maximizes the return on investment. By optimizing costs through AI and ML, businesses can achieve their marketing goals while maintaining a lean and efficient operation.[31]

Chapter 5 Challenges and Limitations of AI and ML in Digital Marketing

5.1 - Ethical Considerations and privacy concerns

In digital marketing, using AI and ML presents a significant challenge regarding ethical considerations and privacy issues. One key concern is using customer data ethically as organizations collect substantial amounts of data for analysis purposes. Thus it becomes essential to pay attention to factors such as transparency, consent, as well as security.[34]

Besides compliance with appropriate regulations such as GDPR that protects data in the EU region related to personalized advertisements derived from clients' records should observe users' rights for privacy meticulously.[33]

The second issue pertains when algorithm making decisions unknowingly reinforces existing social biases in biased datasets that influence promoting specific products unfairly choosing certain people over others — excluding them from some opportunities altogether. To avoid such instances happening concerning AIempowered campaigns driven by Machine learning technologies — companies should proactively curb Algorithmic discrimination with measures aimed at providing fairness while remaining inclusive.[34]

5.2 - Data Quality and Bias

Digital marketing faces many obstacles to delivering effective campaigns due to the substantial quality and prejudice concerns related to AI/ML algorithm datasets. Large diverse datasets are required for precise forecasting and actionable insights; however variability of dataset results in problems with incomplete or incorrect information leading to misleading output from the systems built upon such data repositories or whether it can lead towards ineffective campaigns aimed towards potential clients if flawed segmentation occurs Furthermore BIases can creep into being present within digital representations which results from preexisting issues with web scraped content on disparities associated with gender classifications,race, socioeconomic status, etc., created through learning models trained upon them The presence of these biases affect both classifier components making crucial situational choices frequently; these factors should always remain under scrutiny requiring ongoing validation checks while ensuring a continual broad-range variety of sources used.[35]

Here are some Bias Examples [36]

- Amazon's algorithm discriminated against women in its automated recruitment system, penalizing female applicants due to previous underrepresentation of women in technical roles.
- A US healthcare algorithm underestimated the needs of black patients by assuming healthcare costs indicate healthcare needs, disregarding the different ways in which black and white patients pay for healthcare and resulting in unequal access to care.

• Microsoft's chatbot Tay, launched on Twitter, quickly learned and shared discriminatory behavior from interacting with users and posting racist, transphobic, and antisemitic tweets within 24 hours.

5.3 - Skill Gaps and talent acquisition

The successful implementation of AI and ML in digital marketing requires skilled professionals who understand the complexities of these technologies and can leverage them effectively. However, there is a significant skill gap in the market, with a shortage of professionals who possess both marketing expertise and technical knowledge in AI and ML. This poses a challenge for businesses seeking to adopt AI and ML in their marketing strategies.

Acquiring and retaining talent with the necessary skill sets becomes a crucial consideration. Organizations need to invest in training and upskilling their existing marketing teams or recruit professionals with a blend of marketing and AI/ML expertise. Bridging the skill gaps and building cross-functional teams can help organizations harness the full potential of AI and ML in digital marketing.[37]

5.4 - Integration and infrastructure challenges

Implementing AI and ML in digital marketing can pose integration and infrastructure challenges. Integrating AI and ML technologies into existing marketing systems and processes requires careful planning and consideration. Legacy systems may not be compatible with AI-driven solutions, requiring significant modifications or even complete system overhauls. This can lead to complexities and potential disruptions in the integration process.

Moreover, AI and ML require substantial computational resources and infrastructure to process and analyze large volumes of data. Organizations need to invest in robust computing infrastructure, storage capabilities, and scalable architectures to handle the computational demands of AI and ML algorithms. Insufficient infrastructure can lead to performance issues, delays in data processing, and suboptimal results. Therefore, organizations must ensure they have the necessary technological infrastructure in place to support AI and ML initiatives.

5.5 - Regulatory and legal considerations

Acknowledging various legal & regulatory provisions is quintessential when it comes to implementing AI/ML technologies within digital marketing practices. As automated decision-making features become integrated into AI models many concerns emerge regarding responsibility alignment, transparency & openness across its decisions making processes. As an avenue towards granting individuals their due privacy rights, regulations GDPR [33] requires thorough communication around an organization's approach towards data collection, processing & utilization. These norms enshrine consumers with significant rights



like -informational disclosure, data accessibility & right-to-forget paradigms, thus changing how brands employ consumer data for promotional intents.

Additionally, certain industries, such as healthcare and finance, have specific regulations and compliance requirements that need to be considered when implementing AI and ML in digital marketing. Adhering to these regulations ensures the ethical and lawful use of AI and ML technologies. Organizations must stay updated with regulatory changes, adopt privacy-preserving practices, and ensure compliance to avoid legal issues and potential penalties.[38]

T

Chapter 6 Methodology

6.1 - Research Design:

This research project utilizes a mixed-methods research design, combining a literature review and a survey to examine the impact of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML) on digital marketing. The study aims to explore the applications, benefits, challenges, and limitations of AI and ML in digital marketing through both qualitative and quantitative data.

6.2 - Research Questions/Hypotheses:

- 1. What are the key applications of AI and ML techniques in digital marketing?
- 2. What are the benefits and advantages of utilizing AI and ML in digital marketing?
- 3. What are the challenges and limitations of AI and ML in digital marketing?
- 4. How do ethical considerations and privacy concerns influence the implementation of AI and ML in digital marketing?
- 5. What are the potential solutions and recommendations to address the challenges and limitations of AI and ML in digital marketing?
- 6.3 Participants/Sample:

The research project utilizes a mixed-methods approach by combining both primary and secondary data sources. The primary data is collected through a survey involving direct participation from digital marketers across various industries. A purposive sampling technique is employed to ensure a diverse representation of participants from different sectors and varying levels of experience with AI and ML in digital marketing. The survey aims to gather firsthand insights and perspectives on the applications, benefits, challenges, and limitations of AI and ML in digital marketing.

In addition to the primary data collection, the research paper also relies on a comprehensive review and analysis of existing literature, case studies, and empirical evidence related to the impact of AI and ML in digital marketing. This secondary data includes academic research papers, industry reports, whitepapers, and relevant publications from reputable sources. By integrating primary and secondary data sources, the research paper seeks to provide a well-rounded and comprehensive understanding of the impact of AI and ML in digital marketing.

6.4 - Data Collection:

Data is collected through an online survey organized by the researcher. The survey includes closed-ended questions. The survey is distributed to potential participants via platforms such as LinkedIn, Facebook, and email. The survey collects information about the participants' backgrounds, their usage and perceptions of AI and ML in digital marketing, as well as their experiences and challenges related to these technologies.

6.5 - Procedure:

- 1. Design and develop the survey questionnaire based on the research questions and objectives.
- 2. Distribute the survey to the target audience through various channels, including LinkedIn, Facebook, and email.
- 3. Send reminders to participants who have not yet responded to maximize the response rate.
- 4. Ensure participant anonymity and confidentiality throughout the data collection process.
- 5. Monitor and track the survey responses to identify any potential issues or biases.

6.6 - Data Analysis:

The data analysis involves quantitative techniques. For the closed-ended questions, descriptive statistical analysis is conducted to examine frequencies, percentages, and patterns. The analysis focuses on extracting insights and findings related to the applications, benefits, challenges, and limitations of AI and ML in digital marketing, as well as the perceptions and experiences of digital marketers.

6.7 - Limitations:

The research project acknowledges certain limitations:

- 1. The survey-based approach may introduce response bias, as participants' responses could be influenced by social desirability or personal biases.
- 2. The sample might not represent the entire population of digital marketers, and the findings may not be generalizable to all contexts.
- 3. The self-reported nature of the survey data may be subject to recall bias or inaccuracies in participants' responses.
- 4. The scope of the research may not cover every aspect of AI and ML in digital marketing due to the vastness of the topic.

6.8 - Ethical Considerations:

This research project upholds ethical guidelines by ensuring proper citation and acknowledgment of all sources used in the study. The paper demonstrates respect for the intellectual property rights of the authors and publishers of the referenced material. This study strictly adheres to ethical considerations concerning participant involvement. Informed consent is obtained from all participants, and their privacy and confidentiality are safeguarded throughout the research process. The survey introduction clearly communicates the study's purpose and assures participants that their responses will be kept anonymous and used exclusively for research purposes.



6.8 - Replicability:

To enhance replicability, the survey questionnaire, along with the research methodology, is documented and made available for future researchers. This includes providing sufficient information and references, and clear instructions on how to distribute the survey and interpret the findings. By providing a detailed account of the research methodology, other researchers can replicate the study and compare their results to further validate the findings.

T



Chapter 7 Survey Analysis

The survey data reveals a significant uptake of AI tools in digital marketing, with ChatGPT emerging as the most popular choice. However, challenges remain in terms of effectively utilizing AI due to a lack of knowledge, and concerns about accuracy and ethics. Understanding AI technology is deemed important for digital marketers, who also perceive AI's potential to outperform humans in specific roles like content writing. These key takeaways underscore both the opportunities and obstacles associated with AI adoption in digital marketing. Ongoing education, training, and advancements in AI technology are pivotal for marketers to harness its potential more effectively.

7.1 - Key Takeaways From The Survey

Figure	Question	Key Takeaways
Fig. 1	AI Adoption in Digital Marketing Activities	The majority of digital marketers are using AI tools in their activities highlighting the growing importance of AI in the industry.
Fig. 2	The AI tool most often used by You	ChatGPT is the most widely used AI tool among respondents in the survey indicating its popularity and effectiveness in digital marketing tasks.
Fig. 3	AI Tool Usage Frequency	AI tool usage is most commonly on a weekly basis suggesting that marketers integrate AI into their regular workflows.
Fig. 4	Top Factor Hindering(Difficulty)AIAdoption	Lack of knowledge for effective use is the primary hindrance to AI adoption, emphasizing the need for more education and training in AI technology.
Fig. 5	Most Popular AI Use Case	Article writing and copywriting are the most popular use cases for AI among digital marketers showcasing the effectiveness of AI in generating written content.
Fig. 6	Trust In AI-Generated Keyword Research Data	There is a level of scepticism and doubt regarding the accuracy of AI-generated keyword research data indicating the need for further improvements in this area.

International Journal of Scientific Research in Engineering and Management (IJSREM)Volume: 07 Issue: 08 | August - 2023SJIF Rating: 8.176ISSN: 2582-3930

Fig. 7	ImportanceofUnderstandingAITechnologyFor DigitalMarketers	Understanding AI technology is considered important by a significant portion of digital marketers highlighting the recognition of its impact and the need to stay informed.
Fig. 8	Job Role with the highest risk of AI Disruption	Content writers is perceived as having the highest risk of AI disruption suggesting that AI technology may have a significant impact on content creation in the future.
Fig. 9	AI Detection Tool Usage	The majority of respondents are not currently using AI detection tools indicating that there is room for improvement in monitoring and addressing potential AI biases or errors.
Fig. 10	AI Can Outperform Humans at Their Jobs	A majority of respondents believe that AI can outperform humans at their jobs, indicating a growing confidence in AI technology's capabilities.

7.2 - Indian Digital Marketers Are Now Using AI Tools For Work

The survey findings indicate that a significant majority of Indian digital marketers, specifically 82.1%, have already incorporated AI tools into their daily work routines. This demonstrates the widespread adoption of AI technology within the industry. The high percentage suggests that more and more marketers are recognizing the benefits and value that AI brings to their work processes. As AI continues to advance and demonstrate its effectiveness, it is likely that the number of digital marketers utilizing AI tools will continue to grow steadily. This trend indicates a positive trajectory towards increased integration of AI in digital marketing practices, with more professionals unlocking its potential to enhance their work performance.





Fig. 1: AI Adoption in Digital Marketing Activities

In digital marketing activities, the majority (82.1%) of respondents reported using AI tools, while 15.1% did not use any AI tools, and 2.6% were unsure.

7.3 - Marketers Are Using ChatGPT, Making It By Far The Most Popular AI Tool

We've all seen the headlines "ChatGPT sets record for fastest-growing user base - analyst note" [15] that ChatGPT is the fastest-growing app of all time.

ChatGPT is 7 months old at the time of writing. Yet 82.1% of all AI adopters are using it already. That works out to 76.9% of all marketers. This beats all other AI tools by a significant margin.

Why the rapid adoption? One significant factor is the accessibility provided by ChatGPT's pricing structure. OpenAI offers a free basic account, making it available to a wide range of users. Additionally, OpenAI provides affordable paid options, which further encourages adoption by marketers. This inclusive approach, rather than imposing high enterprise pricing, has played a key role in driving the widespread adoption of ChatGPT. By removing financial barriers, OpenAI has made it possible for marketers of varying budgets and resources to benefit from the capabilities of ChatGPT. The combination of ChatGPT's affordability and its impressive performance has made it a preferred choice for many marketers, surpassing other AI tools in terms of adoption rates.





Fig. 2: The AI tool most often used by You

The AI tool most often used by respondents is ChatGPT, with a majority of 76.9% of users, followed by Google Bard at 10.3% and Copy.ai at 5.1%. Jasper.ai was not used by any respondents, and 7.7% reported using other AI tools.

7.4 - Marketers Are Using AI Tools Frequently

The data reveals that among the respondents who said using AI, 25.6% use it on a daily basis, while an additional 59% incorporate AI into their work several times per week. This indicates a significant shift in the adoption of AI from a phase of initial testing and experimentation to a stage where AI has become a core component of professionals' work routines. The high frequency of AI tool usage reflects its integration into everyday tasks and processes, suggesting that AI is now deeply ingrained in the workflows of many professionals. This trend signifies the growing reliance on AI technology to enhance productivity and efficiency in various domains. Given this widespread integration and the evident benefits of using AI, it is reasonable to expect that the adoption of AI will continue to accelerate, rather than slow down, in the foreseeable future. The trajectory suggests that AI is firmly establishing itself as a fundamental tool for professionals across Digital Marketing industries.





Fig. 3: AI Tool Usage Frequency

The frequency of AI tool usage among respondents varied, with 25.6% using AI tools daily, 59% using them weekly, 5.1% using them monthly, and 10.3% never using them.

7.5 - Lack Of Knowledge And Accuracy Concern Are The Two Biggest Reasons Against Using AI Tools

The data indicates that 30.8% of respondents identified a lack of knowledge as a barrier to AI adoption. However, the learning curve for using tools like ChatGPT is relatively small. Many users quickly grasp the concept and functionality of ChatGPT after just a few attempts at writing prompts. ChatGPT's natural language interaction further contributes to its user-friendliness, making it accessible even to those without extensive technical expertise. It is possible that some individuals perceive the learning process to be more challenging than it actually is, which may explain the perception of a knowledge barrier.

Concerns about the accuracy of AI-generated data or content were reported by 20.5% of respondents. This concern is valid as AI models, including ChatGPT, can sometimes generate information that is not entirely accurate or may even fabricate information with confidence. To address this issue, users can ask the AI to provide a confidence score for the responses it generates. This allows for a more objective assessment of the AI's reliability and helps users measuring the accuracy of the information provided. By incorporating confidence scoring, users can better understand the level of certainty associated with AI-generated content and make informed judgments about its reliability.

International Journal of Scientific Research in Engineering and Management (IJSREM) Volume: 07 Issue: 08 | August - 2023 SJIF Rating: 8.176 ISSN: 2582-3930



Fig. 4: Top Factor Hindering (Difficulty) AI Adoption

The top factor hindering AI adoption in digital marketing was reported as "Lack of knowledge for effective use" by 30.8% of respondents. Other factors included "AI Accuracy Concern" and "Ethical Concern" at 20.5% each, "AI Usage Complexity" at 12.8%, "Lack of time for testing and implementation" at 10.3%, and 12.8% reported other factors.

Overall, these insights highlight that while the perceived barriers of knowledge and accuracy exist, they can be overcome by understanding the user-friendly nature of tools like ChatGPT and employing strategies such as confidence scoring to address accuracy concerns effectively.

7.6 - Most of the AI Users Are Using It For Article Writing and Copy Writing

The survey results indicate that among AI-using digital marketers, the two most common use cases for AI are article or blog writing (41%) and copywriting (41%). While there is not much overlap between these two specific use cases, it is evident that AI tools are primarily being employed for content creation purposes. This suggests that digital marketers are leveraging AI technology to streamline and enhance their content production processes.

As users become more proficient and comfortable with AI tools like ChatGPT, it is highly likely that we will witness an expansion in the complexity of prompts and use cases. With growing familiarity and experience, digital marketers may explore more advanced applications of AI, including tasks beyond traditional content creation. AI's versatility and adaptability enable it to handle various types of prompts and generate outputs tailored to specific marketing needs.

 International Journal of Scientific Research in Engineering and Management (IJSREM)

 Volume: 07 Issue: 08 | August - 2023
 SJIF Rating: 8.176
 ISSN: 2582-3930



Fig. 5: Top Factor Hindering (Difficulty) AI Adoption

The most popular AI use cases among respondents were "Article Writing" and "Copywriting," both at 41%. "Image Generation" received 7.7% of the responses, "Keyword Research" accounted for 5.1%, and "Other" uses received 5.1% as well. "E-Mail Marketing" did not receive any responses.

7.7 - How Much Users Trust Keyword Data From AI Tools

In a previous question about AI uses, 5.1% of respondents reported using AI tools for keyword research, and among these users, only 18% expressed trust in the keyword data provided by AI tools. This lack of trust can be attributed to the potential inconsistency and variability in the results generated by AI tools during keyword research.

It is understandable that users have concerns about the reliability of AI-generated keyword data, as there have been instances where AI models produce inconsistent or fluctuating numbers. To validate this, one can replicate the same scenario by asking AI to find keywords and their search volumes for a specific topic multiple times. It is likely that each time the process is repeated, the AI-generated numbers will vary significantly.

While it is acknowledged that achieving 100% accuracy in AI-generated data is not feasible, the wide disparities in the results produced by AI tools can lead to doubt among users. This doubt is valid, as it is essential for digital marketers to have reliable and consistent data to inform their keyword strategies and decision-making processes.

To address this issue, it is recommended to cross-verify the keyword data obtained from AI tools using other reliable sources or conducting manual research. Additionally, working with AI tools that provide confidence scores or data quality indicators can help users assess the reliability and accuracy of the keyword data more objectively.

 International Journal of Scientific Research in Engineering and Management (IJSREM)

 Volume: 07 Issue: 08 | August - 2023
 SJIF Rating: 8.176
 ISSN: 2582-3930



Fig. 6: Trust in AI-Generated Keyword Research Data

Trust in AI-generated keyword research data varied among respondents, with 38.5% having doubts, while 35.9% found it to be pretty accurate. 15.4% expressed a high level of trust, 2.6% had complete trust, and 7.7% reported not trusting it.

Overall, The concerns about the inconsistency and variability of AI-generated keyword data are justified and it is crucial for users to exercise caution and employ additional validation methods to ensure the reliability of the information obtained from AI tools.

7.8 - How Much Digital Marketers Acknowledge That Some Understanding Of AI Is Important

The survey results indicate that the vast majority of respondents, specifically 94.9%, recognized the importance for digital marketers having an understanding of AI for their jobs. However, what stands out is that 61.5% of respondents considered it very important or extremely important, indicating a strong perception of the significance of AI in the field of digital marketing.

The increasing importance of AI skills in digital marketing aligns with the broader trend of AI integration into popular business tools. For instance, the mention of Microsoft Office Copilot [16] highlights the growing presence of AI in everyday work environments. As AI continuously geting advance its value in enhancing productivity and efficiency. it is becoming increasingly clear that having basic AI skills will likely become a requirement for many office jobs including digital marketing roles.

In the context of digital marketing, the high importance given to AI skills can be partly attributed to the competitive nature of SEO (Search Engine Optimization). With a limited number of spots available on the first page of search engine results page, digital marketers face intense competition to secure visibility and drive traffic to their websites. But AI tools can provide valuable insights, data analysis capabilities, and automation that can give digital marketers an edge in this competitive landscape. The zero-sum game nature of SEO, coupled with the drive for improved performance and effectiveness, is a driving force behind the

rapid adoption of AI in digital marketing. Marketers recognize the potential of AI in helping them optimize their strategies, target the right audience, and gain a competitive advantage in the search rankings.



Fig. 7: Importance of Understanding AI Technology For Digital Marketers

Understanding AI technology was deemed important by the majority of respondents, with 41% considering it "Very" important and 20.5% considering it "Extremely" important. 30.8% found it to be of moderate importance, 2.6% slightly important, and 5.1% not important at all.

Overall, the strong emphasis on the importance of AI skills among digital marketers reflects the evolving nature of the industry and the recognition that AI is becoming an integral part of their work. As competition intensifies and AI continues to advance, staying updated and proficient in AI technologies will likely become a critical factor for success in the digital marketing field.

7.9 - Digital Marketers Think Content Writers' Jobs Are At Risk Because Of AI

The survey results indicate that 71.8% of respondents believed that Content Writers' jobs were most at risk of being replaced by AI, which is a significantly higher percentage compared to other professions. This perception can be attributed to the two tiers of writers present in the marketing world.

The first tier comprises topic experts who possess extensive knowledge and experience in specific domains, enabling them to provide valuable insights and unique perspectives. These experts typically command higher prices due to their specialized skills. The second tier includes "SEO writers" who may lack specialized knowledge and tend to rely on quick Google searches to produce content on various topics.

In the immediate future, the second group of writers, the SEO writers, are at a higher risk of job displacement by AI. This is because AI can replicate the process of rehashing and incorporating existing ranking content. Although AI may occasionally make factual errors, the end results are often well-crafted pieces. AI technology can assist in generating content faster, thereby posing a challenge to writers who solely rely on rehashing existing information without adding significant value.



It is important to note that the replacement of topic specialists and expert writers by AI may take longer to take place. These professionals bring unique expertise, insights, and creativity to their work, which is more challenging for AI to replicate effectively. Moreover, many smart writers are already leveraging AI tools to enhance their content creation process, using AI as a support to increase productivity and efficiency. However, it is not only writers who should be alert to the potential impact of AI. Other roles involved in content creation, such as email marketing and social media marketing could also face job losses. AI has the potential to automate certain aspects of content creation and distribution which may lead to a shift in the required skills and responsibilities within these roles.



Fig. 8: Job Role with the highest risk of AI Disruption

According to respondents, was "Content Writer" at 71.8%. "Email Marketing," "Social Media Managers," "Graphics Designer," "SEO Specialist," and "Web Developer" each received 5.1% to 7.7% of responses. **Overall,** while AI poses a significant risk to certain segments of content creation roles, particularly those involved in basic content generation, there are factors that suggest topic specialists and expert writers may have a longer runway before being fully replaced. The adoption of AI by smart writers to enhance their workflow and the potential impact on other content-related roles underscores the need for professionals to stay informed, adaptable, and open to leveraging AI as a tool to augment their skills and deliver enhanced results.

7.10 - Are Digital Marketers Are Using AI Detection Tools?

The survey results indicate that 33.3% of marketers utilize AI detection tools to identify whether content is written by AI or not. These tools, such as Content At Scale [18] and Zerogpt [17], claim to have the ability to distinguish between human-written and AI-generated text. However, it is important to note that the effectiveness of AI detection tools, including OpenAI's own AI classification tool, may vary.

The survey findings highlight a concerning aspect: OpenAI's AI classification tool correctly identifies only 26% of AI-written text. This suggests that the accuracy of these detection tools in correctly identifying AI-

Т

generated content is relatively low. Moreover, a recent article in NewScientist takes a more skeptical stance, stating that reliably detecting AI-generated text is mathematically impossible.[19]

The usage of AI detection tools that are known to be wildly inaccurate raises concerns. There have been instances where agencies and clients have relied on these tools and made incorrect claims about the origin of the content, falsely attributing it to AI when it was, in fact, created by humans.

This discrepancy in accuracy and the limitations of AI detection tools pose challenges for managers and business owners who seek to ascertain whether AI is being used by their employees or service providers. It emphasizes the need for caution and careful consideration when relying on such tools for making determinations about the source of content.

As the field of AI continues to upgrade, it is crucial to improve the accuracy and reliability of AI detection tools. Until more reliable and robust methods are developed, it is suggested to approach AI detection with skepticism and consider additional means of verifying the authenticity of content creation.



Fig. 9: AI Detection Tool Usage

The majority of respondents (66.7%) reported not using AI detection tools, while 33.3% reported using them.

Overall, The use of AI detection tools may be a natural response to the growing adoption of AI in content creation. It is important to recognize the limitations and potential inaccuracies associated with such tools. Trusting blindly in AI detection tools can lead to incorrect attribution and misunderstandings. Highlighting the need for a comprehensive and discerning approach to determining the origin of content.

7.11 - Most of the Digital Marketers Believe That AI Can Outperform Humans at Their Jobs The survey results reveal that most respondents, specifically 64.1%, believed that AI can outperform humans at their jobs, while 35.9% rejected this notion. This indicates a generally positive sentiment and the respondents' recognition of artificial intelligence capabilities.

The positive perception of AI potential to outperform humans at their jobs can be attributed to several factors. First, Artificial intelligence (AI) has made significant progress in recent years showing remarkable progress in several domains. A notable feature when it comes to this technology is its ability to handle vast amounts of data accurately identifying patterns- leading towards enhanced efficiency productivity within various industries inclusive but not limited to digital marketing.

The continued research into developing improvements on current algorithms pushes beyond perceived human limitations surpassing all previous expectations for higher levels of unprecedented performance! With more advanced algorithms coupled with wider availability of training data comes enhanced possibilities for exceeding humanity capabilities using AI technologies.

AI fostered broadly positive sentiments may stem from recognizing that it surpasses human limitations resulting in an endless capacity for working tirelessly without fatigue completing complex calculations at high speeds simultaneously processing vast amounts of information more rapidly and accurately than humans.

Therefore, while many respondents endorse constant advancement favoring AI's ability to outperform humans eventually, there still is acknowledgment that technology offers opportunities when coupled with augmenting job performances- automating repetitive tasks, providing insights, and assisting in decision-making. This would ultimately aid in overall job performance productivity.

However, there is skepticism about the ability of AI to completely outperform human capabilities by 35.9%. This skepticism may come from concerns about biases or limitations affecting the attainable applications of AI technologies; The importance of human creativity, intuition or emotional intelligence is particularly important for work; Or the belief that collaborative efforts to leverage human capabilities alongside AI lead to better results.





Fig. 10: AI can outperform humans at their Jobs

A majority of respondents (64.1%) believed that AI can outperform humans at their jobs, while 35.9% disagreed with this statement.

Overall, The research results uncover an encouraging perception toward AI's abilities among those surveyed. It's noteworthy that many individuals are persuaded by its potential to exceed human performance in various vocations. Such results reflect a growing appreciation and commendation for the disruptive potency of AI across numerous fields, including digital marketing.

T



Chapter 8 Conclusion

AI and ML have transformed digital marketing, empowering marketers with advanced tools and techniques to better understand and engage customers. The enhanced customer targeting, improved campaign performance, and increased operational efficiency have proven to be significant advantages. However, careful consideration must be given to ethical implications, data quality, skill development, and regulatory compliance.

Future research in this field should focus on exploring emerging technologies and advancements in AI and ML, investigating their potential impact on digital marketing. Additionally, studies that examine the long-term effects of AI and ML implementation on customer behavior and marketing strategies would contribute valuable insights to the field.

By embracing AI and ML responsibly, organizations can unlock new possibilities and stay at the forefront of digital marketing innovation, delivering personalized and meaningful experiences to their customers in an increasingly competitive landscape.

References:

- 1. Patel, N. (2021). How Natural Language Processing Affects Digital Marketing. *Neil Patel*. https://neilpatel.com/blog/natural-language-processing/
- Verhoef, P. C., Stephen, A. T., Kannan, P., Luo, X., Abhishek, V., Andrews, M., Bart, Y., Datta, H., Fong, N. M., Hoffman, D. L., Hu, M. X., Novak, T. P., Rand, W., & Zhang, Y. (2017). Consumer Connectivity in a Complex, Technology-enabled, and Mobile-oriented World with Smart Products. *Journal of Interactive Marketing*, 40(1), 1–8. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.intmar.2017.06.001
- Van Andel, R. (2021). The Power of Personalization in Digital Marketing. Search Engine People Blog. https://www.searchenginepeople.com/blog/the-power-of-personalization-in-digitalmarketing.html
- Krizhevsky, A., Sutskever, I., & Hinton, G. E. (2017). ImageNet classification with deep convolutional neural networks. *Communications of the ACM*, 60(6), 84–90. https://doi.org/10.1145/3065386
- Kaput, M. (2022, July 27). How to Use Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning in SEO. *Marketing AI Institute*. https://www.marketingaiinstitute.com/blog/how-to-use-artificialintelligence-in-seo
- Hsu, S., & Liou, S. (2021). Artificial Intelligence Impact on Digital Content Marketing Research. https://doi.org/10.1109/icot54518.2021.9680666
- 7. Sadiku, M., Ashaolu, T. J., Ajayi-Majebi, A., & Musa, S. M. (2021). Artificial Intelligence in Social Media. International Journal of Scientific Advances, 2(1), 15-20.
- Libai, B., Bart, Y., Gensler, S., Hofacker, C. F., Kaplan, A. M., Kötterheinrich, K., & Kroll, E. B. (2020). Brave New World? On AI and the Management of Customer Relationships. Journal of Interactive Marketing, 51, 44–56. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.intmar.2020.04.002
- Satyam, Y., Raviteja, J., Rao, D. R., & Akhil, R. (2022). OPTIMIZING EMAIL MARKETING USING MACHINE LEARNING. International Research Journal of Modernization in Engineering Technology and Science, 4, 2582–5208. https://www.irjmets.com/uploadedfiles/paper/issue_6_june_2022/26690/final/fin_irjmets1655964 131.pdf
- 10. Hannig, U., & Seebacher, U. (2023). Marketing and Sales Automation: Basics, Implementation, and Applications. Springer.
- Nadikattu, R. R. (2020). Research on Data Science, Data Analytics and Big Data. Social Science Research Network. https://doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.3622844

- 12. Laudon, K. C., & Laudon, J. P. (2004). Management information systems: Managing the digital firm. Pearson Educación.
- 13. Simplilearn. (2023). Netflix Recommendations: How Netflix Uses AI, Data Science, And ML.
 Simplilearn.com. https://www.simplilearn.com/how-netflix-uses-ai-data-science-and-ml-article#use_cases_of_aidata_scienceml_at_netflix
- 14. Netflix Research. (n.d.). https://research.netflix.com/research-area/machine-learning
- 15. Hu, K. (2023, February 2). ChatGPT sets record for fastest-growing user base analyst note. *Reuters*. https://www.reuters.com/technology/chatgpt-sets-record-fastest-growing-user-baseanalyst-note-2023-02-01/
- 16. Spataro, J. (2023, May 16). Introducing Microsoft 365 Copilot your copilot for work The Official Microsoft Blog. The Official Microsoft Blog. https://blogs.microsoft.com/blog/2023/03/16/introducing-microsoft-365-copilot-your-copilot-forwork/
- 17. ZeroGPT Chat GPT, Open AI and AI text detector Free Tool. (n.d.). https://www.zerogpt.com/
- 18. McCoy, J. (2023, May 30). AI Content Generator for Quality SEO Long Form Blog Posts. *Content*@ *Scale*. https://contentatscale.ai/
- Wilkins, A. (2023, April 5). Reliably detecting AI-generated text is mathematically impossible. *New Scientist.* https://www.newscientist.com/article/2366824-reliably-detecting-ai-generated-text-ismathematically-impossible/
- 20. Ata, J. (n.d.). The Use of AI in Digital Marketing: Optimizing Ads on Meta and Google. www.linkedin.com. https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/use-ai-digital-marketing-optimizing-adsmeta-google-joanna-ata/
- 21. *AI-powered Advertising and Marketing Solutions Google Ads.* (n.d.). https://ads.google.com/intl/en_us/home/campaigns/ai-powered-ad-solutions/
- 22. Shah, N. P., Bhagat, N., Chauhan, H., & Shah, M. (2020). Research Trends on the Usage of Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence in Advertising. *Augmented Human Research*, 5(1). https://doi.org/10.1007/s41133-020-00038-8
- Haleem, A., Javaid, M., Qadri, M. A., Singh, R. P., & Suman, R. (2022). Artificial intelligence (AI) applications for marketing: A literature-based study. *International Journal of Intelligent Networks*, *3*, 119–132. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijin.2022.08.005
- 24. Gokul. (n.d.). A Complete Study of Amazon's Recommendation System | Argoid. https://www.argoid.ai/blog/decoding-amazons-recommendation-system

- 25. Hardesty, L. (2022). The history of Amazon's recommendation algorithm Amazon Science. *Amazon Science*. https://www.amazon.science/the-history-of-amazons-recommendation-algorithm
- 26. Ahern, G. (2022). Chatbot Case Studies (Chapter 6). *Ometrics*. https://www.ometrics.com/blog/complete-guide-chatbots-case-studies/
- 27. *Chatbot Messenger*. (n.d.). Messenger Chatbot Marketing. https://www.messengerchatbotagency.com/chatbot-messenger.html
- 28. Khatri, M. (2021). Digital marketing and artificial intelligence for evaluating powerful customer experience. International Review of Management and Marketing, 6(6), 658-660.
- 29. Balaji, T. K., Annavarapu, C. S. R., & Bablani, A. (2021). Machine learning algorithms for social media analysis: A survey. *Computer Science Review*, 40, 100395. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cosrev.2021.100395
- Taherdoost, H. (2023). Enhancing Social Media Platforms with Machine Learning Algorithms and Neural Networks. *Algorithms*, 16(6), 271. https://doi.org/10.3390/a16060271
- Mitić, V. (2019). Benefits of artificial intelligence and machine learning in marketing. In Sinteza 2019-International scientific conference on information technology and data related research (pp. 472-477). Singidunum University.
- 32. Choudhury, M. W. (2023, May 8). What are AI Content Writing Tools? (And Should You Use One?). *hubspot.com*. https://blog.hubspot.com/website/ai-writing-generator
- 33. The impact of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) on artificial intelligence. (2020). www.europarl.europa.eu/. https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/STUD/2020/641530/EPRS_STU(2020)641530_ EN.pdf
- 34. Stahl, B. C. (2021). Ethical Issues of AI. In *Springer eBooks* (pp. 35–53). https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-69978-9_4
- 35. Ntoutsi, E., Fafalios, P., Gadiraju, U., Iosifidis, V., Nejdl, W., Vidal, M. E., ... & Staab, S. (2020). Bias in data-driven artificial intelligence systems—An introductory survey. Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery, 10(3), e1356.
- 36. *4 shocking AI bias examples*. (n.d.). https://www.prolific.co/blog/shocking-ai-bias
- Verma, A., Lamsal, K., & Verma, P. (2021). An investigation of skill requirements in artificial intelligence and machine learning job advertisements. *Industry and Higher Education*, 36(1), 63–73. https://doi.org/10.1177/0950422221990990
- 38. Huq, A. Z. (2021). Artificial Intelligence and the Rule of Law. Social Science Research Network. https://doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.3794777