

Investigating the impact of employee empowerment and autonomy on job satisfaction and organizational commitment

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ABSTRACT

The potential of employee empowerment and autonomy to improve job satisfaction and organizational commitment has drawn attention from scholars and practitioners alike, leading to a focus on these topics in current organizational management literature. To methodically investigate the relationship between employee empowerment, autonomy, work happiness, and organizational commitment, this meta-analysis synthesizes findings from previous empirical investigations. This study aims to offer insights into the degree to which giving employees autonomy and empowerment affects their job satisfaction and commitment to the company through an extensive analysis of pertinent literature. The meta-analysis incorporates a broad spectrum of research that spans different industries, organizational sizes, and geographic regions. With the use of rigorous statistical methods such as moderator analyses and effect size calculations, this study seeks to clarify the complex dynamics that underlie the relationship between work satisfaction, employee autonomy, empowerment, and organizational commitment. To further understand their influence on the observed connections, potential modifiers including personality differences, leadership styles, and corporate culture will be investigated.

It is anticipated that the results of this meta-analysis will have significant ramifications for theory and practice. This research aims to provide a thorough knowledge of the mechanisms via which employee autonomy and empowerment affect work satisfaction and organizational commitment by synthesizing empirical evidence from several studies. These perceptions have the potential to promote employee well-being and organizational effectiveness by informing management strategies and policies that strive to develop a more dedicated and engaged workforce.

The results indicate that a substantial correlation exists between increased levels of job satisfaction and organizational commitment and employee empowerment, which is defined as the transfer of authority, discretion in decision-making, and access to resources. Similarly, autonomy—that is, giving workers the freedom and flexibility to carry out duties and make decisions—correlates favourably with organizational commitment and job satisfaction. Moreover, the examination pinpoints mediating factors including job engagement, psychological empowerment, and perceived control that elucidate the connections between employee outcomes, autonomy, and empowerment.

The significance of cultivating a culture of trust, communication, and support for employee empowerment initiatives is one of the implications for organizational practice. Supervisors must acknowledge the significance of autonomy in

augmenting worker motivation, contentment, and dedication, while simultaneously taking into account the situational elements that impact the efficacy of employee empowerment tactics. upcoming

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Employee autonomy and empowerment have become crucial variables impacting individual and organizational success in today's dynamic and quickly changing organizational environment. Employee empowerment is the idea of giving people the power to make decisions, giving them the tools they need, and creating a welcoming environment so they may take responsibility for their work and make a significant contribution to the objectives of the company. In a similar vein, autonomy describes the level of freedom and self-governance granted to staff members in the performance of their duties. It is imperative to comprehend the effects of employee autonomy and empowerment on work satisfaction and corporate commitment. The level of contentment and fulfilment that an individual experience in their employment is known as job satisfaction, and it is a crucial factor that affects employee motivation, engagement, and general well-being. In contrast, organizational commitment indicates how much a worker agrees with and is committed to the organization's objectives and core principles, which helps the business succeed and endure over the long run.

An increasing number of people are realizing how important empowered and independent workers are to boosting organizational performance and cultivating a pleasant work culture in the context of changing organizational dynamics and fiercer talent competition. To clarify underlying causes and dynamics, a thorough examination is necessary as the relationship between employee empowerment, autonomy, work satisfaction, and organizational commitment is still complex and multifaceted. By conducting a thorough meta-analysis of previous empirical studies, this research project aims to close this gap by analysing the effects of employee autonomy and empowerment on work satisfaction and organizational commitment. This study attempts to provide a detailed knowledge of the interactions between these variables and identify potential moderators and border conditions that may influence results by combining evidence from various contexts and approaches.

The results of this meta-analysis have important ramifications for academics, human resource professionals, and organizational leaders. Organizations can optimize employee experiences, improve organizational performance, and cultivate a culture of engagement and loyalty by customizing their management practices and policies based on an understanding of the mechanisms through which employee autonomy and empowerment impact job satisfaction and organizational commitment. In the end, this study adds to the continuing conversation on successful talent management techniques and modern-day workplaces that are sustainable and healthy.



To conduct a situational analysis and examine how employee autonomy and empowerment affect job satisfaction and organizational commitment, it is necessary to comprehend the trends and contextual elements that shape the modern workplace. Below is a summary of important factors to think about:

Organizational Context:

- Examine current and emerging trends and dynamics in the sector. A few examples are globalization, technology breakthroughs, and shifting consumer tastes, all of which may have an effect on management styles and organizational structures.
- Organizational Size and Structure: Take into account the size, makeup, and culture of the organizations you are researching, as these aspects may affect how well employee empowerment programs are implemented.

Employee Empowerment and Autonomy:

- Definition and Frameworks: Using accepted theoretical frameworks and conceptual models as a guide, define employee autonomy and empowerment in the context of the study.
- Current Practices: Look at the procedures and efforts that companies now have in place to provide workers autonomy and empowerment. These include programs for employee involvement, leadership philosophies, and decision-making processes.

Job Satisfaction and Organizational Commitment:

- Conceptualization: Describe the meanings of organizational commitment and job satisfaction, as well as the literature on organizational behaviour and human resource management that highlights their importance.
- Assessment Instruments: Determine widely-used scales and metrics for evaluating organizational commitment and work satisfaction, taking into account their validity and dependability in various settings.

Research Environment:

- Review of Literature: Examine pertinent empirical research and theoretical works that examine the connections between job satisfaction, employee autonomy, empowerment, and organizational commitment.
- Existing Gaps: To direct the meta-analysis's focus and further theoretical development, identify gaps, contradictions, and points of disagreement in the literature.

External Factors:

- Economic Environment: Take into account elements that could affect organizational priorities and resource allocation, such as financial performance, industry growth, and market competitiveness.
- Examine how sociocultural factors—such as social values, changing demographics, and a diverse workforce—may affect how employees perceive and act in relation to empowerment and autonomy.

Technological Progress:

- Digital Transformation: Evaluate how digital technologies affect communication, collaboration, and work processes. Also consider how these changes may affect employee autonomy and empowerment in remote and virtual work environments.

1.2 Employee Empowerment and Job Satisfaction

The process of giving workers the power, freedom, accountability, and resources to decide for themselves and take appropriate action in relation to their jobs and duties is known as employee empowerment. It entails giving workers the authority to direct their workplace, participate in decision-making, and assume responsibility for their positions within the company. Empowerment is a strategy that attempts to increase employee autonomy, competence, and purpose in order to improve motivation, engagement, job satisfaction, and overall performance.

Conversely, the term "job satisfaction" describes the favourable emotional and mental reactions that workers have to their jobs. It expresses how happy, content, and pleased workers are with a variety of aspects of their jobs, such as the duties itself, their relationships with coworkers, and the prospects for advancement.

There is a tight connection between job satisfaction and employee empowerment. Employees who feel empowered have a stronger sense of control over their work and are more likely to be satisfied with their jobs. Employees who feel empowered can contribute significantly, be creative, and take responsibility for their work, which makes them feel successful and fulfilled. Furthermore, empowered workers are frequently more devoted to their jobs and more engaged, which raises job satisfaction even more. On the other hand, a lack of empowerment might cause workers to feel irritated, disengaged, and unsatisfied.

In conclusion, job satisfaction and employee empowerment are related ideas that have a significant impact on how workers view their work and perform in businesses.

1.3 Link between Employee Empowerment and Job Satisfaction

An essential component of management theory and organizational behaviour is the relationship between job satisfaction and employee empowerment. An explanation of how job happiness is impacted by employee empowerment is provided below:

Autonomy and Control:

Giving workers more freedom and control over their job procedures, choices, and results is a common strategy for employee empowerment. Higher levels of job satisfaction are typically experienced by employees who have the freedom to make decisions and exercise control over their work. They may match their work to their abilities, interests, and values thanks to this autonomy, which increases their sense of satisfaction and fulfilment.

Sense of Ownership:

Employee empowerment cultivates a sense of ownership. People are more likely to be proud of their achievements and feel happy with their contributions when they are given the freedom to make decisions and feel responsibility for their work. This sense of ownership reinforces the value of individual efforts inside the company, which can improve morale and job satisfaction.

Opportunities for Growth and Development:

Skill development, education, and job promotion are frequently available to empowered workers. Employers who place a high priority on employee empowerment frequently fund career development programs, mentorship opportunities, and training courses. Higher levels of job satisfaction and engagement are more likely to occur when staff members feel encouraged to grow professionally and have opportunity to learn new things.

Acknowledgment and Respect:

Part of the empowerment process is giving employees' ideas and contributions due consideration. Employee job satisfaction is higher when they see that their efforts are valued and recognized by superiors as well as peers. Employees who feel empowered are more likely to be rewarded for their accomplishments and to have a culture of acknowledgment and gratitude, which raises their motivation and job satisfaction.

Alignment with Organizational Goals:

Employees who are empowered frequently comprehend the aims and purposes of their organizations. Employee commitment and alignment with the mission and values of the company grow when they participate in decision-making processes and have a say in developing organizational strategy. Increased job satisfaction results from this alignment, which gives their work a feeling of direction and significance.

All things considered, employee empowerment makes a substantial contribution to job satisfaction through granting autonomy, encouraging a sense of ownership, providing chances for professional and personal development, acknowledging accomplishments, and coordinating workers with company objectives. Prioritizing empowerment techniques will probably result in a productive workplace where staff members feel appreciated, involved, and content, which will eventually boost output and contribute to the success of the company.

1.3 Research Problem

Through a pilot study, researchers discovered that while some managers think that employee empowerment will lessen their authority, many managers do not realize the true significance of employee empowerment and its impact on job satisfaction.

The idea of empowerment in the workplace is frequently misinterpreted. Many managers and organizations believe they understand the concept of employee empowerment, but very few do, and even fewer truly put it into reality. In order to develop a research problem. Does job satisfaction have a connection to employee empowerment?

1.3 Objective of the study

- i. What is the relationship between Job satisfaction and employee empowerment?
- ii. Is there a correlation between empowerment and job satisfaction?
- iii. To examine that increased empowerment lead to higher levels of job satisfaction?
- iv. How does employee empowerment influence job satisfaction?

1.4 Hypothesis

H1: Work satisfaction with its aspects (work environment, interactions with coworkers, supervisor relationships) is positively impacted by employee empowerment with its dimensions (autonomy, delegation, information sharing).

Sub hypotheses of the following also emerged:

H1.1: Positive supervisor relationships are impacted favorably by employee empowerment

H1.2: Positive interactions with coworkers are impacted favorably by employee empowerment

H1.3: An empowered workforce improves the working environment

COMPANY PROFILE



"Welcome to UTL IT SOLUTION, where technology meets innovation! With a track record of three years in the dynamic realm of Information Technology. Since then, we have been committed to delivering excellence and value through our services. Our team comprises passionate tech enthusiasts and experts who thrive on challenges. From designing user-friendly websites to developing robust software solutions and offering unparalleled IT support. We invite you to explore our services and embark on a transformative journey with us. We believe in forging strong relationships by listening attentively to our clients' needs and providing tailored solutions that exceed expectations".

Recognizing the Value of IT Services:

In the current digital era, [IT services](#) are essential for improving corporate growth, innovation, and operational efficiency for companies of all sizes.

An Overview of UTI IT Solutions Pvt Ltd's Services

1. Services for Software Development

[UTL IT Solution Pvt. Ltd.](#) provides custom software development services designed to satisfy the particular needs of companies in a range of sectors.

2. Services for Web Development

The business focuses in developing innovative websites that are aesthetically pleasing, intuitive to use, and performance-optimized.

3. Services for Developing Mobile Apps

With their expertise in creating feature-rich mobile applications for both iOS and Android, [UTL IT Solutions Pvt. Ltd.](#) helps companies efficiently contact their target audience.

4. Services for IT Consultation

[UTL IT Solutions Pvt. Ltd.](#), which employs a group of seasoned IT consultants, offers firms strategic direction and insights to help them use technology for long-term growth and competitive advantage.

5. Cloud-Based Solutions

The company provides safe, scalable cloud solutions that enable businesses to improve productivity, foster creativity, and streamline processes.

6. Services for Cybersecurity

UTI IT Solutions Pvt. Ltd. uses cutting-edge cybersecurity techniques to protect the digital assets of clients, reduce risks, and guarantee regulatory compliance.

The Benefits of Choosing UTI IT Solutions Pvt Ltd

a) Partnering with UTI IT Solution Pvt. Ltd. offers numerous benefits, including:

1. Having access to state-of-the-art technologies
2. solutions made in order to meet particular business requirements
3. On-time project completion and continuous assistance
4. Competitive rates and clear pricing structures
5. A demonstrated history of achievement and client satisfaction

b) A Customer-First Mentality

Customer satisfaction is our top priority at UTI IT Solution Pvt Ltd. To efficiently meet the needs of its clients, the organization places a high priority on teamwork, open communication, and openness.

c) Testing and Quality Assurance

UTI IT Solution Pvt. Ltd. produces dependable, scalable solutions by following strict quality assurance procedures and carrying out thorough testing.

d) Value Proposition and Competitive Pricing

Even with its premium services, [UTL IT Solution Pvt. Ltd.](#) is dedicated to giving its customers great value at competitive prices.

e) Case Studies and Triumphant Narratives

Through real-world case studies and success stories that exhibit measurable results and business effects, the company highlights its experience and skills.

What makes UTI IT Solution Pvt. Ltd. unique in the industry?

UTL IT Solution Pvt. Ltd. sets itself apart from others with its:

1. Demonstrated knowledge and experience
2. client-focused methodology
3. dedication to innovation and quality
4. Adaptable models of engagement
5. a focus on enduring relationships

Conclusion

In conclusion, companies looking for dependable, creative, and affordable IT solutions may rely on [UTI IT Solution Pvt. Ltd.](#) as a trusted partner. UTI IT Solution Pvt. Ltd. is a leader in IT service providers thanks to its extensive service portfolio, customer-focused philosophy, and dedication to quality.

Roles and Responsibility

An HR recruiter's duties and responsibilities include all phases of the hiring process in addition to extra work pertaining to organizational development and applicant management. HR recruiters are in charge of actively seeking out individuals via a variety of platforms, including networking events, job boards, social media, and recommendations.

Screening: They look through applications and resumes to find applicants who fit the job requirements. Initial phone screenings to determine prerequisites and interests may be part of this.

Shortlisting: Recruiters compile a list of applicants who best meet the job specifications and organizational culture based on the results of the screening process.

Interviews: Having one-on-one or group interviews with hiring managers to assess candidates' qualifications, backgrounds, and cultural fit.

Selection: Working together with hiring managers to determine the best course of action for each candidate and offering employment offers to those who meet the requirements.

Onboarding: Helping new hires get settled in by making sure they have the knowledge, skills, and tools needed to fit in with the company right away.

Negotiation with Candidates: Managing contract negotiations with candidates to ensure their acceptance of job offers, including wage and benefit discussions.

Motivating Candidates: Maintaining candidates' engagement and motivation during the hiring process requires offering support and direction.

Training and Development: Working together with recruiting managers and the HR department to determine the organization's training requirements and chances for professional growth.

Establishing a Healthy Work Environment: Promoting diversity and inclusion programs, encouraging honest communication, and attending to any concerns pertaining to the happiness and wellbeing of employees are all ways to help create a healthy work environment.

All things considered, HR recruiters are vital to the organization's growth and development since they help draw in, evaluate, and retain outstanding talent.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Employee empowerment and autonomy have garnered significant attention in organizational literature due to their potential impact on job satisfaction and organizational commitment. This section provides an overview of key empirical studies and theoretical frameworks exploring the relationship between these variables.

I. Definitions and Frameworks for Empowerment and Autonomy:

The Psychological Empowerment Theory of Spreitzer: The four elements of psychological empowerment that Spreitzer (1995) proposed are meaning, competence, self-determination, and impact. This concept has been widely cited. According to this hypothesis, giving workers the opportunity to engage with these factors boosts their motivation, engagement, and job satisfaction.

The Self-Determination Theory (SDT) of Deci and Ryan highlights the role that autonomy plays in promoting psychological health and intrinsic motivation. Environments that meet workers' requirements for autonomy, according to SDT, promote higher levels of commitment and job satisfaction (Deci & Ryan, 2000).

II. Empirical Research on Employee Autonomy and Empowerment:

In a meta-analysis published in 2011, Seibert et al. discovered a strong and positive correlation between work satisfaction and employee empowerment. They found that a crucial element of empowerment that raises satisfaction is autonomy.

The impact of empowering leadership behaviors on employee creativity and job satisfaction was investigated by Zhang and Bartol (2010). They discovered that executives who grant autonomy and delegation of power foster staff innovation and improve job satisfaction.

When Kirkman and Rosen (1999) looked into how team autonomy affected commitment and employee happiness, they discovered a favorable correlation between the two. They underlined how crucial it is to match task characteristics and organizational objectives with varying degrees of autonomy.

III. Work satisfaction and organizational commitment:

The Three-Component Model of Meyer and Allen: In 1991, Meyer and Allen put forth a commonly used model of organizational commitment that included three components: affective, continuation, and normative commitment. Emotional attachment to the company, or affective commitment, has long been associated with job happiness.

Locke's Range of Affect Theory: According to Locke (1976), the perceived difference between people's expectations and their actual work experiences determines how satisfied they are with their jobs. Workers who feel empowered and have a high sense of autonomy at work are probably happier in their jobs.

IV. Boundary conditions and moderating factors:

Leadership Styles: According to research, employees' views of autonomy and empowerment are positively influenced by transformational and empowering leadership styles (Avolio & Bass, 2004). This, in turn,

improves employee engagement and job satisfaction.

Organizational Culture: How empowerment programs and organizational culture mesh might affect how autonomously satisfied and committed workers feel about their jobs (Schein, 2010).

Individual Differences: The relationship between empowerment, autonomy, and job satisfaction may be moderated by employee characteristics such as personality traits and locus of control. This emphasizes the significance of taking individual differences into account when designing organizational interventions (Judge & Bono, 2001).

It is clear from combining the results of these studies that employee autonomy and empowerment are important factors in determining organizational commitment and work satisfaction. However, a variety of environmental elements and individual differences impact the relationship, highlighting the necessity for a complete and nuanced approach to comprehending and enhancing organizational effectiveness and employee well-being.

1.1 Theories of employee empowerment on job satisfaction

The following theories shed light on the relationship between employee empowerment and job satisfaction:

1. Self-Determination Theory (SDT): Deci and Ryan (1985) developed SDT, which holds that people have basic psychological demands for relatedness, autonomy, and competence. The ability to choose and have volition in one's activities is referred to as autonomy. Environments that meet these fundamental psychological demands, in SDT's view, promote intrinsic motivation and well-being. Employees feel more in control of their work and are more intrinsically motivated when they are given autonomy in making decisions and carrying out tasks. This also results in higher levels of job satisfaction.

2. Social Exchange Theory: Blau (1964) put out the theory that social connections are regulated by the exchange of resources, including opportunities, support, and recognition. Employees at work trade their contributions and efforts for benefits and rewards given by the company. When workers have autonomy and decision-making authority, they view this as a precious resource that the company has given them. They create a good social exchange connection by giving more effort, dedication, and job satisfaction in return.

3. Job Characteristics Model: The Job Characteristics Model, developed by Hackman and Oldham (1976), identifies five core job characteristics—skill variety, task identity, task significance, autonomy, and feedback—that influence employee attitudes and behaviors. Autonomy refers to the degree of independence and discretion employees have in performing their tasks. According to this model, when employees have autonomy over their work, they experience a sense of responsibility and control, leading to increased intrinsic motivation and satisfaction. Empowered employees are more likely to find their work challenging and meaningful, which enhances their overall job satisfaction.

4. Expectancy Theory: Established by Vroom in 1964, Expectancy Theory postulates that people are driven to take specific behaviors because of what they anticipate will happen as a result of those acts. In the context of employee empowerment, workers believe their efforts will result in favorable results like improved job satisfaction and performance when they are given autonomy in making decisions and carrying out tasks. Their motivation to work more and adopt actions that support company objectives therefore increases, which raises their degree of job satisfaction.

1.2 Relationship between Employee Empowerment and Job Satisfaction

Employee loyalty is a necessary condition for both organizational and individual development, and it is a direct result of employee empowerment. Since loyalty contributes to worker stability, it is the ideal illustration of authentic motivation. An empowered worker has trust in the company, and this trust is linked to the motivational component of the company (Javed et al. 2014, p.131). The research on organizational psychology and management has long established the link between job happiness and employee empowerment. An outline of how empowerment affects job satisfaction is provided below:

1. Give People Autonomy and Decision-Making Power: One common way to empower employees is to give them control over the tasks and procedures they must complete at work. Employees are more likely to be satisfied with their jobs when they are given the flexibility to choose how they carry out their responsibilities. People who are autonomous can match their work to their interests and strong points, which fosters a sense of fulfillment and ownership.

2. Sense of Competence and Mastery: Employees' perceptions of their own abilities and level of mastery in their jobs are influenced by empowerment. People are more likely to believe they are competent and capable of succeeding when given tasks and challenges that are appropriate for their level of expertise. Because it creates chances for personal development, this sense of mastery raises job happiness.

3. Enhanced Motivation and Engagement: Workers who feel empowered are more likely to be motivated and engaged at work. People are naturally driven to give their best work when they believe they have the authority to make significant contributions and a stake in the success of the company. Because it gives people a sense of purpose and achievement, intrinsic motivation improves job satisfaction and creates a positive work environment.

4. Enhanced Perceived Value and Recognition: When workers feel valued and acknowledged by the company, it is an indication that they are empowered. Employees feel valued and respected for their knowledge and viewpoints when they participate in decision-making processes and are given the chance to express their opinions. Because it strengthens their sense of gratitude and belonging inside the company, this recognition of their value improves job happiness.

5. Decreased Role Ambiguity and Stress: By making roles and duties clear, empowerment helps to lessen workplace ambiguity and uncertainty. Employees are less stressed and frustrated when they know exactly what is expected of them and have the power to act upon it. Individuals can focus on their work and perform well when there are clear standards and autonomy, which raises job satisfaction levels.



1.4 How empowerment is linked to employee retention

Workplace empowerment has many advantages and is strongly associated with employee retention. The following are seven inventive and distinctive advantages of empowerment and how they help employers keep their best workers:

1. **Greater job satisfaction and fulfillment:**

Because empowered workers have the freedom to decide for themselves, accept responsibility for their work, and witness the results of their efforts firsthand, they are happier and more fulfilled in their positions. They are more inclined to stick with the company because of their increased job satisfaction.

2. **Better work-life balance:**

Flexible work schedules and decision-making power are common components of empowerment, which enables staff members to more effectively manage their professional and personal obligations. Maintaining this equilibrium lowers burnout and boosts worker retention.

3. **Increased prospects for job advancement:**

job advancement and empowerment are related. Employees who feel empowered are more inclined to look for and take advantage of opportunities for skill development and progression within the company, which makes them important long-term assets.

4. Greater dedication and engagement:

Workers who feel empowered are more devoted to the goals of the company and to their jobs. Because they are emotionally committed and have a sense of ownership, turnover rates are greatly decreased.

5. Lower stress levels:

Giving employees the freedom to decide for themselves and find independent solutions to problems might help lower stress levels at work. A staff that is healthier, more productive, and has longer tenure benefits from this decreased stress.

6. Improved invention:

Empowerment promotes a constant improvement and innovative culture. Organizations gain from the innovative problem-solving abilities of their workforce when they are encouraged to speak up and take initiative, which boosts long-term competitiveness and employee retention.

7. Positive organizational culture:

Trust, candid communication, and teamwork are characteristics of a positive company culture, which empowerment helps to foster. Talent is drawn to this culture, and workers are more likely to stick around in a setting where they are recognized, appreciated, and given authority.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Sample and Data Collection

This research is predicated upon primary data. Standardized forms called questionnaires are made and given to respondents in order to gather information about how employee empowerment affects job satisfaction. One is an adaptation of the employee empowerment scale and the employee happiness scale. For every question, there are options available, and it is up to the responders to choose the one that best fits their perspective. Additionally, the information acquired from these surveys is utilized to assess the effectiveness of the performance appraisal program as well as the degree of employee satisfaction.

Sample

Every employee of a corporate company makes up our study population. We have selected a sample of workers from the population, drawn from corporate firms in Bangalore, Delhi, Noida, Kolkata, and other cities. The response rate was satisfactory, and the sample was allowed to provide their honest opinions. Data from eighty seven individuals was gathered for the study.

Method

Job satisfaction and employee empowerment are the two variables in this study that need to be measured. 10 questions make up the questionnaire, which includes inquiries about employee empowerment, job satisfaction, and demographic information.

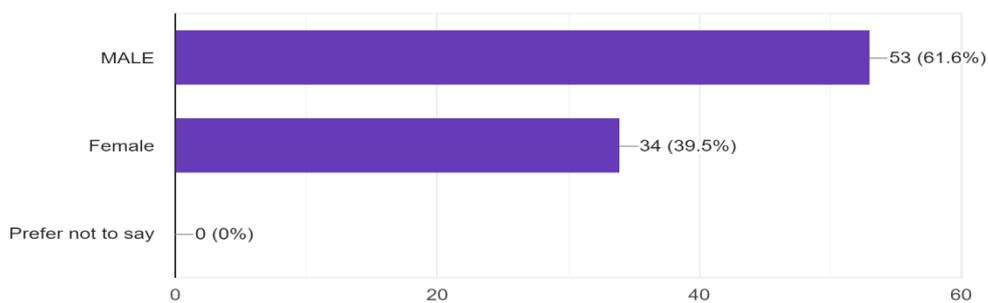
Type of research design

This is both a causal research and exploratory research because there is a cause-and-effect relationship between Employee Empowerment and Job satisfaction, and we are exploring this relationship through this research.

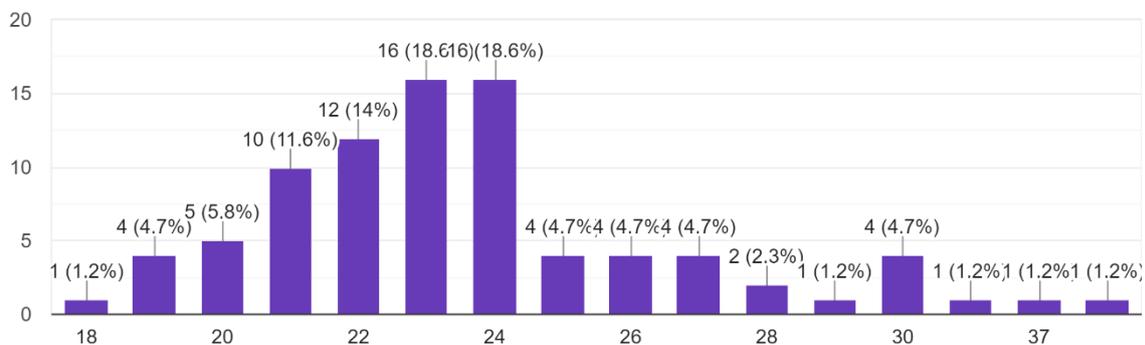
Talking about the demographic details of our sample, like for example their name, age, gender, number of years of experience were also collected through the questionnaire. This demographic data was collected because there is an effect of this data in understanding our results and making a conclusion for our research. We have obtained the following results:

The age and gender proportion of our sample and the number of years of experience they have in Corporate is shown:

GENDER
86 responses

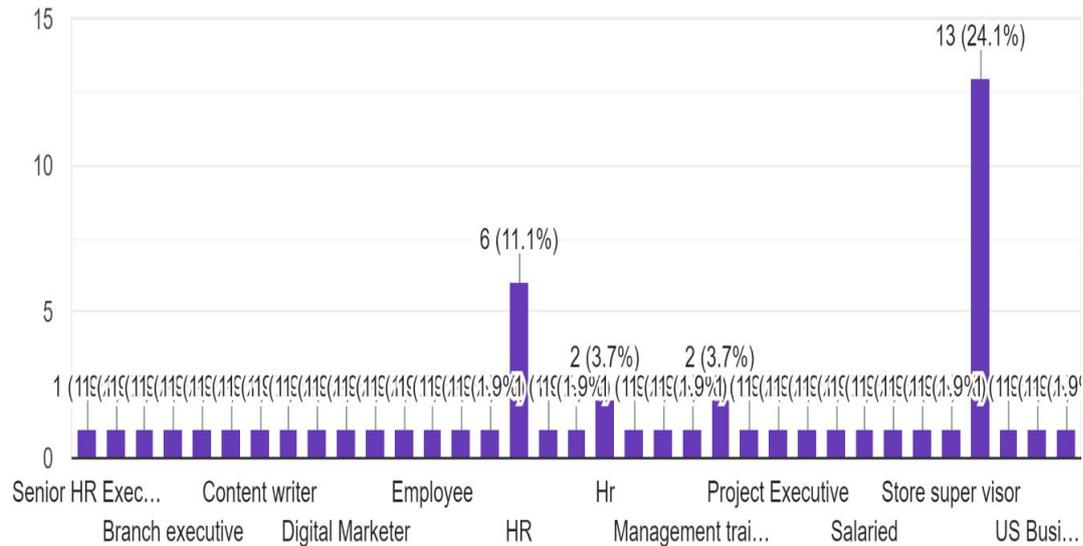


AGE
86 responses



PROFESSION

54 responses



DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

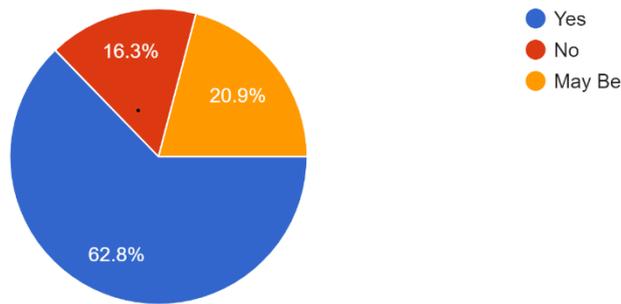
As a consequence of this study, we now know the answers to many of the questions about a wide range of variables that we wanted to assess in order to determine how employee empowerment and job satisfaction relate to one another. The detailed outcomes are displayed below:

The Procedural Justice variable's results: It demonstrated the degree to which participants thought the performance assessment systems were impartial in and of themselves.

1. "Do you believe that you have the authority to make decisions that affect your work?"

Do you believe that you have the authority to make decisions that affect your work?

86 responses



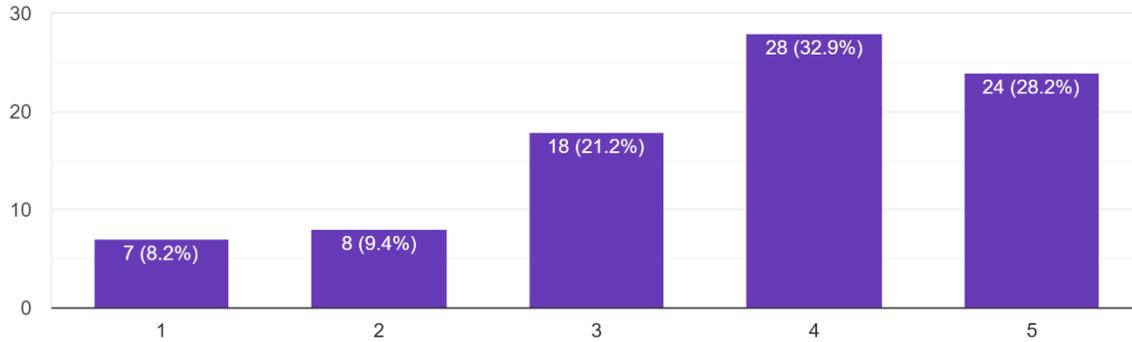
Responses	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	54	62.8%
No	14	16.3%
May Be	18	20.9%
Total	86	100%

“Also, the responses on the question, “Have the performance appraisal procedures been applied consistently” has got a huge positive response with 62.8% employees accepting it as “yes”.

2. How much flexibility do you have in determining how you complete your work?

How much flexibility do you have in determining how you complete your work?

85 responses



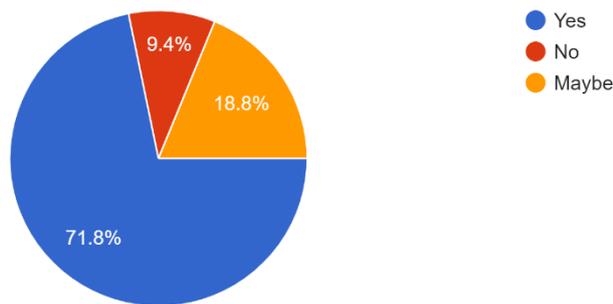
Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	7	8.2%
2	8	9.4%
3	18	21.2%
4	28	32.9%
5	24	28.2%
Total	85	100%

“Also, the responses on the question, “How much flexibility do you have in determining how you complete your work” has got a huge positive response with 32.9% employees give rank “4”.

3. Do you feel that your ideas and opinions are valued by your supervisors and colleagues?

Do you feel that your ideas and opinions are valued by your supervisors and colleagues?

85 responses



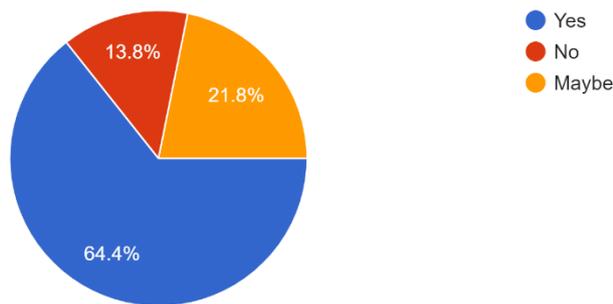
Responses	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	61	71.8%
No	8	9.4%
May be	16	18.8%
Total	85	100%

“Also, the responses on the question, “How much flexibility do you have in determining how you complete your work” has got a huge positive response with 71.8% employees accepting it as “yes”.

4. **Have you noticed any improvement in your job performance as a result of being empowered?**

Have you noticed any improvements in your job performance as a result of being empowered?

87 responses



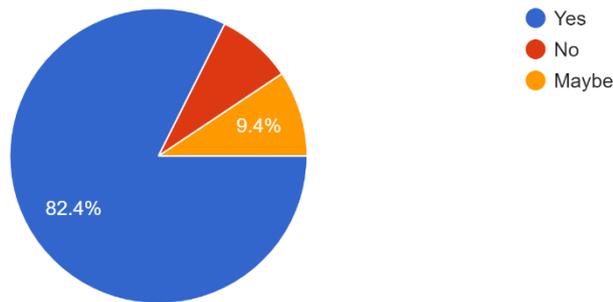
Responses	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	56	64.4%
No	12	13.8%
May Be	19	21.8%
Total	87	100%

“Also, the responses on the question, “Have you noticed any improvement in your job performance as a result of being empowered” has got a huge positive response with 64.4% employees accepting it as “yes”.

5. Do you believe that employee empowerment contributes to a more positive work culture?

Do you believe that employee empowerment contributes to a more positive work culture?

85 responses



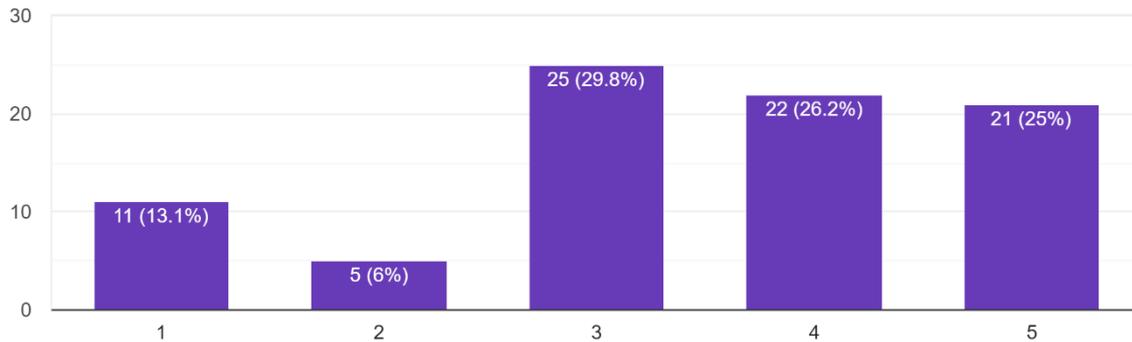
Responses	Frequency	Percentage
Yes	70	82.4%
No	7	8.2%
May Be	8	9.4%
Total	85	100%

“Also, the responses on the question, “Do you believe that employee empowerment contributes to a more positive work culture” has got a huge positive response with 82.4% employees accepting it as “yes”.

6. How would you rate the level of support and guidance from management when making decisions?

How would you rate the level of support and guidance you receive from management when making decisions?

84 responses

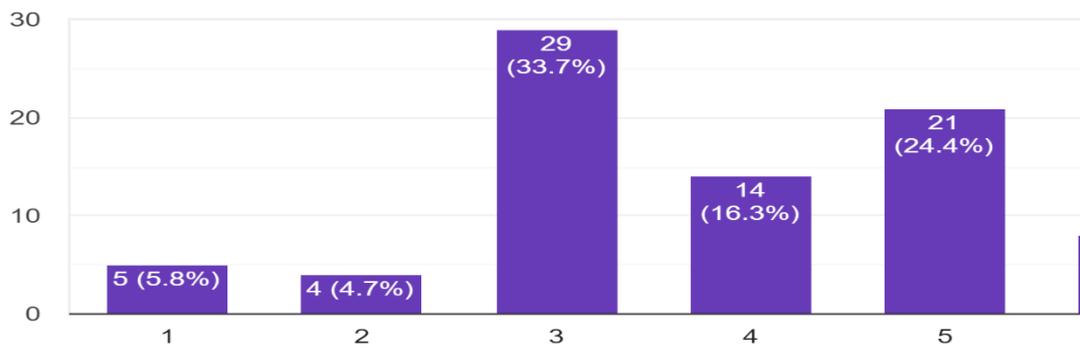


Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	11	13.1%
2	5	5%
3	25	25%
4	22	22%
5	21	21%
Total	84	100%

“Also, the responses on the question, “How would you rate the level of support and guidance from management when making decisions” has got a huge positive response with 25% employees, give rank 3.

7. On a scale of 1 to 5, how empowered do you feel in your current role?

On a scale of 1 to 5, how empowered do you feel in your current role?
86 responses



Responses	Frequency	Percentage
1	5	5.8%
2	4	4.7%
3	29	33.7%
4	24	16.3%
5	31	24.4%
Total	86	100%

“Also, the responses on the question, “How would you rate the level of support and guidance from management when making decisions” has got a huge positive response with 33.7% employees and give rank “3”.

DISCUSSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

One of the most important areas of research in organizational psychology and management is the effect that employee autonomy and empowerment have on work satisfaction and organizational commitment. Based on this poll, the following comments and suggestions have been made:

Positive Association Between Organizational Commitment and Job Satisfaction/Empowerment:

Employee empowerment is probably positively correlated with both work satisfaction and organizational commitment, according to your survey results. Research consistently shows that employees are more likely to be satisfied with their jobs and more devoted to the company when they feel empowered to make decisions and take responsibility for their work.

Sense of Ownership and accountability:

Employees who feel empowered and autonomous tend to have a stronger sense of ownership and accountability. They have a greater sense of ownership over their work and its results, which can lead to increased dedication and job satisfaction.

Enhanced Motivation and Engagement:

Workers are more likely to feel motivated and engaged when they have the freedom to decide for themselves and have control over how they do their jobs. Because they are more willing to go above and beyond in their responsibilities, employees may have better levels of job satisfaction and organizational commitment as a result.

Improved Innovation and Problem-Solving:

Employees with more empowerments are more equipped to recognize and address issues in their jobs. They are free to try out novel concepts and methods, which encourages greater creativity inside the company. Because they believe their contributions are significant and recognized, workers may become more committed to the company and experience higher levels of job satisfaction as a result.

Organizational Recommendations:

In light of these results, companies ought to think about putting employee empowerment and workplace autonomy into practice. This can entail offering chances for training and skill advancement, assigning decision-making authority, encouraging an environment of open communication and trust, and praising and rewarding work done by employees.

Leadership Alignment and Support:

It is imperative that organizational leaders actively promote and support efforts aimed at empowering people. Leaders should set an example of empowerment by acting in an empowered manner and making ensuring that procedures and policies support the development of employee autonomy. The effectiveness of initiatives aimed at empowering people depends on this top-down backing.

Constant Evaluation and Feedback:

Companies should ask staff members about their degree of autonomy and empowerment on a frequent basis. This input can be used to pinpoint areas that need work and guarantee that activities aimed at empowering people are carried out successfully. Organizations should also use surveys or other evaluation techniques on a regular basis to gauge how empowerment affects employee commitment and work satisfaction.

Flexibility and Adaptability:

It's critical for organizations to understand that different jobs and people may require varying degrees of empowerment. In order to customize empowerment tactics to each employee's specific needs, flexibility is essential. Furthermore, as the needs of the workforce and the business change over time, organizations should be flexible in how they implement their strategies.

Employers may foster a culture of empowerment, commitment, and motivation among their workforce by putting these suggestions into practice. This will increase worker happiness and boost organizational success.

CONCLUSION AND IMPLICATIONS

For companies looking to improve employee well-being and organizational success, the conclusion and implications from the study on the effects of employee autonomy and empowerment on work satisfaction and organizational commitment are important.

Positive Effect on Job Satisfaction:

Empirical evidence repeatedly suggests that employees report better levels of job satisfaction when they are granted autonomy and empowerment in their roles. This is explained by the sense of accountability, involvement, and ownership that result from being in charge of one's own work procedures and choices.

Enhanced Commitment:

In a similar vein, employee autonomy and empowerment support higher levels of corporate commitment. Workers who have a sense of empowerment are more likely to share the organization's objectives and core values, which fosters stronger loyalty and commitment to the business's success.

Increased Productivity and Performance:

Enhanced job satisfaction, organizational dedication, and empowerment all have a positive correlation that contributes to increased productivity and performance. Employees with greater empowerment are more inventive, driven, and involved, which improves results for the company as a whole.

Retention and Talent Acquisition:

Top talent is likely to be drawn to and retained by organizations that place a high priority on employee autonomy and empowerment. Long-term employee retention is mostly influenced by job satisfaction and organizational commitment, with empowered employees being more inclined to stick with the company.

Cultural Transformation:

Organizations must change their culture in order to embrace employee empowerment. Establishing a culture of trust, transparency, and collaboration is crucial for leaders to effectively promote empowerment efforts. The competitiveness and efficacy of organizations may be significantly impacted by this culture shift.

Strategic Investment in Human Capital:

Long-term success depends on treating employees like precious assets and making investments in their empowerment. Employers should place a high priority on employee development, offer chances for development and promotion, and give staff members the freedom to make significant contributions to the organization's objectives.

Ethical Considerations:

Although empowerment programs are generally good, companies must make sure they are carried out in an ethical and responsible manner. This entails giving staff members enough assistance, tools, and direction to avoid burnout or excessive stress brought on by increased autonomy.

Continuous Assessment and Improvement:

Based on input from staff members and organizational performance indicators, empowerment programs ought to be continuously assessed and improved. By using an iterative process, empowerment initiatives are kept up to date with the changing needs of the business and its workforce.

To sum up, the influence that employee autonomy and empowerment have on work satisfaction and organizational commitment highlights the need of giving employee engagement and well-being a priority in organizational strategy. Organizations can cultivate a culture of quality, creativity, and resilience through employee empowerment, which can lead to long-term success in the cutthroat business world of today.

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