

LEO-THE VIRTUAL ASSISTANCE

K.Rajesh¹, K.Vineeth², M.Manasa³, M.Chandan⁴, V.Sirisha⁵

^{1,2,3,4}B.Tech. Student, Department of Computer Science and Engineering,

rajeshkarnataka123@gmail.com, 19b61a0573@nmrec.edu.in,

19b61a0593@nmrec.edu.in, 19b61a0594@nmrec.edu.in ,

Sirisha.cse@nmrec.edu.in

⁵Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering,
Nalla Malla Reddy Engineering College, Hyderabad, India

Abstract— As we all know that python is one of the finest and emerging programming language. It will become easy to write the scripts for voice assistance and the instructions for the assistance can be handled as per the requirement of the user. Speech recognition is the process of converting commands into text. This technology enables users to delegate various tasks to virtual assistants, which can be accessed through various devices such as smartphones, smart speakers, and computers.

Virtual assistants are becoming increasingly popular in various industries, including healthcare, finance, retail, and customer service. They are designed to perform tasks such as scheduling appointments, managing emails, providing information, and even making purchases on behalf of the user. The benefits of virtual assistance include increased productivity, improved efficiency, and cost savings. Virtual assistants can handle multiple tasks simultaneously, reducing the need for human intervention and improving turnaround times. They can also provide 24/7 support, ensuring that users receive prompt assistance whenever they need it.

Keywords— **Leo-Voice assistant, Face Recognition, Voice Recognition, Content Extraction.**

1. INTRODUCTION

virtual assistance refers to the use of digital or computer-based programs that can assist with a wide range of tasks or activities.

These digital assistants are designed to provide users with helpful information, perform specific tasks or functions, or even provide a more interactive and personalized experience. They can be accessed through various devices, such as smartphones, smart speakers, or computers, and can be used for a variety of purposes, such as scheduling appointments, making reservations, ordering products or services, answering questions, and more. Leo-virtual assistant is used for the visually disable people as they cannot see the screen in that case leo will help the visually disable people in order to access the desktop.

Virtual assistants have become increasingly popular in recent years, as more people seek convenient and efficient ways to manage their daily tasks and activities. Some of the most well-known virtual assistants include Siri (Apple), Alexa (Amazon), Google Assistant (Google), and Cortana (Microsoft), but there are many other options available as well.

Tools and technologies used are PyCharm IDE for making this design, and I created all py lines in PyCharm. Along with this I used following modules and libraries in my design. pyttsx3, Speech Recognition, Datetime, Wikipedia, Smtplib, pywhatkit, pyjokes, pyPDF2, pyautogui, PyQt etc. I've created a live GUI for interacting with the LEO as it gives a design and intriguing look while having the discussion. In this, a computer system is

designed in such a way that generally requires commerce from mortal. The instructions for the adjunct can be handled as per the demand of stoner. Speech recognition is the Alexa, Siri, etc. In Python there's an API called Speech Recognition which allows us to convert speech into textbook. It was an intriguing task to make my own adjunct. It came easier to shoot emails without codifying any word, Searching on Google without opening the cybersurfer, and performing numerous other diurnal tasks like playing music, opening your favorite IDE with the help of a single voice command. In the current script, advancement in technologies are similar that they can perform any task with same effectiveness or can say more effectively than us. By making this design, I realized that the conception of AI in every field is dwindling mortal trouble and saving time. As the voice adjunct is using Artificial Intelligence hence the result that it's furnishing are largely accurate and effective. The adjunct can help to reduce mortal trouble and consumes time while performing any task, they removed the conception of codifying fully and bear as another existent to whom we're talking and asking to perform task. The adjunct is no lower than a mortal adjunct but we can say that this is more effective and effective to perform any task.

2. Need of the Study

- Virtual assistants can be found in various devices such as smartphones, tablets, smart speakers, and even cars. They are built to understand users' commands and respond with relevant information or perform actions accordingly.
- Virtual assistants can be used for a wide range of tasks, from setting reminders and scheduling appointments to making phone calls, sending messages, and controlling home automation systems. They can also answer questions, provide recommendations, and help with online searches.
- The popularity of virtual assistants has grown rapidly in recent years due to their convenience and ability to simplify routine tasks. With their integration into various devices and platforms, virtual assistants have become an indispensable part of many people's daily lives.
- Leo-Virtual assistant which saves the time of the user because it assist the desktop just by voice commands given by the user.

3. EXISTING METHODOLOGY

We're familiar with numerous voice assistants like Alexa, Siri, Google Assistant, Cortana which uses notion of language processing, and voice recognition. They listens the command given by the end user as per their conditions and performs that specific function in a truly effective manner. The existing virtual assistant can do some tasks like having some basic conversation, playing music, browsing on the internet, opening any website or application which is present in the desktop and also it can give weather forecast and desktop reminders etc. While virtual assistants have gained popularity and proven to be a convenient tool for simplifying routine tasks, they still face several challenges and limitations. There are many voice assistants before but there are some limitations like security and there is a problem in voice recognition etc. In this system we will give some advancements to it which are having efficient features which helps the user.

4. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

Leo-Virtual assistant is different from other existing system and it is mainly specified for desktop. To build this system, pycharm IDE is used. In order to provide security for the leo, the special authentication called face recognition is used. It was an interesting task to make my own assistant. It became easier to send emails without typing any word, Searching on Google without opening the browser, and performing many other daily tasks like playing music, opening your favorite IDE with the help of a single voice command. The special features are proposed in this system like it can send emails with an attached file/docs, it can also send whatsapp messages/text, make video and audio calls and also it reads the pdf/doc content.

5. METHODOLOGY

Leo-Virtual Assistant is developed using python programming as it is an arising language in current generation. As it contains special inbuilt methods and modules which makes easy to develop the

virtual assistant. It takes the input in the form of speech or voice command and perform task accordingly. The speech recognition will convert the voice commands into text where this module helps recognizing the voice commands and perform tasks given by the user.

5.1 Working

Leo-Desktop virtual assistant is a software program that performs various tasks and provides assistance to users through a graphical user interface (GUI) on a desktop computer or laptop. The working of a desktop virtual assistant can be broken down into the following steps:

- i. In our project, to start the leo, it should authenticate with the user using face recognition. It is introduced to provide security to the system.
- ii. The virtual assistant waits for a specific wake word or phrase, such as "LEO" to be spoken by the user. Once the wake word is detected, the virtual assistant wakes up and starts listening to the user's commands.
- iii. The virtual assistant uses natural language processing (NLP) algorithms to understand the user's spoken commands. It converts the audio input into text and analyzes it to extract the user's intent.
- iv. The virtual assistant uses machine learning algorithms to determine the user's intent based on the analyzed text. It then selects the appropriate action or response based on the user's intent.
- v. Once the user's intent is determined, the virtual assistant generates an appropriate response or performs the requested action. This may involve accessing information on the internet, interacting with other software applications on the computer, or performing a task such as setting a reminder or sending an email.
- vi. The leo-virtual assistant generates a response that is presented to the user through the GUI. This may be in the form of text, images, or spoken language.
- vii. Over time, the virtual assistant learns from the user's interactions and becomes better at understanding and responding to their requests. It may also incorporate feedback from users to improve its performance and accuracy.

5.2 System Architecture

The architecture of a desktop virtual assistant typically consists of several components that work together to provide a seamless and efficient user experience. Here are the key components of a typical desktop virtual assistant architecture:

Architecture for Leo-Virtual Assistance

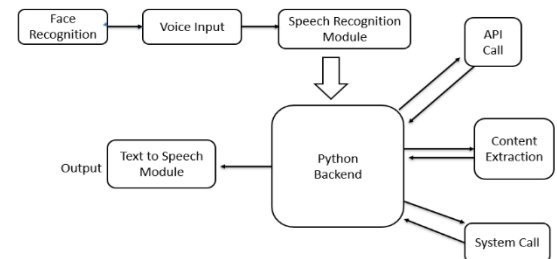


Fig5.2.1 Architecture for Leo

- i. **Face Recognition:** This component is responsible for the authentication of the user which helps in providing the security.
- ii. **Speech Recognition:** This component is responsible for capturing the user's speech and converting it into text that can be analyzed by the virtual assistant.
- iii. **Content Extraction:** The text generated by the speech recognition module is then processed using NLP techniques to extract meaningful information from it. The Natural Language Toolkit (NLTK) library in Python can be used for this purpose.
- iv. **Action Generation:** Once the user's intent is recognized, the system needs to generate an appropriate response or action. This can be achieved using Python modules that interact with various APIs or perform system-level tasks.
- v. **Text-to-Speech:** The final component of the architecture is the text-to-speech module that converts the system's response into speech. The pyttsx3 library in Python can be used for this purpose.

5.3 Features of Leo

A virtual assistant is an software program that can perform various tasks for the user, automate daily routines, and provide assistance in various aspects of life. The features of a virtual assistant may vary based on the type of assistant and the

platform it is developed for. Leo is the desktop virtual assistant and developed using python programming. Here, are some common features of Leo-virtual assistants:

- Face Recognition to open the Leo.
- It can send emails with attached files.
- It can send text on WhatsApp.
- It can open applications which are present in desktop.
- It can play music.
- It can do Wikipedia searches for you.
- It can browse any website using voice command.
- It can give weather forecast.
- It can give desktop reminders.
- It can have some basic conversation.
- Automatic connection with Bluetooth devices.
- Virtual assistance voice can be changed as per our requirement.

5.4 Software and Hardware Used

Hardware:

- x86 64 CPU architecture; 2nd generation Intel Core or newer, or AMD CPU with support for a Windows Hypervisor
- 8 GB RAM or more
- 8 GB of available disk space minimum

Software:

- 64-bit Microsoft Windows 8/10/11
- Pycharm IDE
- Support of other basic applications like maps, calendar, camera, web connection etc.

6. RESULTS AND CONCLUSION

Desktop virtual assistants, such as Apple's Siri, Microsoft's Cortana, and Amazon's Alexa, have gained increasing popularity over the past few years. These assistants use natural language processing (NLP) and machine learning (ML) algorithms to recognize and interpret user voice

commands, enabling users to perform a variety of tasks hands-free, such as setting reminders, making calls, sending messages, and controlling smart home devices.

Studies have shown that users find virtual assistants to be useful and convenient, particularly for simple tasks such as setting alarms or playing music. However, there are some limitations to their functionality. For example, virtual assistants may struggle with understanding regional accents, background noise, or complex commands. They also lack the ability to understand the context of a conversation and may misinterpret user requests.

Another concern with virtual assistants is the issue of privacy. Since these devices are constantly listening to their surroundings, there is a risk that they may unintentionally record and transmit private conversations. Additionally, there is a risk that hackers may gain access to the data collected by virtual assistants, leading to potential privacy breaches.

Overall, virtual assistants have the potential to make our lives easier and more efficient, but there are still challenges that need to be addressed. As technology continues to advance, we can expect to see improvements in the accuracy and functionality of virtual assistants,

as well as increased attention to privacy and security concerns.

- ✓ Virtual assistants have become an increasingly popular technology in recent years. They provide users with a wide range of benefits, including convenience, efficiency, and personalization. With the ability to understand natural language processing, they can understand users' commands and perform tasks accordingly.
- ✓ One of the main benefits of virtual assistants is their ability to help users save time by automating routine tasks such as scheduling appointments, setting reminders, and sending messages.



7. REFERENCES

- [1] Aditi Bhalerao, Samira Bhilare, Anagha Bondade, Monal Shingade “Smart Voice Assistant: a universal voice control solution for non-visual access to the Android operating system”. In International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET) Volume: 04 Issue: 01 Jan 2017
- [2] Shubham Borchate “Virtual Desktop Assistant”. In International Journal for Research in Applied Science and Engineering Technology”(IJRASET)
- [3] Swapnil Kharose “ON SMART VIRTUAL VOICE ASSISTANT”. In IRJET(2022).
- [4] M.Vyshnavi “VIRTUAL ASSISTANT USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE”. In JETIR 2020.