

# Online Vegetable Market

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**Abstract** – Agricultural markets in India often lack transparency, causing financial losses to farmers due to middlemen and unfair pricing. This project proposes a web-based E-Mandi system designed to connect farmers directly with retailers and customers through a digital platform. The system enables real-time vegetable listings, fair pricing, and secure transactions, ensuring improved income for farmers. Using modern web technologies, the platform allows users to register, browse products, place orders, and track sales efficiently. E-Mandi also offers role-based access for farmers, admins, and buyers to manage activities effectively. The system is scalable, adaptable, and promotes a transparent, tech-driven supply chain, making it suitable for both rural and urban agricultural ecosystems.

**Key Words:** E-Mandi, Direct Marketing, Online Vegetable Market, Farmer Empowerment, Web-Based Platform

## 1. INTRODUCTION

The digital era is rapidly transforming traditional sectors, and agriculture is no exception. The integration of technology, especially through web platforms, is revolutionizing the way agricultural markets operate. This presentation explores the development of an **Online Vegetable Market (E-Mandi)** system, focusing on enabling direct interaction between farmers, retailers, and consumers through a digital medium.

We will delve into the significance of this solution, the system architecture, role-based access, and the step-by-step development of a reliable and transparent e-market platform. Traditional vegetable markets often depend on middlemen, leading to unfair pricing and losses for farmers.

Farmers face numerous challenges such as inconsistent demand, low profits, and limited market access. These issues can be effectively addressed by adopting web-based solutions that facilitate real-time product listing, fair pricing, and direct transactions. E-Mandi leverages web technologies to create a user-friendly, scalable system where farmers can list produce, track sales, and receive payments directly. By reducing intermediaries and promoting transparency, this platform empowers farmers and enhances the efficiency of the agricultural supply chain.

## 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

Here is a comprehensive survey of Online vegetable market it is supported by various research studies that highlight how digital platforms are changing the agriculture and vegetable selling industry. Smith and Davis (2018) found that e-commerce helps farmers reach more buyers but also showed that lack of Internet and digital skills are setting big problems. Kumar and Patil in 2019 said that online markets help reduce waste and pollution because farmers can sell directly to customers without middleman.

Gupta and Verma in 2020 studied how Indian farmers are using online vegetable markets. They discovered that younger farmers are more comfortable using technology especially when they trust online payments and delivery systems.

Another study shows that farmers using digital platforms in Africa increase their income by 15 to 20% due to better market access. Banerjee and Mukherjee in 2023 talk about how important it is to have good cold storage and fast delivery to keep vegetables fresh.

Other researchers like Ramesh and Thomas in 2019 focus on using technology like information and communication technology to make supply chains more efficient. Chaudhary and Mishra in 2020 pointed out the digital tools help small farmers reach urban markets easily.

In addition, Kulkarni and Deshmukh in 2022 emphasize the digital education and trust are very important for holder farmers.

to start using online platforms. Hum Sen Gupta and Rao in 2023 found that urban customers prefer online markets that offer quickly cheques and delivery tracking.

Overall the studies agree that online vegetable markets have many benefits such as better prices for farmers convenience for customers, But also face challenges like tech access and logistics.

### 3. RESEARCH METHOD

To Develop Online Vegetable Market project the team used Both primary and secondary research methods. These methods help in understanding the needs of homeless consumers and how digital platforms can be used in agriculture.

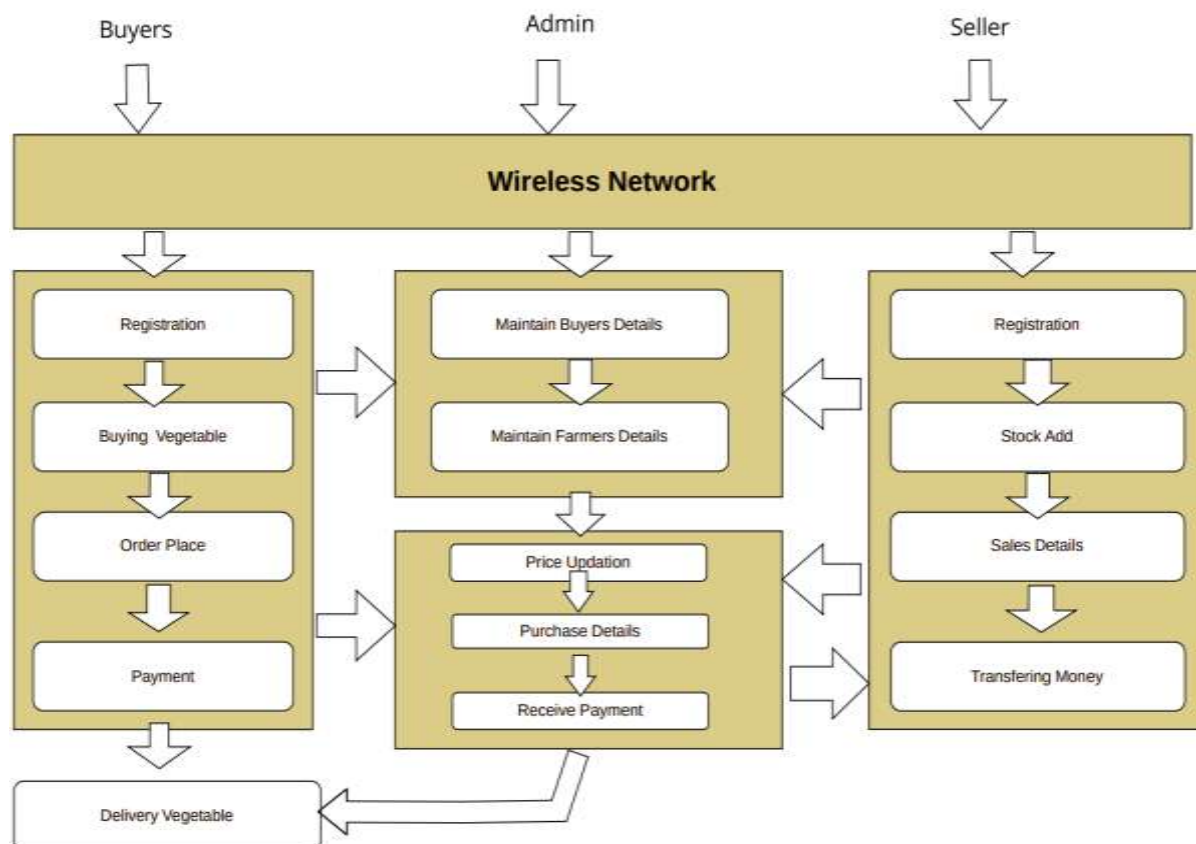
Primary research involved direct interaction with users. He conducted field visits to local vegetable markets where they spoke to farmers and vendors. This helped them learn about the problems farmers face, Like depending on middlemen , price manipulation and limited market access.

They also collect feedback from consumers to fill for month so is to understand what people expect from an online vegetable shopping platform like ace of use quick delivery and product freshness.

Secondary research was done by reading existing studies, research papers and online articles these include papers from various authorities like Smith, Kumar, Gupta and others who studied topics such as e-commerce in agriculture , platforms and consumer behaviour these papers gave useful insights into what works in digital vegetable markets and what challenges must be solved such as lack of digital literacy, poor storage and delivery issue.

The team also analyzed similar apps already used in India and other countries. This help them compare features and design a better system. They use this information to build a user friendly, scalable platform using tools like Flutter, Firebase and Java.

In summary, a mix of talking to real people(Farmers and consumers) and reading expert research help the team design the online vegetable market app this approach ensured that the app solves real life problems and uses best practices for existing platforms.



The Online Vegetable Market shows how the system connects three main users buyers means consumers sellers miss farmers or vendors and they admin means manager.

Each user has a specific role.

- 1) Buyers can register or browse vegetables and add items to the cart, make secure payments and track their orders.
- 2) Sellers can register, upload vegetable details like name price, quantity and manage their stock. Also view orders placed by buyers.
- 3) Admin is Controller who Approves new users and products, managers orders, update prices and handles complaints.

All users interact through a central system connected via the Internet. The platform uses higher base to store data like user details, product listening and order status in real time notifications, updates and payments are also handled within the system.

The online vegetable market project uses modern and simple technology to create a user friendly platform the front end is built using flutter a powerful tool by Google that allows the same app to work on Android and IOS and also the web using one code the programming language used for flutter is dart which helps create smooth and fast designs.

The back-end is developed using java which handles admin functions at business logic data processing. No project uses firebase as the cloud based database and stores information like vegetables user profiles and order details.

Firebase automation is used for safe logins and firebase storage stores product images firebase cloud messaging sales notification about orders and updates these technologies together help in creating a fast reliable and secure platform that is easy to use for both farmers and consumers.

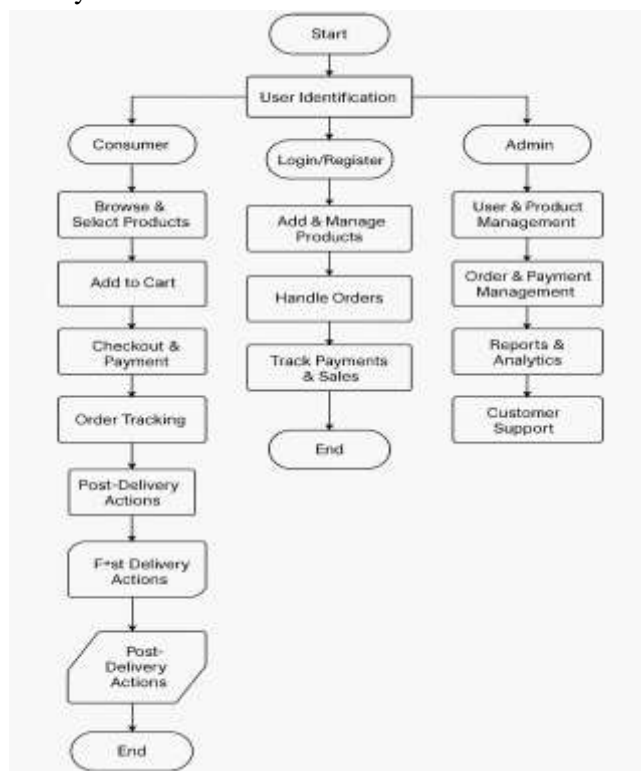


Figure: Flow of above model

Flow:

This Data Flow Diagram (DFD) represents the architecture and data flow of a real-time system. It shows the step-by-step process of how users interact with the system. It starts with user login or registration where users choose if they are a buyer, seller, or admin. Buyers can browse vegetables and items to add to the cart to make payment and track their orders. Sellers can upload vegetable details and manage stock. Admins can approve users and products, manage orders, and generate reports. Each action moves to the next step in the flow, helping all users complete their task smoothly and correctly.

## RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

The project was successfully developed and tested. The system was available for all types of users like buyers, sellers, and the admin. The buyers were able to register, search for vegetables, add them to the cart, and complete payment smoothly. The ordered tracking feature also worked correctly, showing order status updates in real time.

Sellers could easily register, upload vegetable listings and images, also manage their stock. They also received order notifications and could check their sales reports. The admin panel was able to manage user accounts, approve, and monitor all transactions and activities on the platform.

The analysis shows that the system was user-friendly, fast, and reliable. The use of Flutter and Firebase made the platform responsive on both mobile and web devices. Notifications and real-time updates worked effectively through Firebase cloud messaging.

The project meets its main goals to connect farmers directly with customers, reduce middlemen, and provide a digital solution for vegetables. Overall, the system is ready for real-world use and can help improve local agricultural sales and consumer convenience.

## CONCLUSION

The online vegetable market project provides a smart and easy way for farmers to sell vegetables directly to consumers. To remove the need for middlemen, helping farmers earn more and customers get fresh products. The platform is user-friendly, secure, and works well on mobile and web. It supports real-time updates. Overall, this system helps build a strong connection between farmers and consumers while promoting healthy and local food choices.

The app will bridge the gap between consumers and local farmers by providing a convenient platform for buying fresh vegetables. We empower consumers to support local agriculture. Farmers benefit from direct sales, reducing middlemen and uncertainties. Together, we create a sustainable short supply chain that ensures fresh products reach our places while supporting local communities.

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