Pneumocare: From Care to Cure

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ABSTRACT

PneumoCare is an advanced AI-driven system designed to detect and diagnose respiratory conditions, including normal, pneumonia and covid pneumonia, from chest X-ray images using deep learning techniques. The system utilizes convolutional neural networks(CNN) to automatically identify and classify regions affected by these conditions, offering valuable assistance to healthcare professionals in providing faster and more accurate diagnoses. This project presents a cost-effective and scalable solution ,particularly for areas with limited access to medical resources ,ensuring timely and precise detection of respiratory conditions in clinical settings .with its integration into medical imaging technologies, PneumoCare aims to enhance diagnostic capabilities, ultimately improving patient outcomes and reducing the global burden of respiratory diseases.

Key Words:

PneumoCare, respiratory healthcare ,CNN, AI diagnosis, chest X-rays ,pneumonia detection , covid pneumonia.

1.INTRODUCTION

PneumoCare is a smart AI-based system focused on solving challenges in respiratory healthcare. It collects and analyzes real-time patient respiratory data, including classification into categories such as normal ,pneumonia, covid pneumonia. The system leverages deep learning techniques ,particularly convolutional neural networks, to analyze medical imaging and accurately identify abnormal lung patterns associated with these conditions. It focuses on automating the diagnostic process. PneumoCare analyzes input chest X-ray images, extract critical features ,and highlights infected lung regions through AI-generated heatmaps. By doing so, it improves diagnostic realibility ,especially in clinical settings where access to express radiologists may be limited. The platform enhances early detection ,supports clinical decision-making, and helps to reduce the risk of severe complications through timely identification of normal, pneumonia and covid pneumonia cases.

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2. BODY OF THE PAPER

2.1 METHODOLOGY

The methodology followed in this project consists of series of structured steps to ensure accurate diagnosis and classification of respiratory conditions. Initially ,data collection is carried out through chest X-rays. Once collected, the data undergoes preprocessing ,which involves normalization and handling of missing or inconsistent entries to prepare it for analysis. The core diagnostic process employs machine learning and deep learning techniques to classify patient conditions into categories such as normal, pneumonia, and covid pneumonia. Key features are then extracted from the data ,particularly focusing on abnormal lung areas visible in chest X-rays, to support accurate classification.

2.2 TECHNOLOGY USED

PneumoCare The system integrates several modern technologies to enable efficient and accurate detection of normal ,pneumonia and covid pneumonia from chest X-rays. At the core of the system are Convolutional Neural Networks(CNN)(**Figure 1**), which are responsible analyzing medical images and detecting patterns associated with infection in the lungs. These neural networks are trained on labeled datasets to distinguish between healthy and infected tissues ,providing a high level of diagnostic precision. To enhance the analysis ,image segmentation techniques are employed to isolate specific regions of interest within the lung area, allowing the model to focus on relevant features and minimize noise. Visual patient monitoring is facilitated through image recognition techniques that help track signs such as opacity or abnormal lung patterns.

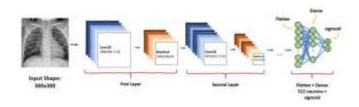


Figure 1 Architecture of Convolutional Neural Network
(CNN)

2.3 RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

The PneumoCare system demonstrated strong performance in clinical evaluation. It achieved a classification accuracy of 82.14%, precision of 87.21%. Reflecting its high capability in distinguishing between normal, pneumonia, and covid pneumonia cases. The system maintained a low false negative rate, which is crucial for ensuring patient safety. Additionally ,its user-friendly interface enhances usability. The use AI-generated heatmaps and opacity visualizations further improved diagnostic clarity ,enabling better interpretation of lung abnormalities and supporting informed medical decision-making. Here figures fig3,fig.4,fig.5 show the classification outputs, heatmaps, pulmonary opacity analysis ,patient lung opacity and diagnosis overview respectively.

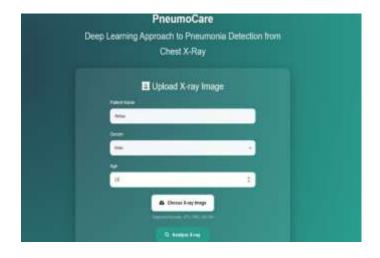


Figure 2 : PneumoCare Interface for Chest X-ray Upload and Patient Data Entry

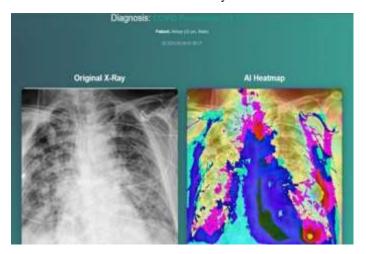


Figure 3: COVID-19 Pneumonia Detection via X-Ray and AI Heatmap

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This work, PneumoCare: An AI-based system for normal, pneumonia and covid pneumonia detection ,focuses on developing a model for detecting respiratory conditions using chest X-rays. The results include 82.17% accuracy and 87.21% precision in classifying pneumonia and covid pneumonia cases.

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This research contributes to field of medical image analysis by providing an AI-powered solution for early diagnosis ,with potential applications in low-resource healthcare settings.

Pulmonary Opacity Analysis Metro: White Metropretation Johnson Johnson

Figure 4: Pulmonary Opacity Analysis

Preumonia Detection Report Patient Information: Name Altrey Gender Mele Age 22 Prediction Result COVID Preumonre (76.17%) Prediction Time 2026-06-04 01:56.27 Lung Opacity Metrics: Coacity Scars 10 Opacity Votarre 27586 px Opacity Percentage 54.99% Opacity Percentage 54.99% Opacity Petiern -537,06:46.0 Clinical Interpretation: Mid repartiese detected: Monitor syrreptone or conset a discher. Medical Advice: If COVID is continued, real well, monitor your breaking, follow the doctor's insertners, avoid petition for the continued of the

Figure 5: Patient Lung Opacity and Diagnosis Overview

3. CONCLUSION

PneumoCare offers an AI - driven solution for classifying respiratory conditions from chest X-rays . Using machine learning ,deep learning and image processing ,it effectively detects normal ,pneumonia ,and covid pneumonia cases with 82.14% accuracy. CNNs ,segmentation ,and heatmaps improve clarity and support clinical decisions. The system is efficient ,user-friendly and useful for early detection.

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