

Real-Time On-Call Translator

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Abstract - The project aims to develop a Real-Time On-Call Translator (RT-OCT), an innovative application designed to provide uninterrupted communication across various language barriers. This online platform will be accessible to users globally, allowing them to communicate instantly in their preferred languages through text, voice, or video translation. RT-OCT targets individuals and businesses that require immediate translation services, particularly in situations where professional interpreters may not be available or affordable. By using advanced machine learning algorithms and natural language processing, the application will provide high-accuracy translations without changing the actual meaning of sentences. The system significantly reduces the time and effort required for effective communication, making it essential for travellers, healthcare professionals, and international business interactions. Moreover, RT-OCT will enhance user's understanding of different languages and cultures, promoting better interactions in a multicultural world.

Key Words: Artificial Intelligence (AI), Language, Translator, Communication, Multi-language, Translate.

1. INTRODUCTION

In now day's interconnected world, effective communication across language barriers is more critical than ever. The Real-Time On-Call Translator (RT-OCT) emerges as a helpful tool for individuals and organizations experiencing the issues of multi-language interactions. This project aims to help users—whether they are travelers, healthcare

providers, or business professionals—by providing immediate translation services that break down these barriers. For those who find themselves in urgent situations where professional interpreters are inaccessible, RT-OCT offers a lifeline, enabling clear and effective communication.

2. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

2.1 Study of Existing System

1. Human Translators: Individuals requiring translation services often rely on professional translators or interpreters. These experts provide language support in various situations, from legal and medical settings to business negotiations, providing accurate communication.

2. Appointment Scheduling: Accessing translation services frequently requires scheduling appointments, which can be both time-consuming and inconvenient. In remote areas, finding qualified translators may create significant challenges, reducing immediate assistance.

3. Manual Translation: Traditional translation processes often involve manual methods, where documents or conversations are translated by individuals. This approach can be slow and can contain errors, especially under time limits.

4. High Costs: Professional translation services can be expensive, creating barriers for individuals or small businesses that may not have the budget for these services. This financial burden can limit access to necessary translation support.

5. Language Education: Many users lack the basic knowledge of foreign languages, which makes it difficult for them to engage in dual-language situations. Language education resources are often not readily accessible, leaving

individuals to handle difficult interactions without enough preparation.

6. Complexity of Languages: Languages are filled with complex details, idioms, and cultural references that can complicate translation. Non-experts may struggle to understand these details, leading to miscommunication and misunderstandings.

7. Variability in Quality: The quality of translation services can vary significantly based on the translator's experience and skill level. This inconsistency can result in unreliable translations, affecting the overall effectiveness of communication in critical situations.

2.2 Findings from Literature Review

By examining the existing translation systems, we have identified several key limitations. Individuals often rely on traditional translation services, which can be inaccessible, costly, and time-consuming.

This reliance on human translators means that many people find themselves unable to communicate effectively in urgent situations due to certain barriers or financial issues. The lack of immediate and reliable translation options can lead to misunderstandings, especially in critical situations such as healthcare, travel, and business.

The introduction of the Real-Time On-Call Translator aims to address these shortcomings by offering a more affordable, accessible, and efficient solution for real-time language assistance. This application helps user by providing instant translation services that prioritize effective communication across diverse situations. By using advanced technology, RT-OCT aims to reduce the dependency on traditional methods and enhance user experience, ultimately bridging the gap in multi-language interactions.

3 PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed Real-Time On-Call Translator addresses the challenges faced by individuals who struggle with communication in multi-language environments. Many people find themselves in situations where immediate translation is necessary,

yet they lack access to affordable and efficient translation services. This can lead to misunderstandings in critical areas such as healthcare, travel, and business.

The project aims to develop an interactive online application that enables users to obtain instant translation support with just a few clicks. This system will be accessible to the public through a user-friendly interface, allowing users to engage in uninterrupted communication without the need for professional interpreters. By eliminating the time and costs associated with traditional translation methods, the Real-Time On-Call Translator will help users to communicate in multiple languages confidently.

Advantages

- Greater Accessibility
- Cost-Effective
- Convenient and Easy to Use
- Support Multiple Languages

4 PROBLEM STATEMENT

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5 PROJECT SCOPE

The scope of the Real-Time On-Call Translator is broad and significant. Its primary goal is to transform the way individuals communicate across

language barriers, making translation services more accessible and efficient for users in various situations, including healthcare, travel, and business. By providing a user-friendly platform for real-time translation, the system will significantly reduce the time and effort required to provide effective communication, minimizing the risk of misunderstandings.

The Real-Time On-Call Translator will serve a huge user base, including travelers and professionals working in multi-language environments, ensuring that everyone can communicate confidently and effectively.

Moreover, the system will continuously evolve by analyzing user feedback and advancements in translation technology, ensuring that it meets the changing needs of its users while maintaining high accuracy and reliability in translations. Overall, the Real-Time On-Call Translator aims to create a more interconnected world, where language barriers no longer interrupt's

The Objective of the Proposed System

1. Errorless Language Translation:

Create an interactive and real-time platform that provides accurate language translation during phone calls, reducing communication barriers between speakers of different languages.

2. Enhanced Communication and Understanding:

Provides users with instant access to translations, enabling them to engage in conversations with clarity and confidence, regardless of language proficiency.

3. Cost-Effective and Accessible Solution:

Offer an affordable, easily accessible translation service for users who require language assistance in real-time, without needing professional interpreters or expensive software

6 Requirements:

6.1 Designing

- **Figma:** Figma is a cloud-based design tool used for UI/UX design, prototyping, and collaboration. It is famous for creating user interfaces, wireframes, and design systems.

- **Java:** Java is a high-level, object-oriented programming language developed by Sun Microsystems (now owned by Oracle) in 1995. It is widely used for building web applications, mobile applications (Android), enterprise software, and more.

6.2 Development

- **Python:** Python is a programming language that is used in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning. It is a high level programming language. It has simple syntax similar to English language.
- **REST API Gateway:** A REST API Gateway is a middleware that sits between clients and backend services, managing API requests, authentication, rate limiting, and response formatting. It is commonly used in microservices architectures to simplify communication between multiple services and improve performance, security, and scalability.
- **Google translate:** Google Translate is a free, fully managed neural machine translation service developed by Google. It allows users and developers to automatically translate text, speech, images, and even websites from one language to another. This enables businesses, individuals, and organizations to offer multilingual content and communicate effectively with global audiences without manual translation efforts.
- **Google text to speech and speech to text:** Google Text-to-Speech (TTS) and Speech-to-Text (STT) are powerful technologies offered by Google that is used convert written text into spoken words and spoken words into written text, respectively. These technologies are widely used in various applications, from accessibility features to language translation and interactive voice response systems.

6.3 Software Requirements

- **Operating System:** Android 8 OR HIGHER
- **Front-End Languages:** Java, XML, and Figma.
- **Back-End Languages:** Python, REST API Gateway
- **Code Editor:** Visual Studio, Android studio

6.4 Hardware Configurations

- Android: 4 GB RAM minimum, 6 GB RAM recommended, 1280 x 800 minimum screen resolutions. 4G or higher internet service

7 UML DIAGRAMS

7.1 Flowchart

- As shown in the above Fig. 1, when the user opens the application, he has to login to the system first then he will be able to call using this application.
- After login, user can able to call another user using same application. If receiver pickups call the language preferred by receiver is fetched then the voice from caller is converted into text and the text is divided into chunks after this the number is assign to these chunks and then it is translated in other language and using lambda it is sent to receiver, here chunks are combined and converted into text to speech.

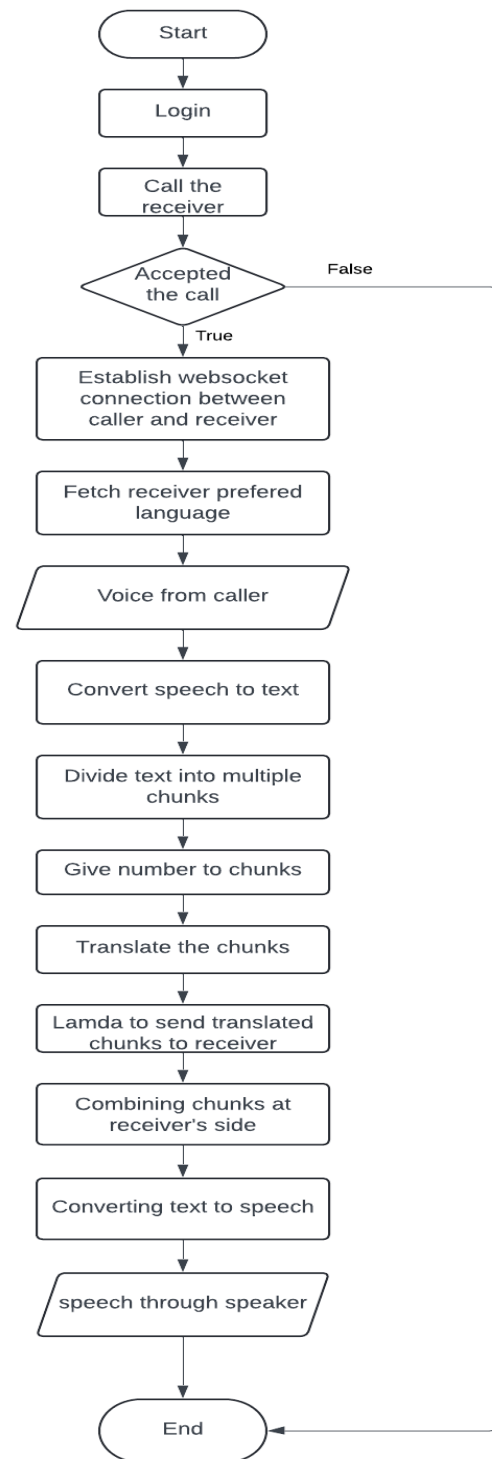


Figure1: Flowchart

7.2 Architecture diagram

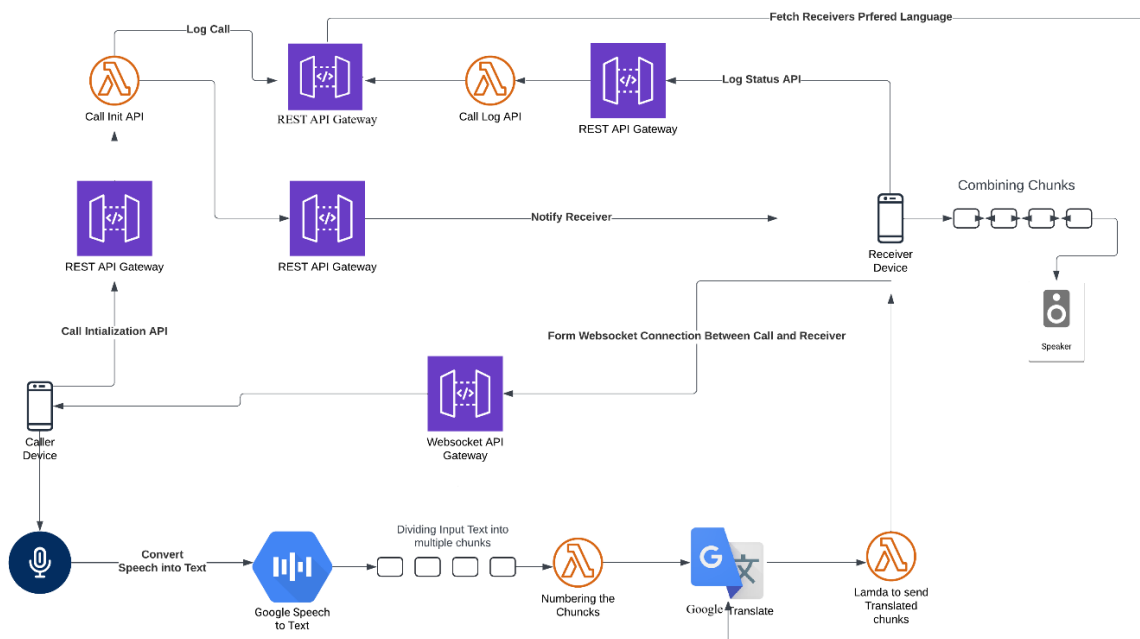
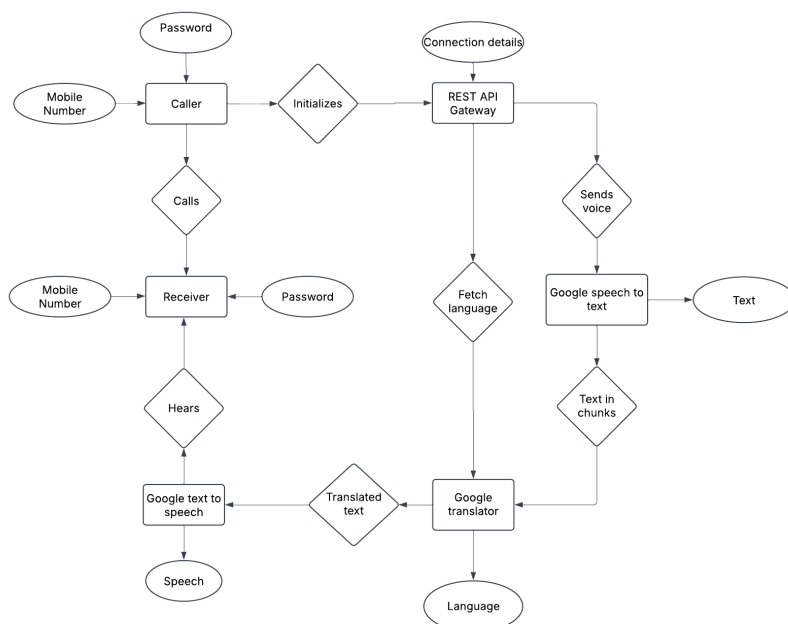


Figure2. architecture diagram

Above figure shows the flow of data and function. In this diagram the establishment of connection between caller and receiver is shown properly.

Also, the Use of WebSocket, Google speech to text and text to speech, lambda function and other function is shown properly

7.3 E-R Diagram:



- As shown in figure 2 ER diagram there are 7 entities caller, receiver, Google translator, Google speech to text and text to speech and REST API Gateway.
- Main entities here are caller and receiver and other entities help in their connection, main relationship is Caller calls receiver.

7.4 Data Flow Diagram level 0 and level 1: DFD Level 0:

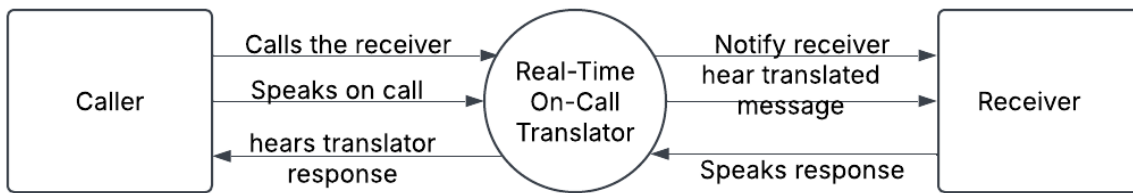


Figure 4.1: DFD level 0

Figure 4.1 shows Data Flow Diagram (DFD) level 0 show the high-level overview of the system's functionalities and flow of data from the caller to system and system to receiver the flow of data with out detailing the systems entities.

DFD Level 1:

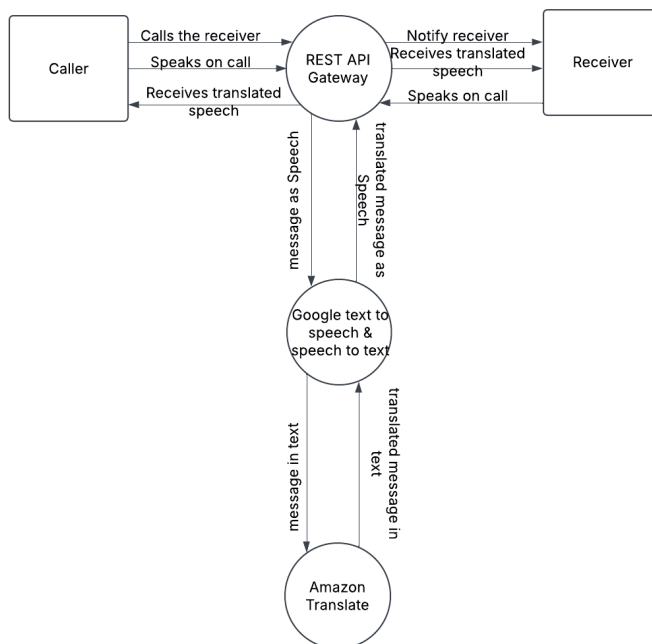
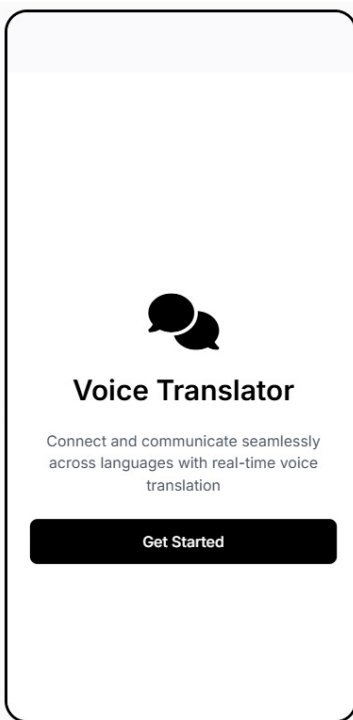


Figure 4.2: DFD level 1

Figure 4.2 shows the Data Flow Diagram level 1 this diagram shows the detailed view of the systems functionalities and Flow of data from caller to receiver on which how many time data flows from one entity to other. This diagram shows the detailed components of the system like Google speech to text and text to speech, REST API gateway and Amazon translator and data flow from them

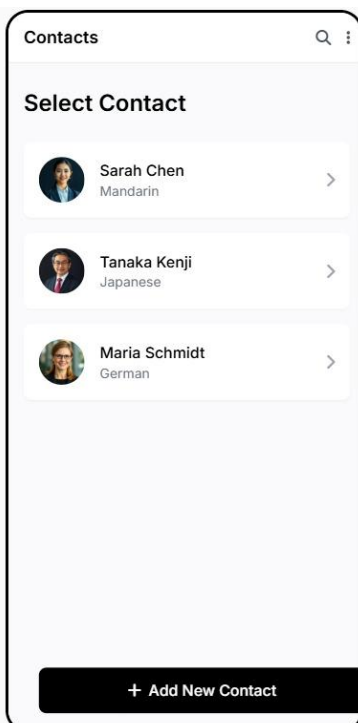
Snapshots of Application:

Snapshot 1:



As Show in above Snapshot 1 this is the starting loading page. After opening application it is shows. Then after clicking 'get started' button it will redirect to home page.

Snapshot 2:



As Shown snapshot 2, it is the home page of the application it has options of add new contact, search contact, setting and importantly select contact to

dial call, it shows the list of contacts.

Snapshot 3:



The snapshot 3 shows the main module in which call is dialed and the translation process take place, and it also shows the translated message on the screen, it has option like mute, speaker, end call, switch(it switch language), and more setting .

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

In conclusion, the Real-Time On-Call Translator is a valuable tool for individuals, businesses, and customer service teams, improving communication across language barriers. It provides flawless conversations, saves time, and enhance understanding in diverse interactions. By providing immediate translations, this application not only provides smoother exchanges but also help users to connect with others, regardless of language proficiency. As a user-friendly resource, it makes global communication more accessible and cost-effective.

Looking ahead, there are several areas for improvement and expansion for the Real-Time On-Call Translator. Future work could focus on improving translation accuracy through advanced machine learning algorithms, improving situational understanding for better translation of idioms. Expanding language support and integrating features like speech-to-text and text-to-speech capabilities could further improve user experience. Lastly, ongoing user feedback will be essential in improving the application and ensuring it meets the multiple needs of its users, ultimately bridging communication gaps more effectively.

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