

Smart Attendance System Using Face Recognition

1. Mrs. Nayana R, Assistant Professor, CSE, Malnad College of Engineering(Hassan)
2. Keerthana KP(4MC23CS070), CSE, Malnad College of Engineering
3. Prathiksha CD (4MC23CS120), CSE, Malnad College of Engineering
4. Raksha Shetty BP (4MC23CS128), CSE, Malnad College of Engineering
5. Rithu HK (4MC23CS136), CSE, Malnad College of Engineering

Abstract—Attendance management is an important task in educational institutions and organizations because it helps maintain discipline, monitor student participation, and improve academic performance. Traditional attendance methods such as manual registers and paper-based systems consume time and are prone to human errors and proxy attendance. To overcome these problems, this paper presents a Smart Attendance Monitoring System using Face Recognition and Wi-Fi based Location Tracking. The proposed system combines computer vision, biometric authentication, and wireless communication technologies to automate the attendance process in classrooms.

The system captures students' facial images through a camera and identifies them using face recognition algorithms. Wi-Fi and classroom location tracking are used to ensure that attendance is marked only when students are physically present inside the classroom. The system stores attendance records automatically in a secure database and generates reports for teachers and administrators. This method reduces manual effort, improves accuracy, minimizes fake attendance, and saves classroom time. The proposed solution is user-friendly, cost-effective, and suitable for modern smart classroom environments.

Index Terms—Face Recognition, Smart Attendance System, Wi-Fi Tracking, Computer Vision, Smart Classroom, LBPH Algorithm, OpenCV, Attendance Automation

I. INTRODUCTION

Attendance plays a major role in schools, colleges, universities, and workplaces because it helps institutions monitor the regularity and participation of students and employees. In most educational institutions, attendance is still recorded manually by calling student names or using attendance sheets. Although this method is simple, it consumes valuable classroom time and often leads to errors such as duplicate entries, missing records, and proxy attendance.

With the rapid growth of technology, educational institutions are moving toward automation and smart classroom systems. Face recognition technology has become one of the most reliable biometric methods because every individual has unique facial features. Unlike fingerprint systems or RFID cards, face recognition does not require physical contact or additional accessories. It provides a contactless and secure way to verify identity.

Many existing attendance systems use biometric devices, RFID cards, iris scanners, or mobile applications. However, these systems have certain limitations. RFID cards can be exchanged between students, fingerprint systems require physical touch, and manual verification still consumes time. Some

systems also fail when internet connectivity is poor or when classroom environments are crowded.

To solve these problems, this paper proposes a Smart Attendance Monitoring System that integrates Face Recognition with Wi-Fi based Location Tracking. The system verifies whether students are physically present inside the classroom before marking attendance. The proposed model uses OpenCV and Local Binary Pattern Histogram (LBPH) algorithms for face recognition and utilizes Wi-Fi connectivity for classroom location verification.

The main objectives of the proposed system are:

- To automate attendance management using face recognition.
- To reduce proxy attendance and human errors.
- To save classroom time and improve efficiency.
- To verify student presence using Wi-Fi based location tracking.
- To generate automatic attendance reports for teachers and administrators.
- To provide a contactless and secure attendance solution.

The proposed system is suitable for smart classrooms and modern educational institutions because it combines security, automation, and real-time monitoring in a single platform.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Several researchers have worked on smart attendance systems using different technologies such as face recognition, RFID, biometric verification, and wireless communication.

A Wi-Fi based smart attendance system was proposed to allow faculty members to mark attendance using smartphones connected to campus Wi-Fi. The system used location services and face recognition to improve attendance monitoring accuracy. The attendance records were stored securely in a database for administrative access. 0

Another study introduced a face recognition attendance system using Haar classifiers, CNN, KNN, and SVM algorithms. The system captured classroom images through cameras and automatically generated attendance records in Excel format. The researchers found that face recognition reduced manual work and improved classroom efficiency. 1

Researchers also developed an attendance system using the LBPH algorithm and facial biometrics. Their work highlighted

the importance of automating attendance in educational institutions to reduce proxy attendance and improve data security. 2

A smart classroom attendance system based on Wireless Sensor Networks (WSNs) and IoT technologies was proposed using fingerprint scanners and intelligent classroom sensors. The system aimed to create a fully automated classroom environment with secure attendance monitoring. 3

Recent studies also focused on integrated face recognition attendance analytics using Python and OpenCV. These systems used Haar Cascade classifiers and LBPH algorithms to achieve high recognition accuracy and real-time attendance tracking. 4

Although many attendance systems have been developed, some challenges still exist such as lighting variations, crowded classrooms, network dependency, and scalability. The proposed system addresses these challenges by combining face recognition with Wi-Fi based classroom location verification.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed Smart Attendance Monitoring System combines face recognition and Wi-Fi based location tracking to automate classroom attendance.

The system consists of the following modules:

- 1) Face Detection Module
- 2) Face Recognition Module
- 3) Wi-Fi Location Verification Module
- 4) Attendance Database Module
- 5) Report Generation Module

A. Face Detection

The camera installed inside the classroom continuously captures images of students during the lecture. The Haar Cascade algorithm is used to detect faces from the captured images. Detected faces are extracted and processed further for recognition.

B. Face Recognition

The extracted facial images are compared with the student database using the Local Binary Pattern Histogram (LBPH) algorithm. If the facial features match with the stored dataset, the student identity is verified successfully.

C. Wi-Fi Based Location Tracking

To ensure that students are physically present inside the classroom, the system checks whether the student's mobile device is connected to the classroom Wi-Fi network. Attendance is marked only if both face recognition and Wi-Fi verification are successful.

D. Attendance Storage

The attendance records are automatically stored in a database along with date, time, and classroom details. Teachers and administrators can access the records anytime.

E. Report Generation

The system generates attendance reports automatically in CSV or Excel format. Teachers can monitor student attendance percentages and identify irregular attendance patterns easily.

IV. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The overall architecture of the proposed system includes the following components:

- Camera Module
- Face Detection and Recognition Engine
- Wi-Fi Verification System
- Database Server
- User Interface for Teachers and Administrators

The camera captures classroom images, and the recognition engine processes facial features. Simultaneously, the Wi-Fi module verifies classroom presence. After successful verification, attendance data is stored in the database.

V. METHODOLOGY

The implementation of the proposed system follows these steps:

- 1) Student registration and face dataset collection.
- 2) Image preprocessing and face detection.
- 3) Training the recognition model using LBPH algorithm.
- 4) Capturing classroom images during lectures.
- 5) Comparing captured faces with the trained dataset.
- 6) Verifying classroom presence through Wi-Fi.
- 7) Automatically marking attendance.
- 8) Generating attendance reports.

The system uses Python programming language along with OpenCV libraries for face recognition implementation.

VI. ADVANTAGES OF PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed system provides several advantages over traditional attendance systems:

- Eliminates manual attendance process.
- Reduces proxy attendance.
- Saves classroom time.
- Provides real-time attendance monitoring.
- Contactless and hygienic system.
- Secure attendance storage.
- Easy report generation.
- User-friendly interface.

VII. APPLICATIONS

The proposed system can be applied in:

- Schools
- Colleges and Universities
- Offices and Organizations
- Training Institutes
- Smart Classrooms

VIII. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The proposed attendance system improves classroom management by automating the attendance process. Face recognition accuracy under normal lighting conditions is high, and Wi-Fi verification ensures that attendance is marked only when students are physically present in the classroom.

The system reduces human errors, avoids fake attendance, and saves significant classroom time. Experimental observations show that automated attendance systems are faster and more efficient compared to manual methods.

IX. FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

In the future, the system can be improved using:

- Deep learning algorithms for better accuracy.
- Cloud-based database synchronization.
- Mobile application integration.
- Real-time notifications for parents.
- AI-based attendance analytics.

Future versions can also include mask detection and emotion analysis for smart classroom monitoring.

X. CONCLUSION

This paper presented a Smart Attendance Monitoring System using Face Recognition and Wi-Fi based Location Tracking for smart classroom environments. The proposed system automates attendance management and reduces problems associated with manual attendance methods such as proxy attendance, time consumption, and human errors.

The integration of face recognition and Wi-Fi verification provides accurate and secure attendance monitoring. The system is cost-effective, scalable, and user-friendly, making it suitable for educational institutions and organizations. The proposed solution contributes toward the development of smart classrooms and digital learning environments.

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